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## Short scientific note

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# Description of the unknown males of three Chinese *Meligethes* (Coleoptera: Nitidulidae, Meligethinae)

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#### Abstract

In this paper we present the description of male genitalia and additional information on taxonomy of three recently described and poorly known Chinese endemic members of the genus *Meligethes* Stephens, 1830, *Meligethes* (*Odonthogethes*) *brassicogethoides* Audisio, Sabatelli & Jelínek, 2015, *M.* (*O.*) *inexpectatus* Liu, Huang, Cline, Sabatelli & Audisio, 2017, and *M.* (*O.*) *tricuspidatus* Liu, Huang, Cline & Audisio, 2018.

Key words: pollen beetles, male genitalia, China.

#### Introduction

The pollen beetle genus Meligethes (Nitidulidae, Meligethinae), established by Stephens in 1830, as re-defined and delimited by Audisio et al. (2009) and Trizzino et al. (2009), was recently revised by Audisio et al. (2015). Subsequently, nine additional new species from China were described by Chen et al. (2015) and by Liu et al. (2016, 2017, 2018), and a few others are still under scrutiny, or under description elsewhere. This genus now officially includes 62 species, mostly distributed in the Eastern portion of the Palaearctic Region. Larvae of all members of the genus are associated with flowers of Rosaceae. Recent molecular analyses (Trizzino et al. 2009; Liu et al. 2020) fully confirmed an almost certainly monophyletic lineage including the taxa Meligethes Stephens, 1830 (s. str.), Odonthogethes Reitter, 1871 (a subgenus of the former), Brassicogethes Audisio & Cline, 2009, and Meligethinus Grouvelle, 1909. This article includes the descriptions of the previously unknown males of Meligethes (Odonthogethes) brassicogethoides Audisio, Sabatelli & Jelínek, 2015 (known thus far from Yunnan), M. (O.) inexpectatus Liu, Huang, Cline, Sabatelli & Audisio, 2017 (known thus far from Sichuan), and M. (O.) tricuspidatus Liu, Huang, Cline & Audisio, 2018 (known thus far from Hubei), based on recently collected material from Central and S China.

#### **Abbreviations**

Acronyms of museum institutions:

CAR-MZUR P. Audisio's collection, currently housed

in the Zoological Museum, Sapienza Rome

University, Rome, Italy

NMPC National Museum, Prague, Czech Republic

**NWAU** Entomological Museum of the Northwest

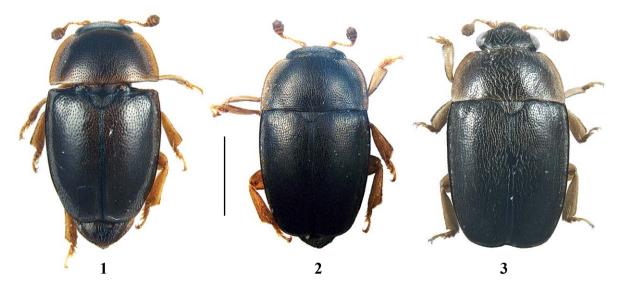
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## Meligethes (Odonthogethes) brassicogethoides

Audisio, Sabatelli & Jelínek, 2015 (Figs 1, 4-5)

This species was described only on the base of two female specimens collected in SW China, Yunnan province (Audisio et al. 2015). A recent collection from SW China, Guizhou province, allowed us to compare a short series of *Odonthogethes* specimens of both sexes, the females exhibiting a rather peculiar ovipositor, identical to that known in *M.* (*O.*) brassicogethoides from the neighbor Yunnan, despite their body shape (Fig. 1) was distinctly less elongate than in the type material.

The unknown male genitalia of this species as in Figs 4-5. They are characterized by a standard wide and short tegmen, with widely U-shaped medial excision and rather narrow and pointed paramera, associated with middle-sized aedeagus, obtusely and uniformly triangularly pointed distad.



Figs 1-3 – Dorsal habitus of males of *Meligethes* (*Odonthogethes*) spp. 1, *M. brassicogethoides* from Guizhou; 2, *M. inexpectatus* from Hubei; 3, *M. tricuspidatus* from Shaanxi. Scale bar: 1 mm.

**Taxonomic remarks**. The shape of the male genitalia in this species is unusual within members of the *M*. (*O*.) *chinensis* Kirejtshuk species-group (Audisio et al. 2015), most included taxa of this lineage exhibiting, in fact, an aedeagus chisel-shaped distad.

**Examined Material. China**: Guizhou, Qiandongnan City, Leigong Mts, 18.VII.2018, Chen lgt., on flowering shrubs of *Artemisia lactiflora* Wall. ex DC. (Asteraceae),  $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$ ,  $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$  (NWAU, CAR-MZUR); Shaanxi, Haoping Temple, 30.IV.2017, Cao lgt,  $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$  (NWAU, CAR-MZUR).

## Meligethes (Odonthogethes) inexpectatus

Liu, Huang, Cline, Sabatelli & Audisio, 2017 (Figs 2, 6-7)

This species was described only on the base of a female specimen collected in SW China, Sichuan province (Liu et al. 2017). This isolated female was previously erroneously believed as representing the unknown female of another member of the *O. chinensis* species-group, *O. scrobescens* Chen, Lin, Huang & Yang, 2015 from Sichuan (Liu et al. 2016). A recent collection from SW China, Hubei province (see below), allowed us to compare a short series of specimens of both sexes, the females exhibiting an ovipositor identical to that known in *O. inexpectatus* from Sichuan.

The unknown male genitalia as in Figs 6-7. They are characterized by a standard tegmen, with widely V-shaped medial excision, and paramera obtusely pointed distad, associated with peculiarly long and large aedeagus, the latter widely chisel-shaped distad.

**Taxonomic remarks**. The shape of the male genitalia seems to confirm the placement of this species well within

the *M.* (*O.*) *chinensis* species-group (Audisio et al. 2015), where it appears to be characterized by an aedeagus peculiarly large, long, and widely chisel-shaped distad (Fig. 7).

**Examined Material. China**: Sichuan, E of Luding, Erlang Mts (Erlangshan), 2600-2700 m a.s.l., 14/15.VI.2003, S. Murzin lgt.,  $2 \circlearrowleft \circlearrowleft$  (NMPC, CAR-MZUR); Shaanxi, Ankang, Langao, NanGong Mts, 26.VI.2018, Yang lgt,  $1 \circlearrowleft (NWAU)$ ; Hubei, Xiangyang, Baokang, Houping Town, Hengchong Scenic Spot, 06.VII.2018, Yang lgt, on flowering shrubs of *Astilbe chinensis* (Maxim.) Franch. et Savat. (Saxifragaceae),  $1 \circlearrowleft , 1 \circlearrowleft (NWAU)$ .

## Meligethes (Odonthogethes) tricuspidatus

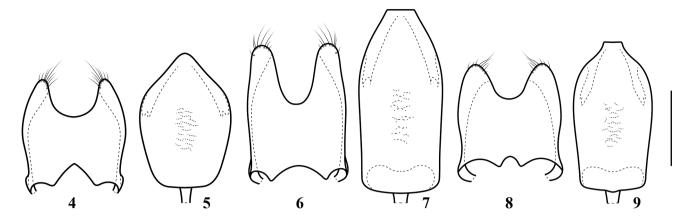
Liu, Huang, Cline & Audisio, 2018 (Figs 3, 8-9)

This species was described only on the base of three female specimens collected in Central China, Hubei province (Liu et al. 2018). A recent collection from SW China, N Sichuan province (see below), allowed us to compare a couple of specimens of both sexes, the female exhibiting the same, very peculiarly shaped ovipositor known in *O. tricuspidatus* from Hubei.

The unknown male genitalia of this species as in Figs 8-9. They are characterized by a standard short and wide tegmen, with paramera obtuse distad, associated with a middle-sized aedeagus, narrowly chisel-shaped distad.

**Taxonomic remarks**. The shape of the male genitalia seems to confirm the placement of this species well within the *M.* (*O.*) *chinensis* species-group (Audisio et al. 2015).

**Examined Material. China**: N Sichuan, XiaoZhaizi National Nature Reserve, 4 Km NE of Qingpianxiang, Zhenghecun, 32°3'27"N, 103°59'37"E, 1350-1850 m a.s.l., 23/26.



Figs 4-9 – Male genitalia (tegmen and aedeagus, dorsal view) of *Meligethes* (*Odonthogethes*) spp. 4-5, *M. brassicogethoides* from Guizhou; 6-7, *M. inexpectatus* from Hubei; 8-9, *M. tricuspidatus* from Shaanxi. Scale bar = 0.2 mm.

**Bionomical notes**. No sure larval-host plant relationships are known for this species, although the above cited *Rubus rosaefolius* Smith (Rosaceae) and *Spiraea salicifolia* L. (Rosaceae) could both represent possible alternative hosts.

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