

CATALOGUE OF THE STAPHYLINIDAE
OF CYPRUS AND ASIA MINOR
(Coleoptera) (*)

ARNALDO BORDONI (**)

In 1971 I began to study the few specimens of Staphylinidae from Turkey who came from the collections made by colleagues, in particular of the Museum of Zoology of Rome University “Sapienza” and of the Museum of Natural History of Verona and Geneva. Since then, I started to prepare a Catalogue of the species in that region. After so many years I can now publish this list in the hope of contributing to better knowledge of Staphylinidae of one of the most interesting zoogeographical area of the Mediterranean.

After the species is given the author’s name and year of publication. Within individual genera, the species are listed in alphabetical order, in the traditional order.

Of each species are provided with the geonemical known data, followed, in brackets, by the author of such citations. If the species is described from Cyprus and/or Turkey, is started, if known, where is preserved the type, whether it is ♂ or ♀ or if the sex is not started in description (§) and is reported if it was designated the lectotype and the author of the designation. Is specified if the writer has examined specimens of the species, indicating the location and institutions where the specimens are preserved. The “Distribution” follows the list of regions known for that species, usually taken from Herman, 2001 or Smetana, 2004 and is given a chorological category if verified and easily deduced from geonemy. The chorologic “endemic” category is based on current knowledge and is not intended to be definitive.

Are also included species mentioned by some authors but whose presence in Cyprus and/or Turkey is not certified. In this case, the above quote is followed by the words “to be confirmed”.

(*) 191° contribution to the knowledge of the Staphylinidae.

(**) Museo Zoologico “La Specola”, sezione del Museo di Storia Naturale dell’Università di Firenze, Via Romana, 17 - 50125 Firenze, Italy.
E-mail: arnaldo.bordoni@libero.it

The bibliography placed at the end of the Catalogue contains, in principle, the contributions that deal exclusively or predominantly species described or cited from Cyprus and/or Turkey. The bibliography of the species described up to 2001 can be found in the catalogue of Staphylinidae of Herman (2001) or that of Smetana (2004). Unless noted otherwise, all the species treated are mentioned by these authors. The bibliography of the species described after that date shall be listed in the “References” at the end of this catalog. A list of genera is present at the end of my text.

Some groups of species have more informations on the ground were collected by specialists or recently revised. Other, less studied, have a lower amount of data. Finally, some species are known only to the type or to few localities. Some groups of species need of revision. The Catalogue is not intended to be exhaustive, especially with regard to bibliographic citations, presumably incomplete. However, it believe that it can serve as a basis for further study of the Staphylinidae of Cyprus and Asia Minor, areas where in recent years has focused the attention of some scholars that researche continues.

For pratical reasons, the Turkish spelling was not always respected, so far example “Ardeşen” is written “Ardesen”.

In the text are a number of synonyms that will be dealt with in detail elsewhere. The Catalogue is updated throughout 2007.



Study area

ACRONIMS. AUB: American Museum, Beirut; AUE: Atatürk Üniversitesi, Erzurum; cA: coll. Assing, Hannover; cAN: coll. Anlas, Turgutlu; cB: coll. Bordoni, Firenze; cF: coll. Frisch, Berlin; cH: coll. Hromadka, Praha; cK: coll. Korge, Berlin; cP: coll. Pace, Monteforte d'Alpone; cPU: coll. Putz, Eisenhüttenstadt; cR: coll. De Rougemont, Londinières; cS: coll. Schubert, Wien; cU: coll. Ulbrich, Heidgraben; cW: coll. Wunderle, Mönchengladbach; cZ: coll. Zwick, Schlitz; cZA: coll. Zanetti, Verona; CNC: Canadian National Collection, Ottawa; FMNH: Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago; IRSNB: Institut royal des Sciences naturelles, Bruxelles; MHNG: Muséum d'Histoire Naturelle, Genève; MHNP: Muséum d'Histoire naturelle, Paris; MNHU: Museum für Naturkunde der Humboldt-Universität, Berlin; MRSN: Museo regionale di Scienze naturali, Torino; MSNM: Museo civico di Storia naturale, Milano; MSNTR: Museo civico di Storia naturale, Trieste; MSNV: Museo civico di Storia naturale, Verona; MTM: Magyar Természettudományi Múzeum, Budapest; MZL: Museum of Zoology, Lund; MZT: Museo Zoologico, Torino; MZUR: Museo di Zoologia dell'Università degli Studi "Sapienza", Roma; NHML: Natural History Museum, London; NMB: Naturhistorisches Museum, Basel; NME: Naturkundemuseum, Erfurt; NMP: Národní Muzeum, Praze; NMW: Naturhistorisches Museum, Wien; SMNS: Staatliches Museum Naturkunde, Stuttgart; SNM: Slovenske Narodne Muzeum, Bratislava; UMM: University of Manchester, Museum, Manchester; ZIP: Zoological Institute, St. Petersburg; ZMH: Zoological Museum, Helsingfors; ZML: Zoological Museum, Lund.

LIST OF SUBFAMILIES, GENERA AND SPECIES

MICROPEPLINAE

Micropeplus Latreille, 1809

Micropeplus fulvus Erichson, 1840

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Asia Minor: Boz Daglari, SE Turgutlu, 800 m; Sipil Dagı Milli Parkı, 1080 m; Izmir, Bozdag, 1300-1560 m; Nif Dagı, 1010 m; Aydin, WSW Söke, Dilek Dagı, 950 m; 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 900 m; Imambaba Tepesi, 1460 m; Mugla, 16 km N Milas, Labranda, 670 m; S Bafa lake, 170 m; Yatagan-Bozdagan, 590 m; 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m; Baba dag, Ovacik, 1170 m; W Kemer, Ovacik, 325 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli gecidi, 830 m; Mersin, 20 km NNW Mut, 1320 m; Silifke-Gölnar, 1015 m; Güzeloluk-Aydinlar, 110 m; Mut-Ermenak, 1030 m; NW Tarsus, Camliyayla-Gözne,

570-610 m; 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 920 m; NE Kadirli, Torlar, Andirin, 1110 m; Antakya, 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 660-710 m; Ziyaret Dagi, Leylekli, 510 m; Kahramanmaras, 20 km SW Hopurlu, 520 m; Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m; Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, W Yamacoba, 1200 m (Assing 2007d). Not cited from Cyprus in the “Distribution” by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic region, India, Bangladesh?

Arrhenopeplus Koch, 1937

Arrhenopeplus tesserula (Curtis, 1828)

Cited from Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Arrhenopeplus turcicus (Coiffait, 1958)

Described from Bursa as *Micropeplus* (type ♂ MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

TRIGONURINAE

Trigonurus Mulsant, 1847

Trigonurus asiaticus Reiche, 1865

Cited from Asia Minor: Abant Dag, Bolu and Ilgaz Dag, Kastamonu (Korge 1964; Fagel 1968a); Bolu Dag, Kaynasli (Smetana, 1967a), Elmalik, Bolu; Ilgaz Dag, Kastamonu (Bordoni 1976).

Synonyms. ssp. *paphlagonicus* Mañan, 1933, described from Ilgaz dagh, Ankara-Kastamonu (type § in NMP ?) and cited from Ilica (Ayden), 1600 m (Korge 1971).

Additional records. Ilgazdagi gecidi, Kastamonu, 1775 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

PIESTINAE

Siagonium Kirby & Spence, 1815

Siagonium humerale Germar, 1836

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Central and Southern Europe, Turkey.

PROTEININAE

Metopsia Wollaston, 1854

Metopsia assingi Zerche, 1998

Described from Avsallar, Incekum, 22 km W Alanya, Antalya (type ♂ in DEI). Cited from Cyprus: NW Troodos, Kallopanayiotis, 600 m; Akamas, Polis, Baths of Aphrodite, 100 m; Akamas forest, Neochorio, 100-150 m; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi, Diarizos river (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey, Cyprus, Lebanon, Israel.

Metopsia similis Zerche, 1998

Name proposed for misidentification of *clypeata* Müller, 1821. Cited as *clypeata* from Bulghar Dag (Sahlberg 1913) and Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Franz 1987, sub *Phloeobium*). Additional records. Bocka, Artvin, 1500 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Georgia, Azerbaijan, Turkey.

Proteinus Latreille, 1797

Proteinus atomarius Erichson, 1840

Cited from Akcakoca, Bolu, 400 m (Korge 1971). Not cited from Turkey in the “Distribution” by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Mongolia, North Africa, Ne-arctic region.

Proteinus brachypterus (Fabricius, 1792)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Proteinus meuseli Dauphin, 1995

Cited from Izmir, Bozdag, 1300-1560 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Croatia, Romania, Bosnia Herzegovina, Greece, Turkey.

Proteinus ovalis Stephens, 1834

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Not cited in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Cyprus.

Proteinus utrarius Assing, 2004

Described from Greece and Turkey: Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Antalya, W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz; Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi Gecidi, 1520 m; Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; Antakya, SW Senköy; Ziyaret Dagı, 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 913 m; 25 km S Senköy, 900 m; 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen; Antakya, Nur Dagı, 9 km SE Iskenderun, 5 km NE Belen, 1240 m; Iskenderun, W Sogukoluk, 760 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Megarthus Curtis, 1829

Megarthus bellevoeyi Saulcy, 1862

Cited from Cyprus: Paphos forest, Kykkos-Pera Vasa, 500-800 m; N Limassol, N Alassa, 350 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Fauvel 1871; Horion 1963, sub *affinis* Miller, 1853; Cuccodoro & Löbl 1997).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Libya, Algeria, Tunisia.

Megarthus denticollis (Beck, 1817)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Ganglbauer 1895).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Megarthus depressus (Payklull, 1789)

Additional records. Rize (MSNV); Rize, Kalkandara (MZUR, cB); Bayabat gölü, Amas (MSNV). New records for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Mongolia.

PSEUDOPSINAE

Pseudopsis Newman, 1834

Pseudopsis cypria Zercke, 1992

Described from Cyprus: Ayios Dhimitrios, 600 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Caledonian Falls, 1400 m; Cedres valley, 1200 m; Platania, 1200 m; s/Ayia, 950 m; Livadhi valley, 700 m; Alonoudhi Junction, 600 m; Livadhi valley, Paphos.

Cited from Cyprus (Zerche 1998a); Cyprus: Troodos, Caledoniana Falls and Platres (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Pseudopsis sulcata Newman, 1834

Cited from Cyprus (Franz 1987), Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970), and from Asia Minor: Yazilikaya, Yozgat (Korge 1971), Kastamonu s/Kure, 1200 m; Artvin, 1500-1900 m; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal Dagı, 1600 m; Soumela Mariemana, Trabzon, 1100-1600 m; Rize, Ayder, Vallée de la Fitina, 1100 m (Zerche 1992).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Lebanon, North Africa.

PHLOEOCHARINAE

Phloeocharis Mannerheim, 1830

Phloeocharis longipennis Fauvel, 1875 (s. str.)

Cited from Mugla, Bayir, 450 m; Mugla, Toparlar; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; Akseki, Yarpuz, 2000 m; Anamaur, 13 km SE Gazipasa, 180 m; Konya, Beysehir, S Kurucuova, 1100 m; Mersin, NW Anamur, Kösekbasi, Ovabasi, 150 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1410 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaraş, 1360 m (Assing, 2004e); Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimeyli-Eypürlü, 1560 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Phloeocharis parvispinosa Assing, 2006 (s. str.)

Described from Mersin, NW Taurus, Camliyayla, 1190 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Phloeocharis spinosa Assing, 2004b (s. str.)

Described from Antakya, Ziyaret Dagı, W Sungur, 760 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 940 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

OMALIINAE

Eusphalerum Kraatz, 1857

Eusphalerum amplipenne Coiffait, 1976a (s. str.)

Described from Ardesan Valley, Ilica, 1400-1800 m (type ♂ in NMB). Cited from Trabzon, Soumela (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum anaticum Coiffait, 1976a (s. str.)

Described from Soguksu, Kizilcahaman (type ♂ in NMB). Cited from the type locality (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum caucasicum (Bernhauer, 1908) (s. str.)

Cited from Artvin, 1500 m; Yol Ustu, Rize (Zanetti 1993, sub *caucasicus*); Addyan Golbanzi, 1900 m; Giresun Tirebolu; Tokat Almus, 1200 m (Zanetti 1993, sub *caucasicum* ssp.).

Synonyms. ssp. *loebli* Zanetti, 1993, described from Zonguldak, 17 km N Safranbolu, 1000 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and cited from Bolu Elmalik, Bolu, 950 m; Sinop/Bektas, 23 km N Boyabat, 1100 m; Abant Bolu, 1500 m; Goeck Dag; Kastamonu; Toros dag Icel; Tschakit-Thal (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey.

Eusphalerum celsum (Luze, 1910) (s. str.)

Cited from Kastamonu; Artvin, 1500 m; Borcka-Hopa, Artvin, 700 m; Gumushane, Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Zunguldak, 17 km N Safranbolu, 1000 m; Samsun-Karak; Bolu, Elmelik, 1950 m; Park Sogukm?, Ankara; Uludag, 20 km Bursa; 9 km N Mengen, Bolu, 750 m; Tunceli-Ovancik, 1100 m (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Turkey.

Eusphalerum densicolle (Bernhauer, 1915) (s. str.)

Cited from Artvin, 8 km W Borcka and from Maras S/Tekir, 900-1400 m, as *prope densicolle* (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Eusphalerum densipenne (Fauvel, 1900) (s. str.)

Described from Tokat (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Amasia, Erzurum. Cited from Tokat (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum foveolatum (Luze, 1910) (s. str.)

Cited from Samsun-Kavak; Macka, Trabzon (Zanetti 1993).
Synonyms. *paramerum* Coiffait, 1976a, described from Torul (type ♂ in NMB).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Eusphalerum korbi (Bernhauer, 1903) (*Pareusphalerum*)

Described from Ak-Chehir, 1900 m (type ♂ in FMNH). Cited from Asia Minor (Tichomirova 1973); Mersin (Zanetti 1993).

Synonyms. *anatolicum* Coiffait, 1978a, described from Isparta (type ♀ in MHNP), and nomen n. *ispartensis* Coiffait, 1979.

Additional records. Kastamonu (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum osellai Zanetti, 1993 (s. str.)

Described from Bolu, Abant Gölü, 1400-1600 m (type ♂ in MSNV), and from Inebolu Kure, Kastamonu, 700 m; Kastamonu s/Inebolu, 600 m; 5 km S Kure, Kastamonu; Bolu env.; Samsun-Kavak.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum primulae (Stephens, 1834) (s. str.)

Cited from Bolu Abant, 1500-1600 m (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Eusphalerum rectanguloides Smetana, 1967 (s. str.)

Described from Erciyas dag, 2700 m (type ♂ in NMP). Cited from the type locality (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Eusphalerum rufoscutellatum (Eppelsheim, 1880) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Tichomirova 1973); Yol Ustu, Rize (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Eusphalerum rufotestaceum (Motschulsky, 1860)

Cited from Asia Minor (Herman, 2001) for mistake.

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus.

Eusphalerum sareptanum (Eppelsheim, 1878) (s. str.)

Cited from Ilgaz Dag; Kastamonu (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Armenia, Turkey.

Eusphalerum sorbi (Gyllenhal, 1810) (s. str.)

Cited from Ilgaz dag (Zanetti 1987); Abant Bolu; Ilgaz dagh, Kastamonu, 1800 m; 13 km E Agli, Kastamonu, 1200 m; Ilgazdag Diphani, Kastamonu, 1300 m; Sinop, s/Bektas, 23 km N Boyabat, 1100 m; Elmalik, Bolu, 1950 m; Samsun-Kavak; Elnazik?-Bakacak, Bolu; 9 km N Mengen, 750 m; Zonguldak, 17 km N Safranbolu, 1000; as “*sorbi*?” from Lala, Sinop; as *sorbi* ssp. from Samsun-Kavak; Artvin, Pirnilli, Karkal Dag; Artvin (Zanetti 1993).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m; Draganaz dag gecidi; Akkaz, Niksar (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran.

Eusphalerum transcaucasicum (Bernhauer, 1902) (s. str.)

Cited from Kastamonu; Artvin, 800 m (Zanetti 1993).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Caucasus, Turkey.

Acrolocha Thomson, 1858

Acrolocha amabilis (Heer, 1841)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1871; Ganglbauer 1895; Scheerpeltz 1937a; Steel 1957; Toth 1976; Zanetti 1987).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Brachygnatellus Zerche, 1991

Brachygnatellus loebli Zerche, 1991

Described from Artvin, 5 km E Hopa, 100 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and Hopa-Kenalpasa; Borcka-Hopa, 700 m; S. Vit, Ayder, 1400 m; Firtine valley, Rize.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Dialycera Ganglbauer, 1895

Dialycera bimaculata Luze, 1906

Described from Bulghar Dag (type ♀ in ZMH). Cited from Asia Minor (Sahlberg 1913; Tikhomirova 1973).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Phyllodrepa Thomson, 1859

Phyllodrepa cribripennis (Fauvel, 1878) (s. str.)

Cited from Bulghar Dag (Bodemeyer 1860: 109), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Uzbekistan, Turkey ?, Algeria.

Phyllodrepa floralis (Paykull, 1789) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Luze 1906; Horion 1963; Zanetti 1987).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Nearctic region.

Dropephylla Mulsant & Rey, 1880

Dropephylla beieri (Scheerpeltz, 1958)

Cited from Antalya, Besika Bay, Manavgat (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Montenegro, Bosnia Herzegovina, Macedonia, Albania, Greece, Ukraine, Crimea, Turkey.

Dropephylla caucasica (Kolenati, 1846)

Cited from Angora (Luze, 1906, sub *bimaculata*); Asia Minor (Tichomirova 1973). Not in Turkey (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Russia, Caucasus, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Afghanistan.

Dropephylla cyprensis Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in NHML).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Dropephylla devillei (Bernhauer, 1902)

Cited from Besika Bay, Avdinkent (Üründü) (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006; lectotype designed).

DISTRIBUTION. Scotland, Faroe Is., France, Italy, Greece, Turkey.

Dropephylla elisabethae Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006

Described from Caucasus but also from Konya; Sultan Dag; Goek Dag; Burna; Maliköi; Angora; Antalya, Pergo; Antalya, N Korkuteli.

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Armenia, Turkey.

Dropephylla gobanzi (Ganglbauer, 1904)

Cited from Antalya (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Croatia (Mljet Is.), Greece, Turkey.

Dropephylla gracilicornis (Fairmaire & Laboulbène, 1856)

Cited from Asia Minor (Sahlberg 1913). Not in Turkey (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe.

Dropephylla vilis (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor: Alem Dag (Horion 1963; Zanetti 1987). Not in Turkey (Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Algeria, Tunisia.

Dropephylla wunderlei Jaszay & Hlavac, 2006

Described from Yrpuz, Rinde Gesiebe, 2000 m (type ♂ in cW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Omalium Gravenhorst, 1802

Omalium allardi Fairmaire, 1859

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1871; Luze 1906; Zanetti 1987).

Synonyms. *antennarius* Reitter, 1911, described from Alhem Dag (type ♀ in NMP ?) as *Phloeonomus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Israel, Libya, North Africa, Australian region.

Omalium assingi Zanetti, 2002

Described from Osmaniye, Adana, 1700 m (type ♂ in NMW), and from Bingol, 1700 m; Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Antalya, Manavgat, 1200-2000 m; Icel Aydinlar, Güzeloluk; Akseki, Imrasan, 1500 m; Akseki, 1000-1200 m; Mersin, Arsanli, 15 km NW Erdemli; Anamaur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Beysehir, 7 km S Gedikli, 1000 m; Korcka; Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m; Mersin, 30 km WNW Mur, 1250 m. Cited from Mugla, 30 km NE Ferthiye, Boncuk Dagi, Koru, 1750 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagi, 1230 m; Termessos, 850 m; Güzeloluk, S Aydinlar, 1380 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, 1360 m; Ahir Dagi, 1400 m (Assing 2004e); Mersin, 33 km N Silifke, 1270 m; M Anamur, Ermenek-Karaman, 16 km N Ermenek, 2 km S Kazanci, 1420 m; Adana, Imamoglu-Karsanti, W Hassandede Gecidi, 1110 m; Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 12.5 km NE Andirin, 1500 m; 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1470 m; 5 km N Sincik, 1470 m (Assing 2006); Manisa, Boz Daglari, SE Turgutlu, 800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Omalium caesum Gravenhorst, 1806

Cited from “Caramania” (Sahlberg 1913); Cat, Ardesen, 2000 m (Korge 1971); Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Drakos (Coiffait 1970).

Additional records. Draganazi gecidi; Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, North Africa.

***Omalium cinnamomeum* Kraatz, 1858**

Cited from Cyprus: Nicosia, Pedhoulas, Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956), Troodos, Mt Olimpo (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Franz 1987; Zanetti 1987); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Platres-Troodos; Troodos, SW Prodhromos, 1500 m; Troodos, Kalopanayotis, 600 m; Troodos, Kaledonian Falls; Paphos forest, Kikkos, 1250 m; Kikkos, Pera Vasa, 400-650 m; Pedhoulas; Kirenia; Olympos, N Hang, 1900 m (Zanetti 2002). Asia Minor: Izmir (Luze 1906; Sahlberg 1913; Zanetti 1987); Korkha (Scheerpeltz 1958); Namrun; Mersin, Arsanli, 15 km NE Erdemli; Antalya, Kerner Gbg., 800 m; S Manisa, Manisa Daglari; Egidir, Kovada Nat. Park; Akseki, Fersin, S Murtici; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m (Zanetti 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Central and Eastern Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

***Omalium cribriceps* Fauvel, 1900**

Cited from Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; Van lake, 1800-2200 m (Zanetti 2002); Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanh Dagi, 1230 m (Assing 2004e); N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagi, 940 m; Nif Dagi, 1010 m; 20 km SW Mugla, N Meke, 590 m; 25 km SW Mugla, 1130 m; Yatagan-Bozdagan, 825 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Iran, Cyprus, Turkey, Irak, Syria.

***Omalium escayraci* Sauley, 1864**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Luze 1906).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Cyprus, Israel.

***Omalium falsum* Eppelsheim, 1889**

Cited from Borcka (Zanetti 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Azerbaijan, Georgia, Turkey, Cyprus.

***Omalium henroti* Coiffait, 1976**

Described from Cyprus: Platania (type.♂ in MHNP), and from Cedres valley.

Cited from Cyprus: Paphos, Kykkos, 1250 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001; Zanetti 2002). Asia Minor: Mersin, Camliyayla, 3 km W Sebil, 1060-1090 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Turkey.

***Omalium littorale* Kraatz, 1857**

Cited from Sultan Daglari, Cankurtaran, 1800 m; Tatvan, 1800-2000 m; Elbistan,

Nurhak, 2000 m; S Kayseri, N Tekir gecidi, 2100 m; NNW Hang; Beysehir, 7 km S Gedikli, 1000 m; Dumlu Dagı, 45 km NE Erzurum, 2000-2800 m (Zanetti 2002); Mersin, Mut-Karaman, Sertuval gecidi, 1570 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Caucasus, Afghanistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan.

***Omalium oxyacanthae* Gravenhorst, 1806**

Cited from Burdur, Bucek (Zanetti 2002); Mersin, Camliyayla-Gözne, 990 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Siberia, Russia, China, North America (probably introduced).

***Omalium riparium* Thomson, 1857**

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001; Zanetti 2002, sub *riparium impar* Mulsant & Rey, 1861). Not cited from Cyprus in the “Distribution” by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Faroe Is., Shetland Is., Orkney Is., Tunisia, Algeria.

***Omalium rivulare* (Paykull, 1789)**

Cited from Cankali Daglari, Zigana gecidi, 15 km NE Gümüşhane, 1900-2000 m (Zanetti 2002).

Additional records. Draganazi gecidi (SNV); Borabay gölü (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, Caucasus, Turkey.

***Omalium rugatum* Mulsant & Rey, 1880**

Cited from Cyprus: various localities near Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Pedhoulas; Olympos, N Hang, 1900 m; Troodos, Olympus, 1900 m; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi, 300 m; Troodos, Kalapanayotis, 600 m; Troodos, S Prodhromos, 1350 m (Zanetti 2002). Asia Minor: Karabayir pass (Koyulhisar), 1900 m (Korge 1971); Namrun, 1200 m; Ilgaz dag.; Osmaniye, 1000 m; Amasya, Boraboy; Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; Mersin, 30 km NE Erdemli, 1345 m; Mersin, 23 km N Silifke, 900 m (Zanetti 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

Omalium saulcy Fauvel, 1875

Cited from Cyprus: Platania (Coiffait 1970); Asia Minor: Istanbul (Zanetti 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Syria, Cyprus, Turkey, Israel.

Omalium schuberti Zanetti, 2002

Described from Cangal (type ♂ in NMW), and from Icel Ayduklar, Güzeloluk; Antalya, Beydaglari, 1650-1900 m; Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Eregli, N Kilikian Taurus (doubtful).

Cited from Mersin, Mut-Karaman, 1570 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 1000 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m; Karla Dagı, 39 km WNW Gaziantep, 1110 m (Assing 2004e); Adana. Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Omalium turcicum Smetana, 1967

Described from Yeniköy, Toros (type ♀ in NMP).

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Asia Minor: Van lake, 1800-2200 m; Tatvan, 1800 m; Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m; Sarikamis; Amasya, Boraboy; Trabzon, Hamsikoi; E Dagı, Karadeniz Daglari, upper Sarigor, 1800 m (Zanetti 2002).

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Turkey.

Omalium wunderlei Zanetti, 2002

Described from Anamas Gbg., Pisidischer Taurus (type ♂ in NMW), and from Yarpuz, 2000 m; Akseki, Imrasan, 1500 m.

Cited from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, Temel, 2225 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Phloeostiba Thomson, 1858

Phloeostiba lapponica (Zettersted, 1838)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Phloeonomus Heer, 1839

Phloeonomus pusillus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Additional records. Sarikamis (AUE). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Algeria, Canary Is., Madeira, Nearctic region.

Xylodromus Heer, 1839

Xylodromus testaceus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Karabayir, Koyulhisar, 1900 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Mannerheimia Märklin, 1880

Mannerheimia brevipennis (Motschulsky, 1860)

Cited from 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1380-1550 m; Ahir Dagı, 11 km NE and 27 km ENE Kahramanmaras, 1400-1580 m; Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1600 m; S Kayseri, N Tekir Gecidi, 2100 m (Assing 2004e); 50 km NE Adıyaman, S Sincik, 1470 m (Assing 2006); SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1600 m; 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tesrundagı gecidi, 2070 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Finland, Russia, Sweden, Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Olophrum Erichson, 1839

Olophrum caucasicum Fauvel, 1875

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1906).
Additional records. Rize (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Azerbaijan, Turkey.

Olophrum paphlagonicum Coiffait, 1978

Described from Ilgaz Dag, 1800 m (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Olophrum puncticolle Eppelsheim, 1880

Cited from Gaziantep, W Birecik, Belkis-Euphrat, 1430 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Balkans, Turkey, Syria.

Anthobium Leach, 1819 (= *Lathrimaeum* Erichson, 1839)

Anthobium abantense (Fagel, 1968a)

Described from Abant gölü, 1450 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Abant Dagħ.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Anthobium anatolicum (Fagel, 1968a)

Described from Abant Dagħ, near Abant Gölü, 1500 (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Sinop, Draganaz gec. (Bordoni 1986); Mersin, Anamur, 1240 M; N Pozanti, Tekir, 1400 m; 10 km WNW Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 815 m; 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; Pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1550 m; 20 km SW Hopurlu, 520 m; Gaziantep, W Birecik, Belkis-Euphrat, 440 m (Assing 2004e); Izmir, Boz Dagları, 1200 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1240 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Bosskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m; Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m (Assing 2006).

Additional records. Sinop, Draganaz gecidi (MSNV, MZUR, cB); Amasya, Borabay gölü; Kastamonu; Bafra, Samsun (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Anthobium atrocephalum (Gyllenhal, 1827)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Coiffait 1970, sub *Lathrimaeum sardoum* Scheerpeltz, 1961) and from Asia Minor (Luze 1905; Scheerpeltz 1961; Horion 1963); Adana, S Pozanti, 945 m (Assing, 2004e); 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1470 m (Assing 2006).

Additional records. Draganaz gecidi; Soumela, Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Anthobium baudii Kraatz, 1870

Described from Cyprus (type ♀ in MSNT).

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest, Kykkos and Kykkos-Pera Vasa (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Anthobium fuscum* (Erichson, 1839)**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor: Mersin, Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m (Assing 2004e); 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1470 m; 50 km Adiyaman, Resadiye Gecidi, 1450 m; Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m (Assing 2006); 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1600 m; 30-45 km NNE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2500-2900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

***Anthobium hamatum* (Luze, 1905)**

Additional records. Draganaz gecidi (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Armenia, Turkey.

***Anthobium melanocephalum* (Illiger, 1794)**

Cited from Antalya, Manavgat, Akseki, 1200 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

***Deliphrosoma* Reitter, 1909**

***Deliphrosoma freudeorum* Zerche, 1996**

Described from Nemrut Dag, Malathya, 2000 m (type ♂ in DEI).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Deliphrosoma kopdagense* Bordoni, 1999**

Described from Erzurum, Kopdagi gecidi, 2390 m (type ♂ in cB).
Cited from Yanbolu River, S of Trabzon, 2000-2400 m (Zerche 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Deliphrosoma lindbergi* (Scheerpeltz, 1958)**

Described from Ahlat (Van), Sultan seit cave (type ♀ in IRSNB, and not 1 ♂ and 1 ♀: see Bordoni 1999). Lectotype designed in Zerche (1991).
Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1984, 1999).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Deliphrosoma lothari Bordoni, 2000

Described from Kop-Gec (Erzurum), 2300 m (type ♂ in SMNS).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Deliphrosoma mandli (Scheerpeltz, 1937)

Cited from Asia Minor (Zerche 1991; Bordoni 1999).

Synonyms. *majusculum* Fagel, 1971, described from Uludagh (Bursa), 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from Uludag, Ilgazdag (Zerche 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria , Turkey.

Deliphrosoma turcicum Zerche, 1997

Described from Gümüş Chana, Gümüşhane (type ♂ in MNHU).

Cited from Trabzon, Kalkanlı Daggl., 15 km SE Zigana pass, 2500 m; Rize, Gul Dagi, Caglayan D. river, 2700-3000 m; Lazistan Range, Ziulfe Dagh, Salmankash Gec., 1900-2300 m (Zerche 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Deliphrosoma weiratheri (Scheerpeltz, 1937)

Described from Tmolos Gbg. (*lydicum* Scheerpeltz in litt. and *weiratheri* Bernahuer in litt.) (type ♂ ? in NMW), and cited from Barla gbg., Akdagh gbg., Owadjik gbg. in Taurus of Pamphylia and from Salbakos gbg. in Taurus of Caria. (Bordoni 1999).

Lectotype designed in Zerche (1991).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Deliphrosoma wunderlei Zerche, 1998

Described from Sivas, Kizildag-Gec, 2200 m (type ♂ in DEI).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Acidota Stephens, 1829

Acidota brevis Assing, 2004e

Described from Mersin, Silifke-Gülmar, 1015 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Acidota crenata (Fabricius, 1793)

Cited from Rize, 40 km SSW Hopa, 2700-2900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Philorinum Kraatz, 1857

Philorinum sordidum (Stephens, 1834)

Cited from Manisa, Sipil Dagi Milli Park, 1080 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, North Africa, Madeira.

Lesteva Latreille, 1797

Lesteva albanica Bernhauer, 1936 (incertae sedis)

Cited from Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970, sub *balcanica* Scheerpeltz, 1937).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Bulgaria, Cyprus.

Lesteva binotata Reitter, 1901 (incertae sedis)

Cited from Asia Minor: Bürücek in Taurus (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Uzbekistan, Turkey, Lebanon.

Lesteva junio Smetana, 1967 (incertae sedis)

Described from Sultan dag, 2000 m (type ♀ in NMP) and from Ulu dag, Bursa.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lesteva latipes Lohse & Steel, 1961 (incertae sedis)

Described from Cyprus: Prodromos, Trikouche (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Lesteva longoelytrata (Goeze, 1777) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970) and from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1963; Koch, 1941; Zanetti 1987) and from Soganli Pass, 2600 m (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Zigana gecidi, Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Lebanon, Algeria, Morocco.

Lesteva maculipennis Luze, 1903 (incertae sedis)

Described from Bursa (type ♂ in NMW) and cited from Yeniköy, Toros (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Akiyama Pass, between Bolu and Ankara; Goksuni Surgu; Saimbeyli; Feke (cZ); Akakertik (Manisa), 1425 m (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lesteva monticola Kiesenwetter, 1847 (s. str.)

Cited from Yeniköy and Sultan dag, 2000 m (Smetana 1967a, sub *nivicola* Fvl.); Abant dag, Bolu, 1300 m (Korge 1971, sub *nivicola* Fvl.); Asia Minor (Zanetti 1987).

Additional records. Akiyama Pass; Goksun and Sertaval Pass in Taurus (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Lesteva punctata Erichson, 1839 (*Lestevidia*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion, 1963); Yeniköy, Toros (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Sinop (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Lesteva soror Smetana, 1967 (incertae sedis)

Described from Yeniköy, Taurus (type ♂ in NMP).

Additional records. Civcan dagi, Akiyama Pass, 1500 m, between Bolu and Ankara (cZ); Kopdagi gecidi, Erzurum, 2390 m (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lesteva turcica Smetana, 1967 (incertae sedis)

Described from Yeniköy in Taurus (type ♂ in NMP).

Additional records. Manisa, Akcakertik, 1425 m (cB); Taurus, Surgu (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus Redtenbacher, 1857

Geodromicus anatolicus Fagel, 1976

Described from “Ost Taurus bei Surgu”, Malatya (type ♂ MHNG), and from Munzur, Silsilesi, Pulumur, 1400 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus asiaticus Bernhauer, 1902

Described from Bulghar Maaden (=Bolkar daglari), Mersin (type ♂ in FMNH).

Cited from Asia Minor (Luze 1903); Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1906); Asia Minor (Tikhomirova 1973; Bordoni 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus bodemeyeri Bernhauer, 1901

Described from Bulghar Maaden (=Bolkar daglari), Mersin (type ♂ in FMNH)

Cited from Asia Minor (Luze 1903; Tikhomirova 1973); Anamas gbg., in Pisidic Taurus (Bordoni 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus dubiosus Fagel, 1976

Described from Ost Taurus bei Surgu, Malatya (type ♀ MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus jarrigeanus Fagel, 1976

Described from Ovit Pass, Rize, 2500 m (type ♂ MHNP), and from Esiroglu, Trabzon; Bicik, Giresun, 2000 m; Sehitler Pass, Giresun, 2000 m; Soganli Pass, Gumushan (Trabzon); Zigana Pass, Gumushan, 2000 m (Trabzon).

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni, 1984a).

Additional records. Kulukkaia, Giresun, 1900-2200 m (MZUR).

Synonyms. *ziganensis* Coiffait, 1978a, described from Zigana pass, 2000 m (type ♂ in MHNP), subsequently indicated as var. of *jarrigeanus* (Coiffait 1978b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus laticollis Fagel, 1976

Described from Ost Taurus bei Surgu, Malatya (type ♂ in MHNG).
Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geodromicus major Motschulsky, 1860

Cited dubiously (♀) from Kara Hava, Trabzon, 1800 m (Fagel 1963). To be confirmed (Bordoni 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Geodromicus ponticus Fagel, 1976

Described from Bicik, Giresun, 1600 m ((type ♂ MHNP), and from Soganli Pass, Gümüşhan, 2000 m (Trabzon); Sehitle Hill, Giresun, 2000 m; Ovit Pass, Rize, 2500 m; Baskoy, Rize, 2600 m; Yalmishan Pass, Artvin, 2500 m.

Additional records. Giresun, Kulukkaia, Bicik Orman, 1600 m (MZUR, cZA).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Geodromicus zwickianus Fagel, 1976

Described from Ost Taurus bei Surgu, Malatya, near Duruk dagh (type ♂ MHNG).
Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Anthophagus Gravenhorst, 1802

Anthophagus caraboides Linné, 1758 (*Phaganthus*)

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon, Macka (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Anthophagus ilgazicus Coiffait, 1981 (*Dimorphoschelus*)

Described from Ilgaz Dag, 1800 m (type ♂ in MHNP).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag. Gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV, cB); Akkuz, Niksar (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Anthophagus schatzmayri Koch, 1933 (*Dimorphoschelus*)

Described from Brussa (=Bursa) (type ♂ in MTM) and cited from Asia Minor (Koch, 1934; Tikhomirova 1973).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Coryphiodes Bernhauer, 1898

Coryphiodes anatolicus (Fagel, 1971)

Described from Ulu dagh, Bursa, 2000-2200 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).
Cited from Asia Minor: Uludagh, 1800-2200 m (Zerche 1990).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Coryphium Stephens, 1834

Coryphium turcicum Zerche, 1993

Described from Artvin, 1500 m (type ♀ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Coryphium uludaghense Fagel, 1971

Described from Ulu dagh, Bursa, 1800-1900 m (type ♀ in IRSNB).
Cited from Asia Minor: Uludagh, 1800-2200 m (Zerche 1990).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Boreaphilus Sahlberg, 1832

Boreaphilus velox Heer, 1839

Cited from Asia Minor: S Bursa; Izmir, Mt. Jamal; Antalya, Goeck Dag; Icel, Mersin, Tarsus-Guelek and Cyprus (Zerche 1990); Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel, Algeria, Tunisia.

OXYTELINAE

Syntomium Curtis, 1828

Syntomium aeneum (Müller, 1821)

Additional records. Trabzon, Of (MHNG); Rize (MSNV). New records for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Deleaster Erichson, 1839

Deleaster dichrous (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Bürücek, Toros, with the ab. *leachii* Curtis, 1830, and from Karatas (Smetana 1967a); Kembos cave, Ibradi, Antalya (Coiffait 1974); Kurukini cave, Camlik Dalayman, Konya, 1200 (Bordoni 1978).

Additional records. Erzurum, Kobina; Erzurum, 1850 m (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Coprophilus Latreille, 1829

Coprophilus pennifer Motschulsky, 1845

Cited from Konya and Kaisarie (Angora=Ankara) (Penter 1905, sub *C. sellula* Solky (sic)), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. East Palaearctic.

Planeustomus Jacquelin du Val, 1857

Planeustomus cephalotes (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Compsophilus*); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Spain, Albania, Bosnia Herzegovina, Croatia, Greece, Turkey, Algeria.

Planeustomus grandis Reitter, 1907

Described as var. of *cephalotes* (Erichson, 1840) from Adana (type. § in NMP ?), and cited as bona species by Szekey (1939).

Cited from Asia Minor by Koch (1940).

Additional records. Ipsala, Edirne (MZUR); Efesus; Antalya (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iraq.

Planeustomus heydeni Eppelsheim, 1884

The ssp. *seriatipennis*, Koch, 1937 was described from Adana (type § in MSNM ?).

Cited from Karatas (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic (ssp. *seriatipennis*).

Planeustomus pallidus Assing, 2004e

Described from Kahramanmaraş, Pass N Tekir S Gösun, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ochtheophilus Mulsant & Rey, 1856) (= *Ancyrophorus* Kraatz, 1857)

Ochtheophilus emarginatus (Fauvel, 1871) (*Misancyrus*)

Cited from Istanbul by Fagel (1951); Bürücek, Toros, Sultan dag, Konya, 2000 m (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Ochtheophilus rosenhaueri (Kiesenwetter, 1850) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: NW Troodos, Kalopanayiotis, 600 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Not cited from Cyprus in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus.

Carpelimus Leach, 1819 (= *Trogophloeus* Mannerheim, 1830)

Carpelimus aceus Gildenkov, 1997 (*Troginus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana 2004); Cyprus: N Limassol, Limnatis river, Alassa,

300 m; S Platres, Moniatas 700 m (Gildenkov, in litt.). Not cited from Cyprus in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Russia, Cyprus.

Carpelimus anthracinus (Mulsant & Rey, 1861) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Mogan gölü, Adana (Smetana 1967a); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, France, Italy, Spain, Albania, Greece, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Egypt, Tunisia, Morocco.

Carpelimus atomus (Saulcy, 1864) (*Troginus*)

Cited from Mugla, 22 km NW Fethiye, Kargi (Gildenkov 2007).

Synonyms. (Koch 1937): *Trogophloeus discolor* Baudi, 1870 (type § in MSNT), described from Cyprus and Egypt and cited from Asia Minor.

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Saudi Arabia, Yemen, Syria, Egypt, Libya.

Carpelimus bilineatus (Stephens, 1834) (*Paratrogophloeus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *riparius* Lac.) and Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Cyprus and “Caramania” (Fauvel 1871); Camlidere, Isik; Ulukisla, N Eregli; Karatas; Ankara and Yeniköy (Smetana 1967a); Avsallar, Incekum, 22 km W Alanya; Mersin, Kurtulus, Silifke; Icel, Kurtulus, Silifke (Gildenkov 2001).

Synonyms. *Trogophloeus lathrobioides* Peyron (1858), described probably from Tarsus (type § in AUB).

Additional records. Ankara; Canakkale, Intepe; Edirne (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Carpelimus coiffaiti Gildenkov, 2001 (*Taenosoma*)

New name for *fortepunctatus* Coiffait, 1981, n. preoc., described as *fortepunctatus* (sic) from Tosaran Dag, 1100 m (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Antakya, E Yesilkent, 400 m (Gildenkov 2001); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Carpelimus corticinus (Gravenhorst, 1806) (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1871); Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing &

Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Hasanoglan, Camlidere (Isik), Karatas, Yeniköy, Afrin (Musabeyli), Adana, Abacilar (Cakit) (Smetana 1967a); Burnov, Izmir; Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Carpelimus despectus (Baudi, 1870) (*Troginus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos, Platres; Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Karatas (Smetana 1967a); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Uzbekistan, Syria, Nepal.

Carpelimus exiguus (Erichson, 1839) (*Troginus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *discolor* Baudi); Cyprus and “Caramania” (Fauvel 1871); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Gildenkov 2003); Hasanoglan, Afrin (Musabeyli); Abacilar, Cakit; Emir dag, Kurudere (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Carpelimus foveolatus Sahlberg, 1832 (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

Synonyms. *gradensis* (Bernhauer, 1914) (*Taenosoma*), cited from Mogan gölü, Adana (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Syria, North Africa.

Carpelimus fuliginosus (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963); Edalkastanie, Aksu and Surmane (Schimitschek, 1944); Hasanoglan, Kozan, Toros, Karatas, Alata, Adana (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Edirne (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Carpelimus gracilis (Mannerheim, 1830) (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from Hasanoglan and Pozanti, Toros (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Carpelimus gusarovi Gildenkova, 1997 (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Tasova-Ladik, Amasya, (Gildenkova 2001); Asia Minor (Gildenkova 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Austria, Bulgaria, Moldavia, Netherlands, Russia, Ukraine, Turkey.

Carpelimus halophilus (Kiesenwetter, 1844) (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from Mogan gölü, Adana (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Carpelimus impressus (Lacordaire, 1835) (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Adana (Horion 1963). Not cited from Turkey in the "Distribution" in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Caucasus, Turkey, Syria, Algeria, Morocco.

Carpelimus insularis (Kraatz, 1858) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Antalya, Manavgat (Gildenkova 2001). Not cited from Turkey by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Carpelimus klimai (Bernhauer, 1903) (s. str.)

Described from Goek Dag, near Ankara (type ♂ in FMNH).

Cited from Asia Minor (Klima 1904); Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *Trogophloeus*); Asia Minor (Gildenkova 2001, 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Carpelimus manchuricus Bernhauer, 1938 (*Taenosoma*)

The ssp. *subtilicornis* Roubal, 1946 was cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey (ssp. *subtilicornis*).

Carpelimus memnonius (Erichson, 1840) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), probably for misidentification.

DISTRIBUTION. Madeira.

Carpelimus mendax Smetana, 1967 (*Trogophloeus*)

Described from Karatas (type ♂ in NMP), and from Adana.
Cited from Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Carpelimus nigrinus (Smetana, 1967) (*Taenosoma*)

Described from Camlidere, Isik (type ♂ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Carpelimus nigrita (Wollaston, 1857) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Adana, Karatas, Abacilar (Cakit), Alata, Afrin (Musabeyli) (Smetana 1967); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003).
Additional records. Taurus, 1300 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Carpelimus nitidus (Baudi, 1848) (*Paraboopinus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron, 1858; Gildenkov 2003); “Caramania” (Fauvel 1871); Afrin, Musabeyli (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Algeria, Morocco.

Carpelimus obesus (Kiesenwetter, 1844) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Ertchek gölü, Ufer (Scheerpeltz 1958), Mogan gölü (Adana), Alata, Ankara, Abacilar (Cakit), Adana, Karatas (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Carpelimus politus (Kiesenwetter, 1850) (*Boopinus*)

Cited from Afrin, Musabeyli (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Euroasiatic.

Carpelimus punctipennis (Kiesenwetter, 1850) (*Taenosoma*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963). Not cited from Turkey in the “Distribution” in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Uzbekistan, Iran, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira.

Carpelimus pusillus (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Taenosoma*)

Cited from Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a); Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Carpelimus rivularis (Motschulsky, 1860) (s. str.)

Cited from Ankara (Smetana 1967a); Tasova-Ladik, Amasya (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Carpelimus similis (Smetana, 1967) (*Boopinus*)

Described from Slovakia but also from Boemia and Anatolia: Camlidere (Isik), Hasanoglan and Ulakisla.

Cited from Asia Minor (Lohse & Lucht, 1989; Bruge, 1999); Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m; Calkanli Daglari, Zigana range, 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Carpelimus subtilis (Erichson, 1839) (*Trogophloeus*)

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Mongolia, Nearctic region.

Carpelimus transversicollis (Scheerpeltz, 1947) (*Taenosoma*)

Cited from Mugla, Goekova; Mersin (Gildenkov 2001); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Turkey.

Thinodromus Kraatz, 1857

Thinodromus arcuatus (Stephens, 1827) (*Amisammus*)

Cited from Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Trogophloeus*); Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *Trogophloeus*); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1933; Horion 1963).

Additional records. Anamas in Pisidia (MHNG); Soumela, Trabzon (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Uzbekistan, North Africa.

Thinodromus bodemeyeri (Bernhauer, 1902) (*Amisammus*)

Described from Goek Dag (type ♂ in DEI).

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and from Asia Minor: Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *Trogophloeus*); Asia Minor (Klima 1904, sub *Trogophloeus*; Scheerpeltz 1937; Gildenkov 2000), and from Camlidere, Isik (Smetana 1967a); Alanya cave, Alanya (Coiffait 1974); Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Greece, Romania, Ukraine, Turkey, Cyprus.

Thinodromus filius (Smetana, 1965) (s. str.)

Described from Of, Solakii river, Trabzon (type ♂ in NMP).

Cited from Sabandja; Antalya, Selge, Serik, 500 m; Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Caglayan valley; Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Barhal river, Sarigol, 1800 m; Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Thinodromus hirticollis (Mulsant & Rey, 1878) (s. str.)

Cited from Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?, North Africa.

Thinodromus kiesenwetteri (Hochhuth, 1851) (*Amisammus*)

Cited from Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Turkey, Turkestan.

Thinodromus mannerheimi (Kolenati, 1846) (*Amisammus*)

Cited from Sultan dag, Konya (Smetana 1967a); Cankarli Daglari, Zigana range, 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Uzbekistan, Egypt, North Africa.

Thinodromus motschulskyi (Hochhuth, 1860) (*Amisammus*)

Cited from Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Caglayan valley; Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Barhal river, Sarigol, 1800 m; Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 2100 m; Calkanli Daglari, Zigana range, 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m (Gildenkov 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Ukraine, Turkey.

Thinodromus renominatus Herman, 1970 (*Amisammus*)

New name for *glabricollis* Bernhauer, 1914, described, as *Trogophloeus*, from Biledjik (type § in FMNH).

Cited from Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *Trogophloeus*); Asia Minor (Gildenkov 2000; 2001.)

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Thinodromus transversalis (Wollaston, 1857) (*Amisammus*)

Cited from Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Turkey, Mongolia, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Maiorca, Africa.

Anotylus Thomson, 1859

Anotylus clypeonitens (Pandellé, 1867)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Limassol; Famagusta; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Alassa, N Limassol, 350 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Ufer, Gönen river (Horion 1963); Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a); Draganaz dagh, Sinop (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Sakarya, Yeniköy (Bolu), Adana, Almus, Tokat; Artvin, Kovak, Samsun; Bergama Korak, Izmir; Tarsus and Erdemli (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria.

Anotylus complanatus (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Cyprus and “Caramania” (Baudi 1870; Fauvel 1873), Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz, 1956); Cyprus: Akamas forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1962; Horion 1963); Narlidja cave (Anthiochia) (Scheerpeltz 1958).

Additional records. Bursa (MHNG); Izmir (MZUR); Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Anotylus hybridus (Eppelsheim, 1878)

Synonyms. ssp. *turcicus* Bernhauer, 1927, described from Belgradererwal, Istanbul (type § FMNH ?).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Iran.

Anotylus intricatus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1873; Scheerpeltz 1962; Horion 1963); Hasanoglan and Abacilar (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Turano-European.

Anotylus inustus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Cyprus and “Caramania” (Fauvel 1873); Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Pedhoulas, Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956), Chomounis (Scheerpeltz 1958); Troodos; Paphos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Scheerpeltz 1958; Horion 1963); Bujukdere in European Turkey (Penter 1905); Karapinar (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Kozan, Taurus; Mersin; Silifke, Mersin; Bafra; Kovak, Samsun (MHNG); Yatagan, Mugla; E Silifke, Mersin (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Afghanistan, Syria, Algeria, Morocco.

Anotylus latiusculus (Kraatz, 1859)

Cited from Cyprus (Hammond 1975).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Cyprus, Lebanon, Syria, Egypt, Israel, Ka-

zakhstan, China, Japan, Afrotropical, Neotropical, Oriental, Australian regions.

***Anotylus mutator* (Lohse, 1963)**

Cited from Tatos dag, Cat, 2000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

***Anotylus nitidulus* (Gravenhorst, 1802)**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Fauvel 1873); Cyprus: Pedhoulas; St. Hilarion; Famagusta; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874); Edirne, Hasanoglan, Karapinar, Bürücek, Suluhan, Pozanti, Camlidere (Isik), Karatas, Ulukisla (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Halkali, Istanbul; Demirkoy, Kirklareli (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

***Anotylus politus* (Erichson, 1840)**

Cited from Manaia, Turgutlu, Dagmarmara, 970 m (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Turkey.

***Anotylus pumilus* (Erichson, 1839)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1962; Horion 1963); Hasanoglan and Camlidere (Isik) (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Altinschir (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Algeria, Morocco.

***Anotylus rugosus* (Fabricius, 1775)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1900); Hasanoglan and Karatas (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Azort, Erzurum (MHNG); Edirne; Ipsala, Edirne (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

***Anotylus sculpturatus* (Gravenhorst, 1806)**

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos, S

Platres, 700 m; N. Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Bilediik, Ak Chehir and from the steppes between Konya and Erekli (Bodemeyer 1900), Sabandja and Eskischehir (Penter 1905); Konya and Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927).

Additional records. Bursa; Demirkoy, Kırklareli; Mersin; Kavak, Samsun, Borcka Hopa, Artvin; Turhal, Artvin; Findikli, Artvin; Tikkiraz, Ordu (MHNG); Ilica, Ayer, Rize, 1600 m; Ilgaz dag gecidi (Kastamonu), 1700 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Kazakhstan, Mongolia, Algeria.

Anotylus speculifrons (Kraatz, 1857)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), Asia Minor (Scheerpletz 1962); Ufer, Gönen river (Horion 1963); Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Demirkoy, Kırklareli (MHNG); Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Kazakhstan, North Africa.

Anotylus tetracarınatus (Block, 1799)

Cited from “Caramania” (Fauvel 1873), Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *depressus* Gravh.; Horion 1963); Kyrenia; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Kidasi, 35 km SW Platres (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Samsun; Demirkoy, Kırklareli; Bursa (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Oxytelus Gravenhorst, 1802

Oxytelus laqueatus (Marsham, 1802) (*Tanycraerus*)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, 1800-1900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Oxytelus piceus (Linné, 1767) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858), Caramania (Fauvel 1872); Gok dagh (Sabandja=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1900); Karatas, Kozan and Suluhan (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Oxytelus sculptus (Gravenhorst, 1806) (*Epomotylus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Kyrenia (Scheerpletz 1956c); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Bulkghar dagh in Taurus, Bilidjik Karateuy, Akchehir, in the steppes between Konya and Eragli (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Hasanoglan, Agopinari, Suluhan, Misis (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Istanbul (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Platystethus Mannerheim, 1830

Platystethus arenarius (Geoffroy, 1785) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874); Gurgentepe pass (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Platystethus brevipennis Baudi, 1857 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1955).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Greece, Ukraine, Turkey, Cyprus.

Platystethus capito Heer, 1839 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Camlidere, Isik (Smetana 1967a); Cankiri and Ilgaz dag, 1800 m, Kastamonu (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Platystethus cornutus (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Horion 1963); Cyprus: Lapithos and Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus and "Caramania" (Fauvel, 1872); Edirne, Sivrihisar and Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967a).

Synonyms. *maxillosus* Peyron (1858), described probably from Tarsus (type § in AUB). Additional records. Ercis, Van (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Platystethus degener Mulsant & Rey, 1878 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2002), and from Asia Minor (Hammond 1971).

Additional records. Bakiroy, Istanbul; Halkali, Istanbul (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey; introduced in India and North America.

Platystethus nitens (Sahlberg, 1832) (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Fauvel 1873); Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2002); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1955; Horion 1963); Hasanoglan, Camlidere (Isik), Mogan gölü (Adana), Afrin (Musabeili), Ankara (Smetana 1967a).

Additional records. Ezişehir, Amasya; Bafra, Samsun (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Platystethus nodifrons Mannerheim, 1830 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Tunceli, Hozat (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Caucasus, Turkey.

Platystethus rufospinus Hochhuth, 1851 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1857, 1870; Fauvel 1873); Bilecik in Anatolia (Bodmeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927).

Additional records. Gamlik, Konya (MZUR, cB); Sertuval gecidi, Konya, 1610 m (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Euroasiatic.

Platystethus rugifrons Bernhauer, 1900 (*Craetopycrus*)

Described from Bulghar Maaden (Bolkan dag, near Ulukisla) (type ♀ in FMNH)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bodmeyer 1900; Scheerpeltz 1955); Bulghar-Maaden (Bodmeyer 1927).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Mongolia.

Platystethus similis Smetana, 1967 (*Craetopycrus*)

Described from Camlidere, Isik (type ♂ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Platystethus spinosus Erichson, 1840 (*Craetopycrus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1857, 1870); Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2002); Asia Minor (Hammond 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Libya, North Africa, Canary Is.

Aploderus Stephens, 1833 (= *Bledioschema* Smetana, 1967)

Aploderus caelatus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Algeria, Tunisia.

Aploderus capitulatus Assing, 2007a

Described from 40 km S Trabzon, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Trabzon, 40 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 1870 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aploderus endogaeus Assing, 2003b

Described from Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m (type ♀ in cA), and from Manavgat, Yaylaalan, 850 m; cited from Antalya, 25 km ESE Alanya, 900 m (Assing 2007a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aploderus lydicus Assing, 2007d

Described from Aydin, Pasayaylasi, 1460 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Izmir, Karaburun, 550 m; Izmir, Yamanlar, 940 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aploderus magniceps Assing, 2007a

Described from Sinop, Lala (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aploderus schweigeri (Smetana, 1967)

Described from Pass between Bolu and Kaynash, 800 m (type ♂ in CNC).

Cited from Bolu, Konuralp and Akcakoca, 17 km Akcakoca, 400 m; Zonguldak, Eregli-Baliköy; Kastamonu. Inebolu, 600 m (doubtful); Sinop, Lala (Löbl & Kodada 1996, with description of larva); Zonguldak, Eregli-Baliköy (Makranczy, 2006); Bolu, Konuralp-Akcakoca, 400 m; Zonguldak, Eregli-Baliköy (Assing 2007a).

The synonymie *Aploderus* = *Bledioschema* was proposed in Makranczy, 2006.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Bledius Leach, 1819

Bledius atricapillus (Germar, 1825) (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Bledius bedeli Fauvel, 1878 (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Herman 1970); Adana (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Algeria, Morocco.

Bledius bicornis (Germar, 1823) (*Elbidus*)

Cited from Karatas (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Bledius bosnicus Bernhauer, 1902 (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Bolu dag, 900 m, Mengen (Korge 1964).

DISTRIBUTION. Norway, Sweden, Austria, Bosnia Herzegovina, Turkey.

Bledius capra Fauvel, 1875 (*Euceratobledius*)

Cited from Karatas (Smetana 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Oman, Yemen, Saudi Arabia, Egypt, Libya, Tunisia, Algeria, Africa.

Bledius cribricollis Heer, 1839 (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Asia Minor; Ufer, Gönen river (Horion 1963); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1900); Adana (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iraq, Mongolia, North Africa.

Bledius denticollis Fauvel, 1872 (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Ikindera, Rize, 1000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Bledius diffinis Baudi, 1870 (s. str.)

Described from Cyprus (type § in MSNT) and cited from Cyprus: Larnaca (Scherpeltz 1956; Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Bledius dissimilis Erichson, 1840 (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963). Not cited from Turkey in "Distribution" in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Caucasus, Turkey, Iraq, Iran, Kyrgyzstan.

Bledius fossor Heer, 1839 (*Astycops*)

Cited from Edirne (Smetana 1967a); Bayburt, Trabzon (Korge 1971); Alanya (Dimirmak ?), Smyrna (=Izmir), Hermos River, Istanbul (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Bledius furcatus (Olivier, 1811) (*Euceratobledius*)

Synonyms. *haedus* Baudi, 1857, described from Cyprus (type § in MSNT) and cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor: Adana (Koch 1938); Cyprus: Akrotiri (Herman 1986); Asia Minor: Tuz Gölü Lake; Karapınar, 50 km W Erğli; Bornova, İzmir (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean and Afrotropical.

Bledius gallicus (Gravenhorst, 1806) (*Hesperophilus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1870, sub *fracticornis* Payk., 1790), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Bledius graellsii Fauvel, 1865 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Koch 1938b); Toros Daglari (Herman 1986).

Synonyms. *antilope* Peyron, 1858, probably described from Tarsus (type ♀ in AUB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Bledius limicola Tottenham, 1940 (s. str.)

Synonyms. *germanicus* Wagner, 1935, cited from Karatas and Konya (Smetana 1967a, as ssp. of *spectabilis* Kraatz, 1857) and from Dogubayazir, Ararat, 1700 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iraq, Turkmenistan, Mongolia, Tunisia.

Bledius spectabilis Kraatz, 1857 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1876; Horion 1963); Karatas (Smetana 1967a); Izmir and Kizicahaman (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Bledius subterraneus Erichson, 1839 (*Astycops*)

Cited from 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Mulli Park, 1540 (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Bledius tibialis Heer, 1839 (*Astycops*)

Cited from Broussa (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Mongolia, Algeria.

Bledius tricornis (Herbst, 1784) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor (Horion 1963); Biledjek (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Bledius unicornis (Germar, 1825) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *monocerus* Rosenhauer, 1856; Fauvel 1872); Asia Minor (Horion 1963); Karatas (Smetana 1967a); between Gölü and Karapinar (Herman 1986).

Additional records. Izmir (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic and Afrotropical.

Bledius verres Erichson, 1840 (*Pucerus*)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor: Beryto (Baudi 1857, 1870); Cyprus (Fauvel 1872); Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2002); Asia Minor: Adana (Smetana 1967a); Alanya (Dim Irmak ?) (Herman 1986).

DISTRIBUTION. Afrotropico-Indo-Mediterranean.

Bledius vitulus Casey, 1889 (*Elbidus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Fagel 1970a) and from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Silifke (Herman 1986); Asia Minor: Adana e Cyprus (Koch 1938b).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Afrotropical.

Thinobius Kiesenwetter, 1844

Thinobius anatolicus Smetana, 1967 (*Thiphonilus*)

Described from Hasanoglan (type ♀ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Thinobius brevipennis Kiesenwetter, 1850 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Israel, China.

Thinobius mundicornis Comellini, 1970 (*Oedarthothinophilus*)

New name for *miricornis* Comellini, 1969, described from Erzurum, Azort, Tortum lake (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Thinobius rambouseki Smetana, 1959 (s. str.)

Described from Bulgaria but also from Asia Minor: Hermos river near Izmir (1 ♂ and 1 ♀ in IRSN).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

OSORIINAE

Geomitopsis Scheerpeltz, 1931

Geomitopsis anatolica Coiffait, 1979

Described from 10 km N Mersin (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Antalya, 20 km N Manavgat.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptotyphlopsis Scheerpeltz, 1931

Leptotyphlopsis besucheti Coiffait, 1969

Described from Karatepe, Taurus, Adana (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptotyphlopsis bidentata Coiffait, 1969

Described from Mts Amanus, Iskenderun, Urubat (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

LEPTOTYPLINAE

Allotyphlus Coiffait, 1955

Allotyphlus montanus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Antalya-Burdur, Darim Dag (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Allotyphlus pisidicus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Dinar, 40 km N Burdur lake (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Allotyphlus turcicus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Celtici, 30 km S Burdur lake (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Kenotyphlus Coiffait, 1957

Kenotyphlus pamphylicus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Antalya (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Kenotyphlus pisidicus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Dinar, 50 km N Burdur lake (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Kenotyphlus turcicus Coiffait, 1957

Described from Antalya-Burdur, Darim Dag (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gynotyphlus Coiffait, 1955

Gynotyphlus perpusillus (Dodero, 1900)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1984).

Synonyms. *turcicus* Coiffait, 1957, described from Karamursel, Marmara sea (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Tokat-Almus, 1000 m (Coiffait 1973, sub *perpusillus turcicus*).

DISTRIBUTION. South Europe, Mediterranean.

OXYPORINAE

Oxyporus Fabricius, 1775

Oxyporus maxillosus Fabricius, 1793

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Oxyporus rufus (Linné, 1758)

Additional records. Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Russia, Turkey, Iran, North Korea, China.

STENINAE

Stenus Latreille, 1797 (the citation “Asia Minor (Smetana 2004)” for this genus comes, as a rule, from unpublished records of Puthz)

Stenus aceris Stephens, 1833 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas, Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos; Paphos forest; Kommanderia, 25 km SW Platres; Akamas forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Horion 1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Stenus affaber Baudi, 1848 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Syria.

Stenus alcibiades Puthz, 1985 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Afyon, 4 km SW Dazkiri, 900 m (type ♂ in NMB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus alpicola Fauvel, 1873 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu, 2200 m; Karabayr pass, Koyulhisar, 1900 m (Kor-ge 1971). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

Additional records. Abant gölü, Bolu, 1500 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus anatolicus Puthz, 1970 (s. str.)

Described from Taurus, Bozburun dag , 1600-2000 m (type ♂ in cK), and from Sultan dagh, Örkehez, 1600 m; Aglasun, Isparta, 1600 m; Cay, Sultan Dagh, Konya, 1100 m; Maras.

Cited from Bürücek and Yeniköy, Taurus (Puthz 1979); Maras; Bozburub dag; Aglasun, S Isparta; Sultan Dag, Örkenez; Sultan Dag, Cay (Ryvkin 1990). Some of these localities must to transfer to *S. distortus* Assing, 2005.

Cited from Mugla, Dalaman; Antalya, Fakircoli, 25 km NE Demirtas, 600-700 m; E Kumluca, 385 m; SSW Antalya, Cirali, 20-50 m; 3 km W Cirali, 70 m; Kemer: Bey Daglari; Isparta, S Egridir, Dedegöl Dag, 1300-1800 m; Mersin, Hacriskakli; S Karaman, Sertuval pass, 1600 m (Assing 2005f).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Lebanon.

Stenus arabicus Saulcy, 1864 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972, 1972a).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Armenia, Iran, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel, Liaoning.

Stenus argutus Puthz, 1972 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from South Russia, Crimea and Asia Minor: Isparta, Burdur and Antalya. Cited from Cankiri and Ilgaz (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Ukraine, Russia, Turkey.

Stenus argyraspides Puthz, 1988 (s. str.)

Described from Bulghar Dag in Anatolia (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus argyropatra Puthz, 1988 (s. str.)

Described from Cyprus: Limassol, Mavromoustakis (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus asiaticus Bernhauer, 1940 (s. str.)

Described from Persia but also from Asia Minor: Alem Dag, Goek Dag, Sabandja. Cited from Camlidere, Isik dag; Hasanoglan, Bütçek; Afrin, Musabeyli (Puthz 1979).

Additional records. Giresun, Tirebolu, 1500 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Turkmenistan, Syria.

Stenus assequens Rey, 1884 (s. str.)

Cited from Behliahmet, Kars (Korge 1971, sub *nanus* Steph., 1833); Belgraderwald (Puthz 1972), and from Ulukisla and Taurus: Bütçek, Yeniköy, Beysehir gölü (Puthz 1979); Asia Minor (Horion 1963, sub *simillimus* Bk., 1949; Puthz 1972a; Puthz 1979, sub *pusio* Casey, 1884).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus ater Mannerheim, 1830 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan, Algeria. Morocco.

Stenus atratulus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Algeria, Tunisia.

Stenus bicornis Puthz, 1972 (s. str.)

Described from Macedonia but also from Asia Minor: Pulumur, Erzincan 1700 m; Eschischehir, Alanya, Dim Irmak; Sarkikaraagac, Isparta.

Cited from Alanya, Dim Irmak; Sakikaraagac; Eschischehir; Pülümur, Erzincan (Ryvkin 1990).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey.

Stenus binotatus Ljungh, 1804 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972, 1972a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Syria, Lebanon.

Stenus boops Ljungh, 1810 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Mongolia, Jilin, Japan.

Stenus bosnicus Bernhauer, 1909 (s. str.)

Cited from Bolu dag, Mengen, 900 m (Korge 1964); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Stenus brunnipes Stephens, 1833 (*Tesnus*)

The ssp. *lepidus* Weise, 1875 was cited from Cyprus: Drahos; Asia Minor: Constantinopoli, Alhem dag (Istanbul), Smirne (Puthz 1968); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Croatia, Yugolsavia, Greece, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria (ssp. *lepidus*).

Stenus butrintensis Smetana, 1959 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1971a, 1972, 1972a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus callidus Baudi, 1848 (s. str.)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MSNT).

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Baudi 1870; Puthz 1975); Cyprus (Puthz 1970a); Tunceli (Ufer), 1000 m; Aglasun (Isparta), 1600 m (Korge 1971). Lectotype designed by Puthz (1970a).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, East Mediterranean.

Stenus canaliculatus Gyllenhal, 1827 (s. str.)

Cited from Benliahmet, Kars (Korge 1971).
Additional records. Ablat, Bitlis (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus canescens Rosenhauer, 1856 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Izmir (Horion 1963), to be confirmed. Not cited in “Distribution” in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?, North Africa.

Stenus capitulatus Assing, 1995 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Antalya, Saklikent, 1300-1900 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Stenus cautus Erchson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Erzurum (Puthz 1966).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Stenus cicindeloides (Shaller, 1783) (*Hypostenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Stenus cilicianus Assing, 2003b (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Antalya, N Alanya, Güneycak near Gündogmus, 700 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Gündogmus, 850-900 m; Alanya, Güzelbag; Alanya, Sapadere.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus circularis Gravenhorst, 1802 (s. str.)

Cited from Ilica, Aydan (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Stenus clandestinus Puthz, 2003 (*Metatesnus*)

Described from Kastamonu, Ilgazdag, 1700-1800 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus claritarsis Puthz, 1971 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan.

Stenus clavicornis (Scopoli, 1763) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus coarcticollis Eppelsheim, 1890 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Benick 1929; Puthz 1966a; Puthz 1972, as «rassenkomplex»).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Georgia, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey, Russia, Armenia, Azerbaijan.

Stenus comma LeConte, 1863 (s. str.)

Cited from Sabandja, Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *bipunctatus* Erichson, 1839); Asia Minor; Tarsus, Adana (Puthz 1972, sub *comma aeneiceps* Rey, 1884). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus cordatoides Puthz, 1972 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Istanbul, Ulu dag, Bursa, 1400 m; Isparta (Puthz 1972); Taurus: Yeniköy (Puthz 1980).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Bosnia Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey, Lebanon.

Stenus crassus Stephens, 1833 (*Tesnus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus cribratus Kiesenwetter, 1850 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Ganglbauer 1895; Horion 1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus cypriacus Assing, 2005f (s. str.)

Described from S Platres, Moniatis, 700 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Commandaria, 750 m; Kalopanayiotis; Cedres valley, 1300 m; Stavros; Mesopotamos; Troodos.

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos, Platres and Kalopanayiotis (Assing & Wunderle 2001, as *erythrocephalus* Puthz, 1970).

Stenus denticulatus Eppelsheim, 1890 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Borcka (Puthz 1970a).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Stenus distortus Assing, 2005f (*anatolicus* Puthz, 1970, partim) (s. str.)

Described from Torul (type ♂ in cA), and from Macka-Sumela; Sürgü, Taurus; Bingöl; Taurus, Bolkar Dagları, Ciftehan, 1500 m; 80 km NW Kahramanmaraş; Adıyaman, Nemrut Dağı, Karadut; Maras.

Cited from Gümüşhane, 50 km SE Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m; Trabzon, 50 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 2050 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus doderoi Bondroit, 1912 (s. str.)

Cited from Tarsus, Adana (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus elegans Rosenhauer, 1856 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor: Sabandja, Gök dagh (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed. Not cited from Cyprus in the “Distribution” in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Morocco, Algeria.

Stenus erythrocnemus Eppelsheim, 1884 (s. str.)

Asia Minor (Puthz, com. pers.); Artvin, Savsat; Borcka, 1700 m; Morgul-Arhavi pass, 1000-1200 m; Rize, Ardesen, Ilica; Firtina valley, 1300 m (Assing 2005f).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Afghanistan, Iran, Pakistan.

Stenus fageliellus Puthz, 1971 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Abant Dagh, 1400-1500 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus formicetorum Mannerheim, 1843 (*Tesnus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus fornicatus Stephens, 1833 (*Hypostenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Morocco.

Stenus fuscicornis Erichson, 1840 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Akkuz, Unye, 1400 m (Korge 1971); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

Synonyms. *bodemeyeri* Bernhauer, 1914, described from Goeck Dagh (type § in FMNH), and cited from the same locality (Puthz 1973).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Tunisia.

Stenus ganglbaueri Bernhauer, 1905 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Benick 1929; 1951; Puthz, 1972; 1972a; 1972b).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Croatia, Yugoslavia, Armenia, Georgia, Ukraine, Greece, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan, Turkmenistan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Stenus glacialis Heer, 1839 (*Hemistenus*)

The ssp. *cyaneus* Baudi, 1848, was described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MSNT) (Puthz 1971b, sub *cyaneus*; lectotype designed); cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulos, Platres-Troodos, St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001, ssp. *cyaneus*); Cyprus: Dereumer cave, Mydyat (Scheerpeltz 1958, sub *cyaneus*); Asia Minor: Tschai (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *cyaneus*); Asia Minor (Koch 1936; Puthz 1972).

Additional records. Beysehir lake, Aci Akir island, Konya (cB).

The ssp. *sublaeviventris* Bernhauer, 1929 was cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Cyprus, Turkey, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel (ssp. *cyaneus*); Europe, Iraq, Cyprus, Turkey (ssp. *sublaeviventris*).

Stenus hilfi Benick, 1915 (s. str.)

Asia Minor (Puthz, com. pers.). Not cited in Herman (2001) and Smetana (2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Bulgaria, Turkey.

Stenus horioni Puthz, 1971 (s. str.)

Described from Yugoslavia but also from Hungary, Austria, Greece and Asia Minor: Belgraderer Wald, Bursa, Manyas Lake, Belikesir; Beyeshir, Konya.

Cited from Asia Minor: Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1963; Horion 1963), all sub *umbricus* Baudi, 1879; Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Stenus hospes Erichson, 1840 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Smyrne (Gridelli 1957); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972); Taurus: Suluhan and Yeniköy (Puthz 1979).

Additional records. Tutak, Agri, 1800 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria.

Stenus humilis Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Caramania (Fauvel 1873); Yalniczam Pass, Artvin, 2000 m (Korge 1971); Gümüşhane, 50 km SE Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Turano-European.

Stenus hypoproditor Puthz, 1965 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan.

Stenus ignotus Eppelsheim, 1890 (s. str.)

Cited from Sultan Dag (Puthz 1967b); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Uzbekistan, Syria.

Stenus impolitus Puthz, 1981 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Trabzon, Yomra (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus impressus Germar, 1824 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus incanus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Bayburt, Trabzon, Olgunlar-Koyo, Refahiye, 1900-2000 m (Korge 1971); Adana (Puthz 1971, sub *arctulus* Hochhuth, 1849); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972); Isik dag, Camlidere (Puthz 1979, sub *arctulus*).

Additional records. Ercis, Van (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Tunisia.

Stenus incrassatus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Salda gölü, 800 m, in South Anatolia (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran.

Stenus incribratus Puthz, 1981 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Konya, Sertavul Gecidi, 1500-1600 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus indifferens Puthz, 1967 (s. str.)

Described from Albania but also from Bosnia, Greece, Corfù, Austria, Germany and Asia Minor: Istanbul.

Cited from Asia Minor (Assing & Puthz 1998).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus iniquicollis Puthz, 2001 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Rize (type ♀ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus intermedius Rey, 1884 (*Tesnus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus intricatus Erichson, 1840 (s. str.)

The ssp. *zoufali* Fleischer, 1909 was cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Austria, Balkans, Turkey.

Stenus invidiosus Puthz, 1979 (s. str.)

Described from Isik dag, Camlidere (type ♂ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Stenus junco (Paykull, 1789) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Stenus korgei Puthz, 1979 (s. str.)

Described from Taurus: Yeniköy (type ♂ in NMP), and from Of (Trabzon), Yaniz-

cam (Artvin), Artvin Pass, 2700 m; Soganli Pass (Bayburt), 2000-2600 m; Zigana gec., Trabzon, in North Anatolia.

Additional records. Tutak, Agri, 1800 m; Zigana gec., Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey.

Stenus latifrons Erichson, 1839 (*Hypostenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran.

Stenus libanicus Puthz, 1970 (s. str.)

Cited from Taurus: Suluhan (Puthz 1979); 12 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 410 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Stenus limicola Korge, 1967 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Pulumur, Mercan Daglari, Erzincan (type ♀ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Stenus longipes Heer, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Ganglbauer 1895); Amasya (Horion 1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus longitarsis Thomson, 1851 (s. str.)

Cited from Of and Soganli Pass (Trabzon) (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus machulkai Hromadka, 1977 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Armenia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Lebanon.

Stenus maculiger Weise, 1875 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Benick 1917; Horion 1963; Puthz 1970b; 1972); Taurus: Suluhan and Yeniköy (Puthz 1979); Istanbul, Istranca Dag, Demirköy, 700 m; Beykoz; Sile; Kumkoy; Bolu, Yigilca, 1100 m; Konuralp-Akcakoca, 400 m; Bolu, Omerler, 800 m; Gümüşhane, Torul; Trabzon, Macka, 1000 m; Adiyaman, Nemrut Dagı, Karadut; Diyarbakir, 61 km S Bingöl; Bitlis, S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; Hakkari, N Semdinli; Mersin, Hacriskaklı; Isparta, Anamasdagi; Burdur, Celtikci, 850 m; Antalya, 30 km N Finike; Cirali; E Kumluca, 385 m; N Kumluca, Altinyaka; S Akseki, Topraktepe; Alanya, Kuzyaka, 180 m; 2 km NW Antalya, 795 m; Catallar, 370 m; 5 km E Büyükan, 1325 m; 1 km N Söğütécumavi, 1460 m; N Sagirin, Koprülü Canyon, 30 m; 5 km NW Kemer, 197 m; Mugla, Baba dag; Izmir (Assing 2005f).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus medus Puthz, 1981 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan.

Stenus melanarius Stephens, 1833 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

The ssp. *peripherus* Korge, 1971 was described from Pass N Koyulhisar, 65 km S Ordu, 1800 m (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan (ssp. nom.); endemic (ssp. *peripherus*).

Stenus melanopus (Marshall, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from from Caramania (Fauvel 1873); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *nitidus* Lac., 1835; Puthz 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Stenus messorphilus Assing, 2004e (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus mongolicus Eppelsheim, 1889 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972, 1980).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Georgia, Asia (from Asia Minor to China, Pakistan, India).

Stenus morio Gravenhorst, 1806 (s. str.)

Cited from Gök Dagah (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus nanus Stephens, 1833 (s. str.)

Cited from Gök Dagah (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus nigritulus Gylllehal, 1827 (*Tesnus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Stenus nitidiventrus Fagel, 1967 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Borcka, Artvin (type ♂ in IRSNB).
Additional records. Borcka, Artvin (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Stenus niveus Fauvel, 1865 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Konya (Horion 1963), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey ?, Canada, North America.

Stenus nodipes Puthz, 1972 (s. str.)

Synonyms. *manegordensis* Puthz, 1981, described from Paphlagonien, Kysyldscha Haman (type ♂ in FMNH), as ssp. of *korgei* Puthz, 1979.

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Bulgaria, Macedonia, Romania, Turkey, Syria.

Stenus nurdaghensis Assing, 2003b (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 383 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Antakya, Belen Gecidi, Iskenderunm 705 m; Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 900 m; Antakya, Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m.

Cited from 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 360-410 m; Ziyaret Dagi, S Sungur, 660 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus ochropus Kiesenwetter, 1858 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963, sub *erichsoni* Rye, 1864; Puthz 1973a).

Additional records. Baybat gölü, Amas; Eskisehir, Cukochisar, 1000 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Lebanon, Syria.

Stenus osellai Puthz, 1981 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Gurgentepe gec., Bezirk, Ordu (type ♂ in MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus osman Puthz, 2001 (*Tesnus*)

Described from Antalya-Alanya, 26 km Alanya, umg. Incekum (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Alanya, Sapadera; Avsallar, Incekum, 22 km W Alanya.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus pallitarsis Stephens, 1833 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *plantaris* Er., 1839; Fauvel 1873; Horion 1963; Puthz 1972, 1972a).

The ssp. *abanticola* Puthz, 1972 was described from Abant gölü, 1450 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Abant dagh, Bolu, 1400-1500 m; Karabak river, Gerede; Trabzon.

Additional records. Askale, Erzurum (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Russia, Georgia, Armenia (ssp. *abanticola*).

Stenus paludicola Kiesenwetter, 1858 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972, 1972a).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Balkans, Turkey.

Stenus paphlagonicus Puthz, 1971 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Cangal Dag and Cangal-Ayancik in North Anatolia (type ♂ in cS).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus paracanescens Puthz, 1972 (*Metatesnus*)

Described from Abant gölü, Bolu (type ♀ in IRSNB); cited from the same locality (Ryvkin 1990).

Additional records. Abant gölü, Bolu (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Stenus parciior Bernhauer, 1929 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, N Alassa, 350 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

The ssp. *limonensis* Fagel, 1958 was cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Cyprus in the “Distribution” by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Cyprus, Lebanon (ssp. nom.); Europe, Turkey (ssp. *limonensis*).

Stenus picipes Stewphens, 1833 (*Metastenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1963, Puthz 1972, 1972a). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria.

Stenus piscator Saulcy, 1864 (s. str.)

Cited from Kizilcahamam (Ryvkin 1990).

Synonyms. *morulus* Baudi, 1870, described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MSNT) (Puthz 1971, sub *arctulus*; lectotype designation).

Cited from Asia Minor: 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1240 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Transcaspia, Georgia, Armenia, Greece, Turkey, Iraq, Azerbaijan, Lebanon, Israel.

Stenus planifrons Rey, 1884 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Adapazari, Izmit (Korge 1971,) and Asia Minor (Puthz 1972), sub *misael fiorii* Bondr., 1912; Camlidere (Isik), Isik dag (Isik), Hasanoglan (Puthz 1979, sub *robustus* Benick, 1914).

The ssp. *robustus* Benick, 1914 was cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey (ssp. nom.); Cyprus, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Azerbaijan, Turkmenistan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel (ssp. *robustus*).

Stenus ponticus Fagel, 1967 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Pont Euxin, Lazistan (Lazes), in East Anatolia (type ♂ in NMW); cited from Gurgentepe gecidi, Ordu (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Stenus prometheus Puthz, 1967 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Armenia as ssp. of *alpicola* Fvl., 1873, was considered bona species by Ryvkin (1990).

Cited from Kars, 16 km SW Gole, 1600 m; Kars: s/Karakurt, 1900 m; Kars: strada pr Cumacay, 1600 m; Kars: Karakurt-Horasan, 1550 m; Abant Gölü-Bolu, 1600 m; Sivas: Camlibel gecidi, 1650 m (Puthz 2003).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus providus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Abant gölü, Bolu and Adaparazi, Izmit (Korge 1971); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Kazakhstan, North Africa, Madeira.

Stenus pubescens Stephens, 1833 (*Metatesnus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *subimpressus* Er., 1839); Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km W Kirobasi, 1390 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Stenus pusillus Stephens, 1833 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *pusillus* Er., 1839; Horion 1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Stenus rousi Hromadka, 1978 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Russia but also from Asia Minor: Artvin, 600 m (type ♂ in cH).

Cited from Findikli and Hopa-Arhavi, Artvin; Firtina valley, Artvin, 1400 m; Borcka, Artvin; Tal von Ardesen, Ilica; Abant, Bolu, 1450 m; Golkoy, Col Mesudirge, 1000 m (Puthz 1983).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Stenus similis (Herbst, 1784) (*Hypostenus*)

Cited from Caramania (Fauvel 1873); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *oculatus* Gravh., 1892).

Additional records. Sankamus, Kars (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Turano-Europeo-Mediterranean.

Stenus skoraszewskyi Korge, 1971 (s. str.)

Described from Benliahmet, S Kars (type ♂ in cK), and cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1981).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey, Iran.

Stenus solutus Erichson, 1840 (*Hypostenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972a). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus stigmula Erichson, 1840 (s. str.)

Cited from Ilica, Ayden (Korge 1971); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972).

Synonyms. *rhizus* Puthz, 1981, described from Kalkandere, Rize (type ♂ in MSNV), and from Camlihemsin (Rize) and Rize, as ssp. of *stigmula* Er.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Stenus subaeneus Erichson, 1840 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Sabandja, Gök Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Horion 1973, Puthz 1971a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Lebanon, Syria, Algeria.

Stenus subditus Benick, 1920 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Russia, Georgia, Armenia, Azerbaijan.

Stenus suramenis Eppelsheim, 1880 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Georgia, Azerbaijan.

Stenus trapezipennis Puthz, 1981 (s. str.)

Described from Rize, Firtina valley, 1300 m (type ♂ in MHNG) and cited also from Ayder, Rize, 1200 m (Puthz 1981, *Revue suisse Zool.*, 88, 3); Rize (Rivkyn 1990); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caslayan river, 500-1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Stenus turbulentus Bondroit, 1912 (*Hemistenus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; W Larnaka, Stavrovouni, 500 m; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor (Puthz 1972); from Taurus, Suluhan and Belgrader Wald, Istanbul (Puthz 1979); Cyprus (Franz 1987).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2000 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey, Cyprus.

Stenus turcicus Bernhauer, 1912 (*Hemistenus*)

Described from Macedonia but also from Asia Minor: Alhem Dagħ.
Cited from Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972, sub *cribratus turcicus*); "Turcia" (Ryvkin 1990); Antalya, Manavgat, Kizilot, 0-50 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirah, 40 m; Adana, SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; 34 km SE Kahramanmaras, 1070 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Stenus vastus Benick, 1925 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Not cited from Turkey in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Georgia, Russia, Ukraine, Turkey.

Dianous Leach, 1819

Dianous coerulescens (Gyllenhal, 1810)

Cited from Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Puthz 1972a; 1980a); Hamsi Köy, 1200 m in NE Anatolia (Fagel 1963); Sultan dagh, Orkehez, 2000 m (Puthz 1979); Kayseri, Erdschias Dagh; Sultan dag, 200 m; Biledjik (Puthz 2002).

The ssp. *elegans* Iablokoff-Khinzorian, 1957, described as species propria from Armenia, was cited from Macka, Trabzon, 2200 m; Ilica, Ayder, 1000 m (Korge 1971) and from Borecka; Ilica, Ayder, 100-1000 m; Ayder; Ardesen-Ilica; Ilica-Pazar; Artvin (Puthz 2002).

The ssp. *anatolicus* Korge, 1971 was described from Bachufer (Köse), 85 km S Trabzon, 1700 m (type ♂ in cK).

The ssp. *korgei* Puthz 2002, cited as “ssp. ?” by Korge (1971) from Köse, was described from Ordu, Gölköy (type ♂ in NMW), and from Macka, SW Trabzon, 1200 m; Macka-Sumela; Meryemana; Giresun, Yavuzkema; S Giresun.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey (ssp. nom.); Armenia, Turkey (ssp. *elegans*); Georgia, Turkey (ssp. *anatolicus*); endemic (ssp. *korgei*).

Dianous ponticus Fagel, 1963

Described from Asia Minor: Amsi Köy, 1200 m in NE Anatolia (type ♀ in IRSNB).

Cited from Bürece, Toros (Puthz 1979); Taurus, Sürgü and Saimbeyli (Puthz 1981a).

Synonyms. *heinzi* Korge, 1964, described from Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1400 m (type ♂ in cK) and synonymized by Korge (1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

EUAESTHETINAE

Edaphus Motschulsky, 1957

Edaphus beszedesi Reitter, 1914

Cited from Asia Minor (Puthz 1975a).

Additional records. Yol Ustu, Rize, 600 m (MSNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic; introduced in New Zealand.

Octavius Fauvel, 1873

Octavius asiaticus Coiffait, 1958

Described from Karanursel, Izmit (type ♀ in MHNP), and cited from 20 km N Düzce, Bolu (Puthz 1977); type locality (Coiffait 1984).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Octavius besucheti Puthz, 1977

Described from Düzce-Akcakoca, Bolu, 400 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Euaesthetus Gravenhorst, 1806

Euaesthetus ruficapillus (Lacordaire, 1835)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1984a).
Additional records. Beldradwald, Istanbul (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Ctenomastax Kraatz, 1870

Ctenomastax kiesenwetteri Kraatz, 1870

Cited from Cyprus: Limassol, SW Troodos, 1000-1500 m (Puthz 1988).

DISTRIBUTION. South Mediterranean.

PAEDERINAE

Mimopinophilus Coiffait, 1978

Mimopinophilus zarudnyi (Semenov, 1909)

Cited from Antalya, 15 km NE Manavgat, Karpuzcay river, 50 m (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey, Iran.

Procirrus Latreille, 1829

Procirrus saulcy Fauvel, 1872 (*Procirrinus*)

Cited from Bulghar dag (Sahlbeg 1913); 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 400 m; Ziyaret Dagi, Yayladagi baraji, 520 m; Iskenderun, Belen gecidi (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Oedichirus Erichson, 1840

Oedichirus reitteri Bernhauer, 1908 (*Oedichiranus*)

New name for *dimidiatus* Reitter, 1906 described from Central Asia but also from Asia Minor; to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey ?, Cyprus, Tajikistan, Afghanistan.

Oedichirus simoni Eppelsheim, 1889 (s. str.)

Cited from Adana, Karatepe; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 410 m (Assing, 2004e); Adana; 70 km WNW Kahramanmaraş, N Andirin, NE Cokak, 1540 m; Mersin, NW Tarsus, Camliyayla-Gözne, 570-610 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Paederidus Mulsant & Rey, 1877

Paederidus rubrothoracicus (Goeze, 1777)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Trabzon (Fagel 1963); Askale, Erzurum, 1800 m; Yalnizcam gecidi, Artvin; Konya, Sultan dag (Aksehir), 1500-1600 m; Bolu, Abant; Van, Ercis (Bordoni 1976).

Additional records. Yozgat, Kirikkale, 750 m (MZUR); river Cine, Aydin (MZL).

Synonyms. *asiaeminoris* Scheerpeltz, 1957, described from Aksehir and Eski Chehir (type § in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Paederidus ruficollis (Fabricius, 1781)

Cited from Ak-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1900, sub *Paederus gemellus* Kraatz, 1857); Hermi, Menemen (Sahlberg 1913); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927, sub *Paederus*); Daltaban, Kırchly, Kilkit-Czewtlick, Kessa, Sandjak-Gümisch-Chane (Eichler 1924);

Askale, Erzurum, 1800 m; Konya, Sultan Dag (Aksehir), 1500-1600 m; Konya, Gamlik; Kastamonu; Agri, Ala Dag Ilica, 2000 m (Bordoni 1976).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, North Africa.

Paederus Fabricius, 1775

Paederus blachowskyi (Jarrige, 1971) (*Eopaederus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Paederus balcanicus (Koch, 1938) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965, sub *trapeziceps* Scheerpeltz, 1957; Coiffait 1982).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Paederus fuscipes (Curtis, 1826) (*Heteropaederus*)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *longipennis* Erichson, 1839); Asia Minor (Sahlberg 1913); Van (Scheerpeltz 1957); Trabzon (Fagel 1963); Of, Rize (Bordoni 1976).

Additional records. Kirikhan (MZUR); Erzurum, 1850 m; Erzurum, Kombina (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Paederus littoralis (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Paederomorphus*)

Cited from Sabandscha, Karakoi-Boz Oyuk (Penther 1905); Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913); Sinop; Soumela, Trabzon; Gerede, Karabuk river; Izmit, Karamüsel; Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800 m (Bordoni 1976).

Synonyms. *geniculatus* Peyron, 1858, described from Tarsus (type § in AUB); *pedicularius* Gautier, 1862, described from Tarsus (type § in MHNP ?); *strictus* Baudi, 1870, described from Cyprus (type § in MSNT).

Additional records. Gökük, Arsin (Trabzon); Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Algeria.

Paederus pelikani Reitter, 1884d: 44 (*Paederomorphus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Turkey.

***Paederus riparius* (Linné, 1758) (s. str.)**

Cited from Gölköy and Mesudyne (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

***Uncopaederus* Korge, 1969**

***Uncopaederus signiventris* (Smetana, 1962)**

Described from Ilgaz Dag (type ♀ in SMD).

Cited from Ilgaz Dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m; Samsun; Kalkandere, Rize (Bordoni 1976); Ilgaz Dag, 1800 (Korge 1969; Coiffait 1978a, sub *Paederus schoenherri* Czwal.).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Leptobium* Casey, 1905**

***Leptobium assingi* Bordoni, 1994**

Described from Manavgat, Antalya (type ♂ in cA), and from Kiselot, Manavgat.

Cited from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m; E Hasanbeyli, Nurdagi gecidi, 1025 m; Adana, Osmaniye-Zorkum, 550-850 m; Karatepe, Laurisilva, 200 m; Antakya, Iskenderun (Assing 2005b); 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1110 m; NE Kadirli, 11 km NE Andirin, 1280 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Leptobium bicarinatum* Assing, 2005b**

Described from 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 880 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Ziyaret Dagi, 19 km S Antakya, 913 m; 25 km S Senköy, 900-930 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 410 m; Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 380 m; Yayladagi, Antakya,, 400-800 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria (Aleppo).

***Leptobium bozdagense* Assing, 2006d**

Described from Izmir, Boz Daglar, SE Turgutlu, 900 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium carinatum Assing, 2005b

Described from Mugla, 20 km NNE Ferthiye, 970 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Ferthiye, Oludeniz, 150 m; Mugla, 25 km Ferthiye, E Uzümlü, 610 m; Antalya, SW Akyazi, NE Belpinar pass, 870 m; Antalya, 25 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli pass, 830 m; Beydagl., (Elmali); Susuz dag, Dokuz-Göl (Elmali), 1700-2000 m; Mugla, Göcek; Lykien, Kale-Finike.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium geminum Assing, 2005b

Described from Hassa-Kilis, 800 m (type ♂ in cK), and from Sakcagözü, 900-1300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium gracile (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Isparta and Eskischeir (Koch 1937); Istanbul; Halkali; Bursa, Karacabey; Giresun, Alucra, 1400 m; Balıkesir, Manyas Gölü; Eskisehir; Mahmudiye; Ankara, Gölbaşı; 15 km S Sereflikochisar; Izmir; Mugla, 25 km N Fethiye; N Fethiye, Calis; 60 km NE Fethiye, Girdev Gölü, 1740 m; Antalya, Elmali, Avla Gölü; S Elmali, Camkuyusu, 1300 m; 10 km N Akseki, 1350 m; 2 km N Göltarla, 1070 m; Bewlek; Bakaran-Cevizli, 1400 m; Burdur Gölü, Cercin, 870 m; 21 km SE Burdur, 1200 m; Isparta, Lake Beysehir; Egridir Gölü; Isparta-Dinar; Konya, Bakaran, 1400 m; Taskent, Fasikan pass; Tuz gölü; Samsun-Bafra; Sivas, Hafik; Adana, Ceyhan; Cankiri, Inköy, 1300 m; 75 km W Malatya; Adiyman, Gölbaşı, 900 m; Gümüşhane, Erzincan-kelkit, 2100 m; Erzincan, Pülümür, 1700 m; Diyarbakir, 850 m; Erzurum, 1950 m; Hakkari, Yüksekova; Kaiseri, Pazarören-Bünyan, 1400 m; Van, 28 km SE Baskale, 1900 m; 20 km E Van (Assing 2005b).

Synonyms. *winkleri* Koch, 1937, described from Adana (type ♂ in NHMB) (lectotype designed in Assing 2005b); *truqui* Saulcy, 1864, described from Tarsus (type ♂ in ?).

Additional records. Isparta, Beysehir lake, Belgeyix (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Europe, Balkans, Cyprus, Turkey, Russia, Ukraine, Azerbaijan (2 localities), Armenia (2 localities), Syria, Israel (Haifa), Iran, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan (3 localities), Tajikistan (Uratjube), North Africa.

Leptobium illyricum (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Dolicon*); Bolkan dag, Ulukisla (Sahlberg 1913); Antalya, Alanya, 12 km W Güzelbag; Manavgat; 18 km SE Gazipasa; Konya, Aksehir, 1900 m; Sertuval gecidi, 1500-1600 m; Mersin, N Anamur, 350 m; Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Silifke-Gülнар, 430 m; Camliayla; Mersin-Yeniköy, 650 m (Assing 2005b; lectotype designed).

DISTRIBUTION. Slovenia, Italy (Trieste), Croatia, Bosnia Herzegovina,

Montenegro, Macedonia (Begovine), Albania, Greece, Turkey, Iran (Mahabad).

Leptobium longitibiale Assing & Wunderle, 2001

Described from Cyprus: Paphos forest, Kykko-Pera Vasa, 400-650 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium mutabile Assing, 2005b

Described from Ciralı, 60 km SSW Antalya, 220 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Antalya, E Kumluca, 335 m; Lykien, Kale-Finike; Alanya, Ilica-Sugözü, 340-700 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium ponticum Assing, 2005b

Described from Sinop, Lala (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium schuelkei Assing, 2005b

Described from Kizil Dagı, 19 km W Antakya, 360 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptobium syriacum (Saulcy, 1864)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas; Limassol; N Limassol, Alassa, 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderl 2001, sub *fageli*); Kyrenia; Larnaca; Paphos; Loutra Aphroditı, W Polis; Yermasoyia river. Asia Minor: Mersin, N Anamur, 350 m; 15 km NW Erdemli, Arslanlı; Camliayla; Mersin-Yeniköy, 650 m; 8 km S Kirobasi, 900 m; Tarsus; 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; Adana, N Kozan, 250 m; Ceyhan, Zeytinli; Osmaniye; Adana; E Osmaniye, Yarpuz, 920 m; Antakya; Antakya, SW Senköy, 900 m; Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m; Yayladagi, 400-800 m; N Harbiye, 300-400 m; Belen, Issus pass; Ulucinar; Nur Dagları, 10 km W Hassa, 1000-1200 m; Gaziantep; Karbiyikli, 1000 m; Gaziantep, Hassa-Kilis, 800 m; Hasanbeyli, Amanus mnt.; Karhrmanmaras, 1070 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m (Assing 2005b); Gaziantep, Sof Dagı, Sahinbey, 1300 m (Assing 2006d).

Synonyms. *fageli* Jarrige, 1952, described from Cyprus: Larnaka (type ♂ in MHNP); *gridellianum* Jarrige, 1952, described from Adana in Cilicia (type ♂ in MHNP); *anatolicum* Coiffait, 1972, described from Diarbekir (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Leptobium tauricum Gusarov, 1988

Described from S Bursa, 500 m (type ♂ in ZIP).

Cited from 60 km WNW Izmir, SW Karaburun, 420 m (Assing 2006d).

DISTRIBUTION. Ukraine, Turkey.

Leptobium wunderlei Bordoni, 1994

Described from Manavgat, Antalya (type ♂ in cW).

Cited from Antalya, Gündgms; 22 km W Antalya, Avsallar; 3-15 km NE Manavgat, 15-50 m; Akseki, Güclüköy, 600 m; Akseki; Alanya, 15 km E Manavgat, Karpuzcay, 10 m; Alanya, 12 km W Payallar, 100 m; Alanya, W Güzelnag; Alanya, 10 km W Payallar; Topraktepe, 200 m; 20 km N Manavgat (Assing 2005b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Achenium Leach, 1819

Achenium anatolicum Jarrige, 1952 (s. str.)

Described from Ankara (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Mezer-Olouk in Taurus (Peyron 1858); Kestel (Coiffait 1971, sub *depressum* ssp. *anatolicum*).

Additional records. Antalya, Elmali, Avla Gölü (MZUR); Corum, Bogazkale (cB); Konya, Beysehir lake (MZUR, cB); Konya, Camlik (MZUR); Isparta, Beysehir lake (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Achenium depressum Gravenhorst, 1802 (s. str.)

Cited from Konya (Horion 1965), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Achenium fumatum Koch, 1937 (s. str.)

Described from Adana (type ♂ in MSNM), and from Konya.

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Achenium humile (Nicolai, 1822) (s. str.)

Cited from Eskischehir, Isparta (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Achenium levantinum Reitter, 1884 (s. str.)

Cited from Istanbul, Belgrader forest; Tschakit-Thal (Koch 1937).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Turkey.

Achenium picinum Fauvel, 1875 (s. str.)

Described from Tarsus (type ♂ in IRSNB) and cited from Tarsus and Adana (Koch 1937); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1971); Adana, Osmaniye, 300 m; Adana, Ceyhan; 26 km S Gaziantep (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan.

Achenium planum Erichson, 1840 (s. str.)

Cited from Alem Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1927), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Iran, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Achenium scimbaloides Koch, 1937 (*Michrachenium*)

Described from Adana (type ♂ in MSNM).

Cited probably from Meandro river, near Seraikjoi (Sahlberg 1913, sub *tenellum* Er.) and from Gelibolu in Europæan Turkey (Coiffait 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Achenium torretassoi Koch, 1937 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1971), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Greece (Rhodos), Cyprus ?

Achenium turcicum Coiffait, 1971 (s. str.)

Described from Sarkikaraagac, Isparta (type ♂ in MHNP).

Additional records. Isparta, Beysehir lake, Belgeyix (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gen. **Scymbalium** Erichson, 1839

Scymbalium anale (Nordman, 1836)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Mengen, Abant (Coiffait 1978).

Additional records. Beysehir lake, Konya (MZUR, cB); Elmalı, Antalya, Avla gölü (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iraq, Turkmenistan, Syria, Algeria.

Scymbalium minimum Eppelsheim, 1888

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Macedonia, Turkey.

Micrillus Raffray, 1873

Micrillus cypriacus Coiffait, 1980

Described from Cyprus: Larnaka (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Micrillus libanicus Coiffait, 1980

Cited from Adana, Osmaniye, 300 m; Adana (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon.

Micrillus pubipennis (Fairmaire, 1860)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Micrillus testaceus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004). Probably a part of the listed species are synonyms of this taxa.

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Micrillus turcicus Coiffait, 1980

Described from Trabzon (type ♀ in MHNP).

Cited (probably) from Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913, sub *pubipenne* Fairm., 1860); Mersin, Camliyayla, 1800 m; Kahraman Maras, Elbistan (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Micrillus zacinthicus Coiffait, 1980

Cited dubitatively from Manavgat, Kiselot (Bordoni 1994).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey ?

Micrillus zuercheri (Wanka, 1914)

Described from Adana (type ♀ in NMP).

Cited from South Anatolia (Coiffait 1980).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Platydomene Ganglbauer, 1895

Platydomene lanugo Assing, 2003d

Described from Cangal-Ayancik, Sinop (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Throbalium Mulsant & Rey, 1877

Throbalium adanense Koch, 1939

Described from Adana (type ♂ in NMB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Throbalium creticum Coiffait, 1980

Described from Cyprus: Baie de Colpos-Soudas (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Throbalium cycladicum Koch, 1937

Cited from Adana (Koch 1938a), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey ?

Throbalium dividuum (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Spain, Italy, Russia, Greece, Cyprus, Egypt, Morocco, Canary Is.

Throbalium iranicum Scheerpeltz, 1961

Additional records. Izmir (MZUR). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Pseudobium Mulsant & Rey, 1877

Pseudobium alanyaense Fagel, 1969

Described from Alanya, Dim Irmak river (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Antalya, Alanya, S Tasgesisi, Karpuz river, 50 m (Assing 2006e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pseudobium anaticum Assing, 2006e

Described from Mugla, NE Fethiye, Kargi, 25 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Alanya, Karpuz-Ostufer, S Tasgesisi, 50 m.

Cited from Manisa, Turgutlu, Cikrikci (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Pseudobium cypriacum* Jarrige, 1949**

Described from Cyprus: Larnaka (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Cyprus (Fagel 1969); Choletria, Xeros Potamos, 150 m; Agios Georgios, 150 m; Mamonia, 100 m; Sarama, 250 m; Limnatis river, 200 m; Korfi, 350 m; Nikokleia-Mamonia; Kidasi; Kannaviou, 350 m; Asia Minor: Antalya, Alanya, S Tasgesisi, 50 m; 6 km NE Osmaniye; 20 km W Antakya, NW Taknepinar (Assing 2006e); 15 km ENE Mugla, 1190 m (Assing 2007m).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Pseudobium hellenicum* Assing, 2006e**

Described from Greece and cited from Izmir, Bayindir, Yakapinar (Assing 2007m).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

***Pseudobium labile* (Erichson, 1840)**

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900), probably for misidentification.

DISTRIBUTION. Portugal, Spain, Corse, Sardegna, Canary Is., Madeira, North Africa.

***Pseudolathra* Casey, 1905**

***Pseudolathra boyadjiani* (Rambousek, 1907) (s. str.)**

Described from Kizil Dag in Taurus (type ♀ in NMP: probably lost).

Cited from Adana (Bordoni 1980); 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1110 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Pseudolathra quadricolle* (Fauvel, 1875) (s. str.)**

Described from Tarsus (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Syria, Algeria.

***Pseudolathra sisara* (Saulcy, 1864) (s. str.)**

Cited from Tarsus (Coiffait 1982, sub var. *rufipennis* Coiffait, 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Lobrathium Mulsant & Rey, 1877

Lobrathium apicale (Baudi, 1870) (*Paralobrathium*)

Described from Cyprus (type ♀ in MSNT).

Cited from Cyprus: Kombos (Coiffait 1982); Troodos; Kannaviou, Ezousa river, 350 m (Assing 2007i). Cited also from Asia Minor: Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900), probably for misidentification.

Synonyms. *cypriacum* Jarrige, 1947, described from Cyprus: Larnaka (type ♂ in MHNP) and cited from Paphos, Kannaviou; Kombos; Stavros (Assing & Schülke 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Crete, Cyprus.

Lobrathium ciliciae Bordoni, 1980 (s. str.)

Described from Adana, Kazan, 600 m (type ♀ in MHNG).

Cited from Adana, SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium frater Korge, 1971 (*Ponthrobium*)

Described from Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1450 m (type ♂ in cK), and from Temdere, Giresun, 1600 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium heinzi Korge, 1971 (*Ponthrobium*)

Described from Ilica (Ayder), 1000-1200 m and Camlik, Rize, 1750 m (type ♂ in cK).

Cited from Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, E Zigana gecidi, 2300-2400 m; Rize, 30 km S Ardesen, 1750 m (Assing 2007i).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium pravum Assing & Schülke, 2002 (s. str.)

Described from 10 km S Silvan, Batman (type ♂ in NHMW), and from Silvan, 100 km Diyarbakir; Karacadag, Diyarbakir; Genc, Bingol.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium rugipenne (Hochhuth, 1851) (s. str.)

Cited from from Bulghar dag (=Bolkan dag, Adana); Tschukalochori; Smirne, Me-
leni river; Meandro river (Sahlberg 1913, sub *apicale* Baudi); Sapanca, Adapazari; Kca-
koka, Abant dag, Bolu; Akkus, Unye; Kulukkaya, Giresun (Korge 1971, sub *apicale*
Baudi); Zonguldak, Eregli Koca Ali; 15 km NE Gümüşhane, 1900-2000 m; Rize, 30 km
SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 500 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal valley, 1800 m; Erzurum, 35
km NW Tortum, Mecit Daglari, 1700-2000 m; Izmir; Nugla, 60 km NE Fethiye, Temel-
Girden Gölü, 1900 m; Seki, Temel, 2230 m; N Fethiye, Calis, 10 m; NW Fethiye, Kargi;
Afyon-Isparta, Sultan Daglari; Antalya, Cirah; E Kumluca, 390 m; N Komluca, 460 m;
30 km NW Kas, S Belpinar gecidi, 980 m; Kemer, Beldibi; 5 km NW Kemer, 200 m; N
Manavgat, Yaylaalan, 900 m; 22 km W Alanya, Avsallar; 5 km N Alanya; Alarahan, 300
m; Köseller, Aksu river, 80 m; 6 km S Camyuva, 20 m; Burdur, Asagigökdere, SuCati
river, 380 m; Adana, Feke; Antakya, Harbiye (Assing 2007i).

Synonyms. *meridionale* Korge, 1971 (*Paralobrathium*), described, as ssp. of *apicale*
Baudi, from Bozburun dag in Taurus, 1000 m (type ♂ in cK.), and from Sultan dag, Ufer;
Erciya dag, Bachufer, 2000 m.

Additional records. Sinop, Draganaz gecidi (MZUR); Zunguldak, Kapouz cave
(MZUR, cB); Bursa (MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Eastern Mediterranean, Turkey.

Lobrathium schillhammeri Assing & Schülke, 2002 (*Paralobrathium*)

Described from Euphratufer bei Halfeti (Birecik) (type ♂ in NHMW), and from
Halfeti and 5 km N Halfeti.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium trapezuntis Bordoni, 1973 (*Ponthrobium*)

Described from Sümela (Trabzon) (type ♂ in MSNV).

Additional records. Sümela, Trabzon (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium wunderlei Assing, 2006 (s. str.)

Described from 50 km NE Adiyaman, N Sincik, 1520 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 20
km ESE Karhanmanmaras, Elmalar; 30 km SSE Kahramanmaras, Uzunsöğüt, 660 m.

Cited from Osmaniye, N Bahce, Bekdemir, 900 m (Assing 2007i).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lobrathium yagmuri Assing, 2007i (s. str.)

Described from Boruk Dagı, Dogansehir, Malatya (type ♂ in cAN).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tetartopeus Czwalina, 1888

Tetartopeus adanensis Assing, 2004e

Described from Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 920 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Adana, 37 km N Kozan, S Feke, 670 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tetartopeus czwalinai Jacobson, 1909

New name for *decipiens* Czwalina, 1888, described from Smyrne (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tetartopeus quadratum (Paykull, 1789)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972) for misidentification.

DISTRIBUTION. Central Europe, Russia.

Tetartopeus scutellaris (Nordmann, 1837)

Cited from Adana (Horion 1965)

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Tetartopeus stylifer (Reitter, 1909)

Cited from 35 km NW Tortum, Erzurum, Mescit Daglari, 1700-2000 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Ukraine, Turkey, Iraq.

Lathrobium Gravenhorst, 1802

Lathrobium bernhaueri Koch, 1937

Cited from Ilica, Ayder, 1000-1600 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey.

Lathrobium bodemeyeri Bernhauer, 1903

Described from Goek Dag, Hassa-Pascha-Kay (Salandja) (type ♂ in NMW); lecto-type designed in Assing (2001e).

Cited from Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927); Sündiken Dagl. (Bos Dag); Bolu, Abat Gölü; Abant Dagl., Bolu, Yedigöller, Bolu; Düzce-Akcakoca, Bolu; Ömerler, Bolu; Zonguldak, Ereğli-Baliköy (Assing 2001e); Kastamonu, Ilgazdag Diphani, 1300 m; Zonguldak, Ereğli-Baliköy (Assing 2004e).

Synonyms. (Assing 2001e): *besucheti* Bordoni, 1980, described from Elmalick-Bakacak, Bolu, 850 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Armenia, Turkey.

Lathrobium brignolii Bordoni, 1980

Described from Gurgentepe gecidi, Ordu, 1275 m (type ♀ in MZUR).

Cited from S Tekkiraz, Ordu; Ulubey, Ordu; Akkus (Assing 2001e); S Ordu, S Kaabaduz (Assing 2007f).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lathrobium castaneipenne Kolenati, 1846

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, East Russia, China.

Lathrobium deforme Assing, 2007f

Described from 35 km S Giresun, 1250 m (type ♂ in cA), and from the same locality, 830 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lathrobium dimidiatipenne Bernhauer, 1910

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1982).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Ukraine, Turkey, Mongolia.

Lathrobium distortum Assing, 2007f

Described from Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lathrobium elongatum (Linné, 1767)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan.

Lathrobium fulvipenne Gravenhorst, 1806

Cited from Temdere, Giresun, 1600 m; Benliahmet, Kars; Eschisehir (Korge 1971); Gölköy and Musudiye (Coiffait 1978).

Additional records. Isparta, Beysehir lake, Belgıyix (MZUR, cB); Kulakkaia, Bicik Orman, (Giresun), 1800 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Lathrobium furcatum (Czwalina, 1888)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1982).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Hungary, Balkans, Romania, Slovakia, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Lathrobium laevipenne (Heer, 1839)

Cited from Tamdere, Giresun, 1600 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Lathrobium longulum (Gravenhorst, 1802)

The ssp. *luzari* Koch, 1937 was described from Eskischehir (type ♂ in MSNM). Additional records. Cildir, Kars (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lathrobium pallidipenne Hochhuth, 1851

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Lathrobium paphlagonicum Assing, 2001

Described from Cangal Dag, 60 km SW Sinop (type ♂ in NHMW).

Cited from Sinop, Lala near Sinop; 23 km N Boyabat, S Bektas (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Lathrobium ripicola (Czwalina, 1888)

Cited from Eskischehir (Koch 1937; Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Lathrobium rufonitidus (Reitter, 1909)

Described as var. of *quadratum* from Turkestan, this species is widespread from North Europe to Italy and Asia: see the synonymys *fennicum* Renkonen, 1938 from Finland (Gusarov 1994), *confusus* Coiffait, 1972 from France and *ciceronii* Zanetti, 1998 from Italy (Bordoni 2004).

Cited from Samsun (Korge 1971, sub *fennicum*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1982, sub *confusus* Coiffait., 1972), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European.

Lathrobium taxi Bernhauer, 1902

Cited from Tamdere, Giresun, 1600 m (Korge 1971), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Turkey ?

Lathrobium uncinatum Assing, 2001

Described from Ilgazdag, Kastamonu, 15 km N Tosua, 1600-1700 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Domene Fauvel, 1872

Domene stilicina (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Bulghar dag (Sahlberg 1913).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Luzea Blackwelder, 1952

Luzea gaeca (Kraatz, 1857)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon.

Luzea nigrītula (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Antalya, SW Akyazi, NE Belpinar pass, 870 m; 70 km NE Fethiye, Gü-lübeli Gecik, 1525 m; S Elmali, Camkuyusu, 1300 m; 2 km N Göltarla; Manavgat, 0-50 m; Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km W Kirobasi, 1390 m; Adana, Tekir, 1200 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1110 m; NE Kadirli, Toplar-Andirin, 1110 m; NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m; 20 km ESE Kahramanmaras, Elmalar, 650 m; Ahir Dagi, 27 km ENE Kahramanmaras, 1400 m; Kayseri, 12 km W Develi, 1000 m; Hakkari, Danin-Danin Gecidi (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon, Libya, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira.

Medon Stephens, 1833

Medon abantensis Bordini, 1980

Described from Abant, Bolu (type ♂ in MSNV).

Cited from Artvin, 5 km E Hopa, 100 m; S Artvin, 800 m; Artvin, 650 m; Rize (Assin, 2004c); Izmir, Boz Daglar, 1480 m (Assing 2007b).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Abkhazia.

Medon beydaghensis Fagel, 1969

Described from Bey Dag, Antalya, 700 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from SW Antalya, 15 km S Kemer, 60 m; Kemer; W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m; Antalya, SE Termessos, 300 m; NW Alanya, Günzelbag; Isparta, Egridir-Candir (Assing 2004c); 90 km NE Antalya, Köprülü Canyon (Assing 2004d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Medon brunneus (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Istanbul, Sile, forest of Tasdeleu; Kirklareli, Yenickoy-Demirkoy (Bordini 1980b); Istanbul, forest of Belgrader; Costantinopel; Alem Dag; Kirklareli, De-

mirköy (Assing 2004c); Kırklareli, Demirköy; Istanbul, Forest of Belgrad; Istanbul, Sile (Assing 2006f).

DISTRIBUTION. Hungary, Croatia, Bosnia Herzegovina, Yugoslavia, Macedonia, Albania, Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Medon caricus Fagel, 1970

Described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Canakkale, Intepe (Bordoni 1980b); Izmir, Bahcelikoy; N Marmaris, Mugla, 65 m (Assing 2004c); Izmir, Kemalpas (Assing 2007b).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Medon cyprensis Assing & Wunderle, 2001

Described from Cyprus, Kommanderia, 750 m (type ♂ in CW), and from S Platres, Moniatis, Bachtal, 700 m; Paphos Forest, Kykkos, Pera Vasa, 400 m; Kyrenia, Bellpais; Paphos, Ayios.

Cited also from Agios Dhimitrios, 600 m; Livadhi Valley, 700 m (Assing 2004c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Medon ferrugineus (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Sakarya, 20 km S Adapazari; Sinop, 23 km N Baybat, S: Baktas; Lala near Sinop; Ankara, Kizilcahamam; Kastamonu, 15 km N Tosya, Ilgazdag, 1600-1700 m; Samsun, Karadag Pass, NE Hafsa; Samsun; Ordu; Trabzon, Sumela; Trabzon; Bingöl, E Bingöl, 1300 m; Karliova; Tunceli, Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Pülümür, SE Erzincan (Assing 2004c); Gümüşhane, 80 km SW Trabzon, Zigana pass, 2050 m (Assing 2007b); Mus, Buglan Gecidi, 1600 m (Assing 2007l).

Synonyms. *orduanum* Bordoni, 1980, described from Ordu (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Czech Rep. (Moravia), Hungary (2 localities), Romania, Bulgaria (Stara Planina), Bosnia Herzegovina or Croatia (Kupanje), Macedonia (2 localities), Turkey.

Medon fusculoides Coiffait, 1969

Cited from Tunceli, N Tunceli; Diyarbakir, 61 km S Bingöl; Hakkari, Karakale near Hakkari, 1400 m (Assing 2004c).

Synonyms. *amidanum* Bordoni, 1978, described from Diyarbakir, Korkha cave, Lice (type ♂ in MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey, Iran.

Medon fuscus (Mannerheim, 1830)

Cited from Caramania, Anatolia (Sahlberg 1913); Ulu Dag, Bursa, 400-900 m (Fagel 1970); Istanbul, Yalova; Alem Dag: Kocaele, Goek Dag; Zonguldak, Ereğli-Baloköy; S Zonguldak; Bolu, Abant Gölü; Kastamonu, Küre, 600 m; Sinop, S Ayancik; Cangal; Amasya, Borobay gölü; Ordu, Unye; Ankara, Sabanca; Ankara; Mugla, N Marmaris, Mugla, 65 m; Toparlar; Tethiye, Kadyanda, 850 m; SE Köyceğiz, 10 m; Antalya, road to Saklikent, 1000 m; NW Alanya, Günzelbag; Alanya, Sapadere; Manavgat, 0-50 m; Manavgat, Gündogmus, 900 m; 30 km W Alanya, Incekum, 2' m; E Kamluca, 385 m; W Kemer, 325 m; Isparta, Egredir-Candir, 900 m; Mersin, Anamur, Kösekbasi, 150 m; Tarsus-Gülek, 550 m; 30 km NW Erdemli, S Yagda, 1310 m; Camliyayla, 1800 m; Adana, Tekir, 1300 m; Feke; Osmaniye, 1200 m; Antakya, 7 km E Yesilkent. 350-400 m; Bitlis, Tarvan 1900 m; Hizan; Bingöl,; E Bingöl, 1300 m (Assing 2004c); Antalya, Belek; Mersin, Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m; E Silifke, Narjıkuyu, Cennet Cöküğü, 130 m; Adana, 13 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 930 m; Kahramanmaraş, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (Assing 2004d); Tokat-Almus, 1200 m; Adana, Kozan, 600 m; Konya, Camlik, Toroslats Mts., 1345-1380 m; Adiyman, Gölbasi, 900 m (Assing 2006, Bonner zool. Beitr., 54 (2005), 1); Izmir, Kemalpaşa; Aydın, Bozdoğan, 80 m; Dilek Dagi, S Güzelcamli, 4440 m; SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007b); Istanbul, Durusu; Mardin, 3 km NW Yesilli, Anzep C.; Osmaniye, Erzin-Zurkun, 930 m (Assing 2007l).

Synonyms. (Assing 2004): *gajaci* Coiffait, 1973, described from Gouffre Cenet cave, Korigos, Mersin (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Krasnodar), Europe, Caucasus, Ukraine (Kiev), Turkey, Lebanon (Lakloul).

Medon lamellatus Assing, 2004c

Described from Tuncle, Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Antakya, Sogukoluk, 700 m; Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m.

Cited from Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, 25 km WNW Gaziantep, 1070 m; Kartal Dagi, E Isikli, 1100 m; W Isikli, 1120 m; Kahramanmaraş, Pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1550 m (Assing 2004d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Medon lindbergi Scheerpeltz, 1958

Described from Nardlijda cave (type ♀ in NMW), and from Dereumer, “Kleine Grotte”, Harbiyé, cave (lectotype ♂ designed in Assing 2004c).

Cited from Antakya, WSW Yesilkent, 990 m; Kizildag, Yaylica, 190 m; Iskenderun, Sogukoluk, 533 m; E Yesilkent, 389-420 m; Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m; Harbiye; Payas; Yayladagi-Yeditepe (Assing 2004c); Adana, E Osmaniye, Yarpuz, 850 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 400 m (Assing 2004d); Kahramanmaraş, Nurhak Dagi; Gaziantep, Sahinbey, Sofalici creek; Adiyaman, Uçgoz (Assing 2007b); 40 km SW Kahramanmaraş, W Doluca, 1040 m; Osmaniye, Erzin-Zorkun, 680 m (Assing 2007l).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Anatolia to Israel.

Medon lydicus Bordoni, 1980

Described from Bergana Korak, Izmir (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Izmir, Camlik; Mugla, Gökova; N Marmaris (Mugla), 65 m; Gölgeci Daglari, 20 km NE Köycegiz, below Agla, 600 m (Assing 2004c).

Synonyms. (Assing 2004c): *mimulus* Fagel, 1970 n. preoc., described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in IRSNB); *lanugo* Assing, 2004c, **syn. n.**

Medon lanugo was described from Mersin, road Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mugla, SE Fathiye, Baba Dag, above Ovacik, 680 m; Antalya, Tal sö Termessos, 300 m; Antalya, Kamluca, 330 m; Antalya, Saklikent, 1000 m; Owadijk Gr.; Antalya, Manavgat; Akseki, 4 km NW Akseki, 1250 m; 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli Pass, 830 m; Antalya, W Kemer, 1120 m; Isparta, Egredir-Candir, 900 m; Tunceli, Ovacik, 1100 m; Mersin, 25 km NW Erdemli, 1085 m; 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; Namrun; Adana, Karatepe, 200 m; N Osmaniye, Karatepe; Antakya, Nur Daglari, WSW Yesilkent, 990 m; 7 km E Yesilkent, 350-400 m; Yayladagi, 450 m; Samsun; Samsun, Karadag Pass; cited also from Mersin, Akarca, 780 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 1000 m; Adana, 10 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 900 m; 36 km N Kozan, S Feke, 770 m; Antakya, 10 km S Iskenderun, W Sogukoluk, 760 m; Nur Daglari, 9 km SE Iskenderun, NE Belen, 1240 m (Assing, 2004d); Antalya, 30 km N Akseki, Bademli gecidi; Amasya-Ezinepazari (Assing 2006, Bonner zool. Beitr., 54 (2005), 1); Manisa, Tugutlu, Catalköprü; Aydin, 5 km WSW Karakasu, Karincali Dag, 790 m; Dilek Dag, Kanyon, 70-670 m; Dilek Dag, S Güzelcamli, 410 m (Assing 2007b); Adana, Kozan-Feke, 25 km Kozan, 775 m; Osmaniye, N Bahce, Bekdemir, 1200 m; Osmaniye, Kaypak-Yarpuz, 1370 m (Assing 2007l).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Medon maronitus (Saulcy, 1864)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001, sub *marmarisensis*); Istanbul, forest of Belgradere; Samsun, Samsun-Kavak; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal Dag; Izmir, Bergama-Kozak; Meryemana-Selcuk, 500 m; Manisa, Salihli, 500 m; Mugla, Bayr, 25 km NE Kemer, 950 m; Marmaris (Mugla), Cetibeli; Isparta, S Egridir, Kovada Nat. Park; Antalya, Bey Dag; Manavgat, 0-900 m; Manavgat, Yaylaalan, 850 m; road to Saklikent, 1000 m; Antalya, Kemer; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; 90 km W Adana, Bulghardagi; Adana, S Pozanti, 945 m; E Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m; Antakya, 7 km E Yesilkent, 350-400 m; Payas (Assing 2004c); Adana, 10 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 900 m; Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 400 m; Nur Daglari, 9 km SE Iskenderun, 1240 m (Assing 2004d); Karaburun, Izmir, 550 m; Aydin, Dilek Dag, Kanyon (Assing 2007b).

Synonyms. *marmarisensis* Fagel, 1970, described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in IRSNB) and cited from Izmir, Bugama-Korak (Bordoni 1980); *alexandrinum* Bordoni, 1980, described from Erzurum, Tortum, Azort lake (Argapazari Daglari) (type ♂ in MHNG); *reliquus* Assing, 2007d, **syn. n.**

Medon reliquus was described from Izmir, Boz Daglar, Bozdag, 1480 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Aydin, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrek Tepe, 850 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Lebanon, Georgia (Tbilisi), Russia (probably *turcmenus* Gusarov, 1995), Turkey, Iran, Israel.

Medon meybohmi Assing, 2007l

Described from Adana, Kozan-Feke, 27 km Kozan, 775 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Medon piceus (Kraatz, 1858)

Cited from Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait, 1970), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?

Medon pythonissa (Saulcy, 1865)

Cited from Cyprus: S Ayia; Stroumbi, 400 m; Yerovasa; Mt Olympos; Troodos; Platres; Alonoudhi Junction, 600 m; Caledonian Falls; Baths of Apfrodite; Livadhi valley, 700 m; Agios Dimitrios, 600 m; Kalopanayotis, 850 m; Cedar valley, 1200 m; Platania (Assing 2004c). Cited also from Asia Minor: Narlidja (Antiochia) (Scheerpeltz 1958); Icme Pinari cave, Arak (Coiffait 1969, Ann. Spél., 24: 709); Bademli, Isparta (Coiffait 1976, Ann. Spél., 31: 232); Istanbul; Izmir, Bozdagh; Izmir, Agamemnon; Meryemana-Selcuk, 500 m; Aydin, E Kiyucak; Manisa, S Salihli, 500 m; Ankara, Soguksu Nat. Park, 1000 m; Denizli, 50 km N Fethiye, S Cameli, 1245 m; Mugla, Baba Dag, above Ovacick, 1700 m; 25 km NNE Fethiye, N Uzümlü, 750 m; 20 km NNE Fethiye, 1000 m; Antalya, Manvgat, 0-900 m; Alanya, S tasgesigi, 50 m; Beldivi, 25 km W Antalya; road Antalya-Anamur, 13 km E Gazipasa, 180 m; Bey Dag, 5 km E Kumluca, 385 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 220 m; 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli Pass, 830 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagi, 1230 m; W Kemer, 325 m; Konya, Beysehir, Yesildag, 1500 m; 18 km SE Beysehir, 1200 m; Aksehir; Mersin, Anamur, Kösekbasi, 150 m; road Anamur-Ermenek, 800 m; 20 km NNW Mut, 1320 m; 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; 25 km NW Erdemli, 1085 m; 10 km N Mersin; Nidge, 10 km N Pozanti, 870 m (Assing 2004c); Mersin, Tönük, 380 m; Balikesir, Ayvalik; Istanbul, Antalya, Surözü, Alanya, Güclüköy, Akseki; Kilik, 800 m (Assing 2006, Bonner zool. Beitr., 54 (2005), 1); Aydin, 5 km WSW Karakasu, Karincali Dagi, 790 m; Dilek Dagi, Kanyon, 70-370 m; Mugla, Bafa lake, 20 m; Bafa, Yediler, 230 m; Labranda, 550-660 m; Ankara, Gölbası (Assing 2007b); 25 km SW Kahramanmaraş, Yesilyöre, 800 m (Assing 2007l).

Synonyms. (Assing & Wunderle, 2001): *mersinum* Bordoni, 1980, described from Mut (type ♂ in MZUR) and *haafi* Scheerpeltz, 1956, described from Cyprus, Pedhoulas (type ♀ in NMW), and cited also from Lapithos and Ulu dag, Bursa (Fagel 1970), and from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas forest; Limassol; 35 km SW Platres; Kodasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Antalya, Akseki; Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 1000 m; Kahramanmaraş, 20 km SW Hopurlu, 520 m; Antakya, N Belen Gecidi, 1310 m (Assing 2004d).

Additional records. Ayvalik, Balikesir, Bursa (MHNG, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Macedonia, Greece, Cyprus, Turkey, Georgia, Russia (Krasnodar), Ukraine, Israel.

Medon rufiventris (Nordmann, 1837)

Cited from Antalya, Güzelbag; Aydıncık, Ürümdü; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dağı, 1340 m; Isparta, S Eğirdir, Kivada Gölü; Mersin, Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Camlıyayla; Adana, Feke (Assing 2004c).

Synonyms. (Assing, 2004c): *anatolicum* Coiffait, 1969, described from Bademli, Isparta (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria (Burgenland), Romania (Baile Herculane), Bosnia Herzovina (Celi), “Serbia”, Greece, Turkey, Russia (Krasnodar).

Medon seleucus Bordonì, 1980

Described from Antakya, Urabat (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Antakya; Kizıldag, NW Teknepinar, 383 m; E Yesilkent, 350-400 m; WSW Yesilkent; Harbiye; Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m; Payas (Assing 2004c); Adana, 13 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 930 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 340-410 m (Assing 2004d); Osmaniye, N Bahçe, Bekdemir, 900 m; 7 km E Erzin, 600-650 m; Erzincan, 550-960 m (Assing 2007l).

Synonyms. *subquadratus* Assing, 2004c, **syn. n.**

Medon subquadratus was described from Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 430 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, Tarsus-Gülek, 550 m; 10 km N Mersin.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Medon semiobscurus (Fauvel, 1875)

Cited from Bulgar dağ (Sahlberg 1913); Marmaris, Muğla (Fagel 1970, sub *rhodiense* Scheerpeltz, 1963); Bursa, 500 m; İzmir, Agamemnon; Denizli, 30 km N Fethiye, 1500 m; Muğla, Marmaris; Cetibeli near Muğla, 10-30 m; Köceğiz near Muğla; Bayr near Muğla, 450 m; Fethiye, Kayaköy, 280 m; Fethiye, Kadyanda, 850 m; Gökova; 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m; 15 km ENE Ortaca, 470 m; SE Köyceğiz, 10 m; SE Fethiye, Baba Dağı, above Ovacık, 680-1700 m; N Marmaris, Muğla, 65 m; 25 km NNE Fethiye, N Uzümlü, 610 m; Gölgeci Dağları, 20 km NE Köyceğiz, below Ağa, 600 m; Antalya, Dumanlı T. near Aklar, 855 m; Antalya, SE Termessos, 300 m; 10 km N Beskonak, Köplülü, 265 m; 30 km W Alanya, Incekum, 20 m; 22 km W Alanya, Avsallar near Incekum, 20 m; Akseki, Güllüköy, 600 m; Sarıcinar Dağı, Beldibi, 300 m; road Antalya-Saklıkent, 550 m; 15 km S Kemer, 60 m; Manavgat, Kiselot, 0-50 m; Manavgat, 900 m; Güneycak near Gündoğmuş, 700 m; W Anamur, 13 km SE Gazipasa, 180 m; NW Alanya, Güzelbag; Alanya, Sapadere; Taurus, Ovadijk cave; E Kumluca, 385 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Ciralı, 220 m; 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli Pass, 830 m; W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m; Isparta, Kovada Nat. Park; Eğirdir-Candır, 950 m; Mersin, Anamur, Kösekbasi, 150 m; Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; road Anamur-Ermenek, 350 m; 25 km NE Erdemli, 1085-1150 m; road Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m; 23 km N Silifke, 900 m; Mersin-Yeniköy, 650 m; Camlıyayla; Mersin-Arsılköy, 9 km SE Akdağ; Adana, Tekir, 1300 m; Pozanti, 1000 m; N Osmaniye, Karatepe Nat.Park, 200 m; Feke; Nur Dağları, 9 km W Hassanbeyli; Nur Dağları, 5 km N Kaypak; E Osmaniye, Yarpuz, 900 m; Antakya, WSW Yesilkent, 990-1010 m; Yayladagi-Yeditepe; 25 km S Senköy, 900 m; Kizıldag, NW Teknepinar, 380 m; Iskenderun, Belen, 340 m; Iskenderun, Sogukoluk, 530 m; E Yesilkent, 389 m;

Diyarbakir, Ergani, 1500 m; Bitlis, Hizan (Assing 2004c); Antalya, Köprülü Canyon,; Mersin, Findikpinari, 1090 m; Arslanköy, 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; Camliyayla, 1150 m; Güzeloluk-Aydinlar, 1380 m; Silifke-Gölnar, 1000 m; E Sifilke, Narjikuyu, Cennet Cökügu, 130 m; 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 920 m; Yarpuz, 36 km N Kozan, S Feke, 770 m; 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920 m; W Sungur, 760 m; Yayladagi baraji, 520 m; 9 km SSW Antakya, Harbiye, 430 m; Leylekli, 510 m (Assing 2004d); Mugla, Marmaris (Mugla); Antalya, Sugözü, Alanya; Akseki; Taskesigi; Sile; Killik, 780 m; Kilik, 800 m (Assing 2006, Bonner zool. Beitr., 54 (2005), 1); Aydin, Dilek Dagı, Kanyon; Mugla, Bafa lake, 20 m; Bafa, Kapikiri, 120 m; Antalya, 16-18 km NE Demirtas, 800-1550 m (Assing, 2007b); Adana, Kozan-Feke, 25 km Kozan, 775 m; Kahramanmaras, Cimen Dagı, Büyüksir, 750-800 m; Osmaniye, 7 km E Erzin, 600-650 m; Erzin-Zorkun, 930 m (Assing 2007l).

Synonyms. (Assing 2004c): *clambus* Fagel, 1969, described from Bey Daglı, Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Syria, Lebanon, Turkey, Rhodes, Israel.

Medon subfuscus Fagel, 1969

Described from Bey daglı, Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Antalya, Dir Irmak river.

Cited from Antalya, Kemer; 18 km SE Gazipasa; 5 km S Altinyaka, 550 m; N Sagirin, Köprülü, 30 m; E Kumluca, 385 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 220 m; Mersin, Camliyayla, 1000-1600 m; Adana, Feke (Assing 2004c).

Synonyms. *besucheti* Bordoni, 1980, described from Karatepe, Adana (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius Stephens, 1829

Sunius aculeatus Assing, 2005

Described from Mugla, 30 km NE Fethiye, Boncuk Dagı, 1750 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius adanensis (Lokay, 1918)

Described from Adana and Syria (type ♀ in NMP ?).

Cited from Isparta, Sarkikaraagac; Istanbul (Coiffait 1961b, sub *Hypomedon*). Lectotype designed in Gusarov (1994). This species, described on females, is doubtful.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Sunius akianus Assing, 2005

Described from Mugla, 60 km NE Fethiye, Temel-Girdev Gölü, 1900 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius amanensis Assing, 2005a

Described from Antakya, Nur Dagl., 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius balkarensis Assing, 2001

Described from Namrun (=Camliyayla), 30 km NW Tarsus (Mersin) (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius bicolor (Olivier, 1795)

Cited from Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Sunius bozdagensis Assing, 2006b

Described from Izmir, Boz Daglar, Bozdag, 1480 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius brachati Assing, 2003b

Described from Finike, Kemerköy, 950 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius brevispinus Assing, 2005e

Described from 25 km SW Kahramanmaras, Yesilyöre, 600 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 20 km SW Kahramanmaras, Hopurlu, 560 m;; 14 km SW Türkoglü, 850 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius dolabrifer Assing, 2001

Described from Tatvan, Bitlis, 1700-2000 m (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from Alanya, Sügözü; Mersin, road Mut-Karaman, Sertuval Gec., 1570 m; Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, W Yamacoba, 1200 m (Assing 2005a); N Anamur, Ermenek-Karaman, 21 km N Ermenek, 1620 m; 50 km NE Adiyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1520 m (Assing 2005e); Antalya, Geyik Daglari, ENE Yarpuz, 1500-1800 m (Assing 2006b).

Synonyms. *rastrifer* Assing, 2001, described from Selifke, Mersin (type ♂ in NMW), and from Konya, Sertuval gecidi, 1500-1600 m (Assing 2005a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius dumanlianus Assing, 2005a

Described from Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagi, 1230 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius fallax (Lokay, 1918)

Lectotype designed in Gusarov, 1994.

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1969); Istanbul, Altinsehir; Halkali (Assing 2005).

Additional records. Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m; Eskisehir, Cukuthisar, 1000 m; Bolu, Abant gölü, 1400-1600 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Greece, Hungary, Macedonia, Slovakia, Turkey.

Sunius fortespinosus Assing, 2006b

Described from 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1410 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Izmir, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagi, 1230 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius goektepensis Assing, 2005a

Described from Mersin, Kiborasi-Güzeloluk, E Sanaydin, 1500 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, road to Güzeloluk, S Aydinlar, 1380 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Sunius hatayanus* Assing, 2005a**

Described from 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 880 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 940 m and 25 km S Senköy, 900-930 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Sunius longespinosus* Assing, 2005e**

Described from W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1450 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; 30 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1500 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Sunius melanocephalus* (Fabricius, 1793)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Istanbul, Yalova-Orhangazi; Foret de Belgrade; Bolu, Abant, 1500-1600 m; Abant gölü; Zolguldak, Eregli-Baloköy; Apdipasa; Erzincan, Tercan, 1400 m; Kastaminu, Ilgaz dad, 1700-1800 m; Kastamonu; Sinop, Cangalli Dag; Kars, Kagizman, 1200 m; Mugla, Getibeli-Marmaris (Mugla); Burdur, Burdur gülö, Cercin, 870 m (Assing 2001a); Sinop, Ciftlik near Sinop; Samsun-Kavak; Artvin, Hopa-Arhavi (Assing 2005).

The ssp. *anatolicus* Assing, 1994, described as bona species from Antalya, Manavgat and Antalya, Korkuteli (type ♂ in cA), reduced to a ssp. of *melanocephalus* (Assing, 1995), and cited from the same typical locality (Bordoni 1994, sub *Hypomedon fallax* Lokay, 1919); 30 km SW Antalya, W Beldibi, Saricinar Dag, 300 m (Assing 2001a); Mugla, N Fethiye, Calis, 5 m; Antalya, 70 km NE Fethiye, Güllübeli pass, 1450 m; W Antalya, 10 km E Saklikent, 1195 m (Assing 2005); Antalya, Side (Assing 2005a), is doubtful, probably synonym of *melanocephalus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

***Sunius nurdaghensis* Assing, 2001**

Described from Antakya, Nur Dagl., WSW Yesilkent, 990 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Osmaniye, 1700 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Sunius pauli* Assing, 2005e**

Described from Malatya, 50 km NW Adiyaman, Resadiye gecidi, 1220 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius phasianus (Bordoni, 1980)

Described from Tartum, Erzurum, 2000 m (type ♂ in MHNG, sub *Hypomedon*).

Cited from Tunceli, Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Kars, Cumacay, 1600 m; S Karakurt, 1900 m; Digor, 1650 m; Karakurt-Horasan, 1550 m; Dogruyol, Cildir Gölü, 2000m; Kayseri, Pazarören-Bünyan, 1400 m; Sultansazligi, 1000 m; Kahraman Maras, S Tekir, 900-1400 m; Elbistan, Nurhak, 2000 m; Adana, Feke; E Bingöl (Assing 2001a); Erzurum, Tortum, 2000 m; Kahramanmaras, S Tekir (Assing 2005); Guziantep, 33 km E Osmanyne, NE Nirdagi Gec., 1520 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, N Tekir, S Göksun, 1380-1550 m; 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270-1500 m (Assing 2005a); 70 km WNW Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, NE Cokak, 540 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1250 m (Assing 2005e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Sunius pinnatus Assing, 2006b

Described from 10 km S Manisa, Karadag, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius pinniger Assing, 2006b

Described from 80 km NW Izmir, W Karraburun, 440 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius plasoni (Eppelsheim, 1875) (nomen dubium)

Described from Izmir (type § in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius rastrifer Assing, 2001

Described from Silifke (type ♂ in NMW), and from Konya, Sertaval gecidi, 1500-1600 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius sexspinosus Assing, 2006b

Decribed from 15 km ENE Mugla, 1190 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius tuberiventris Assing, 2001

Described from Mersin, 20 km NNW Mut, 1390 m (type ♂ in cA) and cited from Mersin, road Mur-Karaman, Sertuval gec., 1570 m (Assing 2005a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sunius wunderlei Assing, 2001

Described from Mersin, road Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pseudomedon Mulsant & Rey, 1878

Pseudomedon obscurellus (Erichson, 1840) (s. str.)

Cited from 30-45 km NNE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2200-2500 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Tunisia, Madeira.

Pseudomedon obsoletus (Nordmann, 1837) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Lithocharis Dejean, 1833

Lithocharis ochracea (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Micranops Cameron, 1913

Micranops pilicornis (Baudi, 1869)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MZT). Lectotype designed in Frisch (1997b).

Cited from Cyprus: Stroumbi, 400 m; Amargeti, 400 m, and Asia Minor: Antalya, Manavgat, 50 m; Lykischer Taurus; Istanbul, Halkali; Adiyaman, Golbasi, 900 m; Maras; Antalya, Bakaran-Cevizli; Konya, Sertuval Gecidi, 1500-1600 m (Frisch 1997b, sub *Scopaesus*).

DISTRIBUTION. East Mediterranean.

Scopaeus Erichson, 1840

Scopaeus alanyensis Coiffait, 1969

Described from Dim Irmak, Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Alanya.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus alaschiacus Frisch, 1998

Described from Cyprus: Troodos, Kannaviou, Ezousa river, 350 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus bicolor (Baudi, 1848)

Cited from Of, between Trabzon and Rize (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Scopaeus bilaminulatus Scheerpeltz, 1957

Described from Sultan dag, Ahlat, Ufer (Van lake) (type ♂ in ZML). Lectotype designed by Frisch (1999).

Cited from Khakkari and Bitlis; Bürücek (Adana) (Frisch 1999); Erzurum, 35 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 1700-2000 m; Erzurum, Askale-Bayburt, 9 km N Kop Gecidi, 1900 m (Frisch 2002).

Synonyms. *heinzi* Korge, 1971, described from Karakole, Hakkari, 1400 m (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus bituberculatus Frisch, 2002

Described from Karaman, 3 km N Adiller, 1700 m (type ♂ in NMB), and from Adana, 9 km S Pozanti, 1000 m; Antalya, 1 km W Gündoğmus, 700 m; Antalya, Manavgat; Antalya, 5 km NW Kemer, 200 m; Adana, Feke.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus cameroni Coiffait, 1968

Described from Beikos in the European Turkey (type ♂ in NHML).

Cited from Beykos, Ankara: Cankiri, Izmir (Frisch 1997); Afyon, 5 km SW Suhut, 1100 m; Afyon, 10 km W Basören, 1650 m; Afyon, 15 km E Sandikli, 1300 m; Ankara, Güdül, 7 km E Yeşilöz, 900 m; Ankara, Beypazari-Güdül, 900 m; Antalya, 9 km W Korkuteli, Darekö, 1150 m; Aydın, Yenice, 250 m; Bolu, 4 km N Seben, 850 m; Burdur, Altinyayla, 1350 m; Bursa, Inegöl-Pazaryeri, 9 km N Kursunlu, 750 m; Bursa, Orhaneli-Bursa, 4 km N Yürücekler, 500 m; Cankiri, Kursunlu-Arac, 7 km S Boyali, 1000 m; Corum, Elmabeli Gecidi, 1000 m; Denizli, 3 km W Karahisar, 950 m; Erzurum, Erzurum-Ispir, 16 km NE Yoncalik, 1950 m; Erzurum-Ispir, 7 km NE Kirik, 2100 m; Erzurum-Ispir, 10 km N Egerti, 2050 m; Erzueum, Askale-Bayburt, 9 km N Kop Gecidi, 1900 m; Gümüşhane, Bayburt-Siran, 5 km S Kelkit, 1500 m; Izmir, Boz Daglar, 5 km N Bozdag, 950 m; Kastamonu, 6 km S Tasköprü, 600 m; Tasköprü-Tosya, 2 km N Ciflicköy, 1100 m; Konya, Bozkir, 1250 m; Konya, Destigin, 1500 m; Kütaha, 17 km NW Tavsanlı, 950 m; Emet-Tavsanlı, 6 km NE Günlüce, 900 m; Kütaha, 5 km E Aksaz, 700 m; 7 km NW Tavsanlı, 850 m; Kütaha, Simav-Emet, 2 km SW Hisarcik; Manisa, Borlu., 250 m; Mugla, Altı Can Dag, 600 m; Sinop, 22 km SE Türkeli, 250 m; Türkeli, Hasanoglu river, 10 m; Sinop, Yenisen, 250 m; Zonguldak, Devrek-Eregli, 4 km NW Karapinar, 50 m; Zonguldak, 15 km N Mengen, 550 m (Frisch 2002).

Synonyms. *turcicus* Coiffait, 1968, described from Ankara (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Scopaeus cariensis Frisch, 2002

Described from Mugla, 18 km SW Gökçeören, 950 m (type ♂ in NMB), and from Izmir, Boz Daglar, Birgi-Salihli, 1100 m; Boz Daglar, 5 km N Bozdag, 950 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus chalcodactylus Kolenati, 1846

Cited from Artvin, Ardahan-Artvin, 2 km NW Savsat, 1000 m; Artvin-Erzurum, 12 km SW Oroclu, 300 m; Erzurum, Tortum-Narman, 5 km E Yukari Sivri, 2050 m; 30 km NE Erzurum, Dumlu Dagı, 2200-2500 m; Van, 4 km SW Caldıran, 1950 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Crimea, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Scopaeus cyprius Frisch, 1997

Described from Cyprus, Troodos-Gebirge, Agios Mamas (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus debilis Hochhuth, 1851

Cited from Cyprus: N. Limassol, Alassa (Assing & Wunderle, 2001).

Synonyms. *scitulus* (Baudi, 1857), described from Italy and Cyprus.

Cited from Cyprus (Fagel 1959); Buyul Agri Dagı, Ararat and Yesilova, Sulda gölü, 1100 m in South Anatolia (Korge 1971), all sub *scitulus*.

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Scopaeus ebneri Scheerpeltz, 1929

Described from Mersin (type. ♀ in NMW).

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz, 1934); Mersin; Burdur (Coiffait 1968); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Israel.

Scopaeus ectypus Coiffait, 1971

Cited from Izmir (Frisch 1994).

DISTRIBUTION. Chios, Sporadi, Turkey.

Scopaeus efesi Frisch, 2002

Described from Kahramanmaras-Göksun, 11 km N Ceyhan, 550 m (type ♂ in NMB), and from Göksun-Elbistan, 4-6 km W Yasiköy, 1250 m; Malatya,-Elazig, 10 km E Kale, 850 m; Adana, Feke.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus elegans (Luze, 1910)

Cited from Hatay, Yayladagi-Yeditepe (Frisch 1994); Adana, Kozan, 600 m; Ankara, Hasanoglan; Corum, Elmabeli Gecidi, 1000 m; Kayseri, Goreme; Konya, Karapinar; Nidge, Ulukisla; Sivas, Suseri, 800 m (Frisch 1999); Adana, 6 km W Bahce, 550 m; 9 km S Pozanti, 1000 m; 4 km N Findikli, 1150 m; 10 km N Kamisli, 1100 m; Feke; Antalya, 9 km W Korkuteli, 1150 m; Bingol, 4-10 km NE Agaceli, 1300-1450 m; Bitlis, Nemrut Dagı; Aydin 2 km E Karacasu, 450 m; Burdur, Altinyayla, 1350 m; 5 km SW Kayabas, 1200 m; Denizli, 3 km W Karahisar, 950 m; Diyarbakir, Kayacik, 900 m; Gumushane, Baybur-Siran, 1550 m; 5 km S Kose, 1550 m; Icel, Mut, 6 km SE Camlica, 250 m; 6 km S Sertavul, 1200 m; Isparta, 2 km W Bagkonak, 1150 m; Elegidagi, 1200 m; Kahramanmaras, 5-11 km N Ceyhan, 550 m; 4-6 km W Yasikoy, 1250 m; 5 km E Gucuk, 1350 m; Karaman, Alanozu, 1150 m; 23 km W Habiller, 750 m; 8 km W Kizilyaka, 1200 m; 14 km N Adiller, 1670 m; Kastamonu, 6 km S Taskopru, 600 m, Konya, Bozkir, 1250 m; 11 km N Daganhisar, 1100 m; Destigin, 1500 m; Kutaha, 5 km E Aksaz, 700 m; Kutaha, 2 km SW Hisarcik, 900 m; Malatya, 21 km E Gucuk, 1600 m; 10 km E Kale, 850 m; Mus, 3 km SW Karakale, 1450 m; Sinop, 4 km S Cakildag, 1050 m (Frisch 2002).

Additional records. Taurus, 1300 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Scopaeus fagelianus Coiffait, 1969

Described from Dim Irmak, Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Maden in Taurus, 1500 m and from Sultan dag (Cay), 1100 m (Korge 1971). Cay, Sultan Dag, 1100 m (Frisch 1994); Adana, 4 km N Findikli, 1150 m; 9 km S Pozanti, 1000 m; Antalya, 9 km N Finike, 100 m; Kemer, Camyura River, 50 m; 19 km S Guzelbag, 200 m; 13 km N Cevizli, 1000 m; Icel, Gozne, 1100 m; 6 km S Sertuval, 1200 m; Karaman, 23 km W Habiller, 750 m; Konya, 30 km SW Taskent, 1300 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus filiformis Wollaston, 1867

Cited from Turkey (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Egypt, Algeria, Morocco, Oriental and Afro-tropical regions.

Scopaeus flavofasciatus Frisch, 1998

Described from Cyprus: Vyzakia, Elaia river, 250 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Troodos, Kato Amiantos, 800 m; Diarizos river, Kelefos Bridge, 400 m; Agios Mama, 450 m; Sarama, 250 m; Kidasi, Diarizos river, 250 m.

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Troodos Mts and Vyzakia (Frisch 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus gladifer Binaghi, 1935

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Romania, Russia, Turkey.

Scopaeus gracilis (Sperk, 1835)

Cited from Sabandja and Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Baba dag (Sahlberg 1913); Adana, Antalya, Giresun, Hatay, Izmir, Kastamonu, Kayseri, Sivan, Trabzon, Yosgat (Frisch 1998); Adana, 15 km N Kozan, 600 m; Pozanti; Adiyaman, 16 km N Besni; Egri Cayi; Akpinar; Agri, 5 km SW Patnos, 1600 m; Antalya, 9 km W Korkuteli, Dereköy, 1150 m; Kemer, Camyura river, 50 m; 19 km S Güzelbag, 200 m; 13 km N Cevizli, 1000 m; Kemer- Kumluca, 100 m; Artvin, Ardahan-Artvin, Savsat, 1550 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 1800 m; 11 km N Borcka, 400 m; Bingöl, Bingöl-Mus, 10 km NO Agaceli, 1450 m; Bolu, 4 km N Seben, 850 m; Bolu-Beypazari, 1200 m; Burdur, 2 km N Altinyayala, 1200 m; Denizli, Baba Dag (Ak Dag); Giresun, Dogankent, 300 m;

Sebinkarahisar, 1400 m; 11 km SO Terebolu, Örenkaya, 100 m; Icel, 4 km S Gözne, 750 m; Isparta, Elegidagi, 1200 m; 14 km NO Bagkonak, 1500 m; Izmir, Bayindir, Yakapinar; Kahramanmaras, Göksun-Elbistan, 4 km W Yasiköy, 1300 m; 0 m; Göksun-Malatya, 5 km O Gökük, 1350 m; Andirin, Boztoprakli; Karaman, 8 km W Kizilyaka, 1200 m; Kastamonu, 14 km N Arac, 1100 m; Oyrat Gecidi, 1150 m; Kayseri, Osmandede, 1650 m; Konya, 16 km SW Taskent, 1800 m; Kütaha, 17 km NW Tavsanlı, 950 m; Emet-Tavsanlı, 6 km NO Günlüce, 900 m; Malatya, Elagiz, 10 km O Kale, 850 m; Dogansehir, Örencik; Manisa, Turgutlu, Cikrikci creek; Demirci, Köpüler; Minnetler; Soma, Yagcili; Mugla, Kinik, Esenköy; 43 km NNO Kemer, Urluca river; Mus, Umurca-Bulanik, 3 km SW Karkale, 1450 m; Sivas, Gürün, 1400 m; Trabzon, Arakli, 100 m; Küçükdere; Van, Muradije-Dogubayazit, 4 km SW Caldiran, 1950 m; Yosgat, 15 km NO Akdagmadeni, 1200 m; Zonguldak, 26 km W Devrek, 150 m (Frisch 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Scopaeus haemusensis Frisch, 1997

Cited from Bolu, 4 km N Seben, 850 m; Bolu-Beypazari, 1200 m; Cankiri, Kursunlu-Arac, 7 km S Boyali, 1000 m; Izmir, Boz Daglar, Birgi-Salihli, 1100 m; Kastamonu, 5 km NE SahinCati, 1050 m; 2 km N Ciftilickoy, 1100 m; Tosya, 1200 m; Sinop, 4 km S Cakildag, 1050 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Scopaeus korelli Frisch, 1999

Described from Tokat, 10 km SE Umarca, 650 m, in North Anatolia (type ♂ in CF).
Cited from Cankiri, Kursunlu-Arca, 7 km S Boyali, 1000 m; Erzurum, 7 km SW Oltu, 1300 m; Kars, 39 km NE Horasan, 1500 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus korgei Frisch, 2006

Described from Isparta, Dedegöl, pass Aksu-Yenisar, Bademli, 1300-1800 m (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus kurdistanicoides Frisch, 2002

Described from Ardahan-Artvin, 2 km NW Savsat, 1000 m (type ♂ in NMB), and from Orzurum, 7 km SW Oltu, Oltu river, 1300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus kurdistanus Korge, 1971

Described from Karakole, Hakkari , 1400 m (type ♂ in cK).

Cited from Bingöl, Bingöl-Mus, 25 km NE Agaceli, 1200 m; Mus, Umurca-Bulanik, 3 km SW Karakale, 1450 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Scopaeus laevigatus (Gyllenhal, 1827)

Cited from Sabandja and Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Manyas gölü (Coiffait 1968).

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European.

Scopaeus loebli Frisch, 1997

Described from Kars, Karakurt, Aras river, 1400 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Taurus Mts. Suluhan, Ankara and Camkaya.

Cited from Adana, 10 km N Kamisli, 1100 m; Antalya, Kemr, 50 m; 1 km W Gundogmus, 700 m; Burdur, 2 km N Atinyayla, 1200 m; Giresun, 3 km W Sebinkarahisar, 1400 m; Güushane, Koze, 1650 m; Kelkit, 1400 m; Kayseri, Yalak, 1450 m; Sariz, 1600 m; Nidge, 19 km W Ciftehan, 1250 m; 7 km S Camardi, 1350 m; Sivas, Gurun, 1400 m; 5 km S Kurbagalibeli Gecidi, 1500; Suseri, 800 m; Trabzon, Dagbasi, 650 M (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria.

Scopaeus mariae Frisch, 2002

Described from Mus, Umurca-Bulanik, 3 km SW Karakale, 1450 m (type ♂ in NMB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus microphthalmus Eppelsheim, 1888

Cited from Asia Minor (Gusarov 1992a).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Central Asia.

Scopaeus minimus (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Antalya, Adiyaman, Hatay, Isparta, Istanbul, Kayseri, Samsun (Frisch 1998).

Synonyms. (Frisch, 1998): *pamphylicus* Coiffait, 1969, described from Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Scopaeus minutoides Coiffait, 1969

Described from Dim Irmat, Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Antalya, Alanya, Dim Irmak; Burdur; Istanbul (Frisch 1998); Adana, 10 km N Kamisli, 1100 m; Antalya, 13 km N Cevizli, 1000 m; 19 km S Guzelbag, 200 m; Alanya, 500 m; Icel, Kiribasi, 4 km NW Oz, 1250 m; Izmir; Mugla, 18 km SW Gokceoren, 950 m (Frisch 2002); Antalya, 70 km NE Fethiye, Güllübeli Gecik, 1525 m; Antalya, Saklikent, 1650-1900 m; Mugla, 25 km N Fethiye, Üzümlü, 610 m (Frisch 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus mutatus Gemminger & Harold, 1868

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Syria.

Scopaeus ponticus Frisch, 1999

Described from Arakli, Trabzon, 100 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Istanbul, Alem-Daglari (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus pusillus (Kiesenwetter, 1843)

Cited from Benliahmet, Kars (Korge 1971); Camlidere, Izmir, Kastamonu, Sinop (Frisch 1997); Afyon, 5 km SW Suhut, 1100 m; Bolu, Bolu-Beyparazi, 1100 m; 13 km N Seben, 1400 m; Corum, Elmabeli Gecidi, 1000 m; Giresun, 11 km SE Tirebolu, 100 m; Kastamonu, Oyrak Gecidi, 1150 m; Arac, 10 km E Ciphani, 900 m; Ciftlickoy, 1200 m; Ilgaz Gecidi, 1250 m; 14 km N Arac, 1100 m; Catalzeytin, 10 m; Konya, Destigin, 1500 m; Sinop, Yenisen, 250 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Scopaeus schillhammeri Frisch, 1994

Described from Bitlis, Hizan (type ♂ in MHNW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus signifer Fauvel (1899)

Described from Tunisia, was cited from Adana and Antalya (Frisch 1997).

DISTRIBUTION. South Mediterranean, Iran, Iraq.

Scopaeus sulcicollis (Stephens, 1833)

Cited from Sabandja and Sultan Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Australian region (introduced).

Scopaeus tauricus Frisch, 1997a

Described from Nigde, Ulukisla (type ♂ in NMP).

Cited from Van, 4 km SW Caldiran, Bendimahi river, 1950 m (Frisch 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Scopaeus trifurcatus Frisch, 2002

Described from Konya, Destigin, 1500 m (type ♂ in NMB), and from Konya, 30 km SW Taskent, 1300 m; Isparta, 14 km NE Bagkonak, 1500 m; Karaman, 3 km N Adiller, 1700 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus Stephens, 1833

Astenus assingi Bordoni, 1994 (*Astenognathus*)

Described from Manavgat, Antalya (type ♂ in cA), and from Manavgat, Kiselot and Kolakli.

Cited from Antalya, Gazipasa; Bakaran-Cevizli, 1400 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus baali Coiffait, 1961 (*Astenognathus*)

Described from Libanon but also from Armenia and Asia Minor: Sharkikaraagac, Isparta, in Central Anatolia.

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey, Lebanon.

Astenus bicoloratus Assing, 2002 b (*Eurysunius*)

Described from Akkus, Ordu (type ♂ in NHMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus bimaculatus (Erichson, 1840) (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *biguttatus* Baudi ex parte); Asia Minor (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Afghanistan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan, Pakistan, Taiwan, Syria, Israel, North Africa, Madeira.

Astenus bucharensis Bernhauer, 1902 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Astenus circumflexus Jarrige, 1950 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

The var. *scutellaris* Coiffait, 1971 was described from Tarsus (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Astenus cribrellus Baudi, 1870 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1960) and doubtfully from the same region (Coiffait 1961).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Belgium, Germany, Croatia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey ?

Astenus cyprius Lokay, 1918 (incertae sedis)

Described from Cyprus: Mt. Armenien (type ♀ in NMP ?).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus gracilis (Paykull, 1789) (s. str.)

Cited from Alem Dag (Bodemeyer, 1927, sub *angustatus* Paykull); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Uzbekistan, North Africa, Madeira.

Astenus immaculatus Stephens, 1833 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria.

Astenus indicus Kraatz, 1859 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Belgeyix, Isparta (Coiffait 1960), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Sicily, Turkey ?, Egypt, North India, Taiwan, Japan, Afrotropical and Australian regions.

Astenus libanicus Coiffait, 1971 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from di Belgeyix, Isparta (Coiffait 1961, sub *indicus* sensu Coiff. nec Kr, 1859).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel, Morocco.

Astenus lyonessius Joy, 1908 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Morocco, Madeira.

Astenus melanurus (Küster, 1853) (*Astenopleuritus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Astenus obliquus Jarrige, 1950 (*Astenognathus*)

Described from Adana in Cilicia (type ♂ in MHNP) and cited from Istanbul, Kokuk Cekmece (Coiffait 1960).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus occiduus Assing, 2007d (*Eurysunius*)

Described from Denizli, 60 km E Mugla, S Kale, 1280 m (type ♂ in cA); and from 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1600 m; Aydin, 20 km NE Kuyyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 1480 m; Izmir, N Odemis, Boz Dag, 1560.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus paphlagonicus Assing, 2002b (*Eurysunius*)

Described from Karadere, 32 km N Tosya, 1400 m, SE Kastamonu (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus procerus (Gravenhorst, 1806) (*Astenognathus*)

Synonyms. *filiformis* (Latreille, 1806), cited from Cyprus (Horion 1965), and from Asia Minor: Erciyes dagi, Kayseri (Penther 1905); Jamalar dag, Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Nimroud Dag, Van (Scheerpeltz 1957).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Tadjikistan, Uzbekistan, Egypt, Algeria, Morocco.

Astenus sexsetosus Assing, 2002b (*Eurysunius*)

Described from Pazarören-Bünyan, 1450 m, 40 km E Kayseri, in central Anatolia (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Astenus thaboris Saulcy, 1864 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Tarsus (Coiffait 1960).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Turkmenistan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Astenus thoracicus Baudi, 1870 (s. str.)

Described from Cyprus (type ♀ MSNT), and cited from Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913). Additional records. Emir dag, Kurundere (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Greece, Georgia, Turkey, Cyprus, Uzbekistan, Syria, Canary Is., North Africa.

Astenus uniformis Jacquelin di Val, 1852 (*Astenognathus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *diversicollis* Baudi).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Nazeris Fauvel, 1872

Nazeris ammonita (Saulcy, 1865)

Cited from Kislak-Senköy, Antakya, 800-850 m; Sogukoluk, Antakya, 700 m; Hatay, Payas (Assing 2001b); Adana, S Osmaniye, Zorkun, 530-890 m; 19 km S Antakya, S-SE and SW Senköy, 880-940 m; Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 410 m; W Senköy, 750 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 710 m; 9 km SE Iskenderun, 5 km NE Blen, 1240 m; W Sogukoluk, 760 m; Yayladagi, 450 m; WSW Yesilkent, 1010 m; Harbiye; Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m (Assing 2001b).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Israel.

Nazeris turcicus Assing, 2001

Described from Günzelbag dag NW Alanya (type ♂ in cA), and from Payas (=Yakacik), Hatay; Kil. Taur. Namrun; Südküsyte, Str. Antalya-Saklikent, 1600 m; Mersin-Yeniköy, 650 m.

Cited from E Kumluca, Antalya, 385 m; 10 km E Saklikent, 1195 m (Assing 2003b); Mersin, 23 km N Silifke, 970 m; Antalya, Saklikent (Assing, 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Rugilus Leach, 1819 (= *Stilicus* Berthold, 1827)

Rugilus angustatus (Fourcroy, 1785) (s. str.)

Cited from Samsun-Kicav (Rougemont 1988) and Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Rugilus arabs (Saulcy, 1864) (s. str.)

Cited from Samahlar dag, Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Suluhan in Taurus (Bohac 1980);

Tokat, Turhal; Tokat-Almus (Rougemont 1988); Adana, near Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m (Assing 2003b, 2004); Mersin, Camliayla, 1150 m; Gaziantep, N Biricek, 360 m; W Biricek, Belkis-Euphrat, 440 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Rugilus lesbius Assing, 2005 (s. str.)

Cited from Aydin, Dilek Dagi, Kanyon, 70-370 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Lesbos, Turkey.

Rugilus maltzevi Gusarov, 1991 (s. str.)

Described from Ukraine and cited from Asia Minor: Antalya, 70 km NE Fethiye, Gülübeli pass, 1525 m; 10 km E Saklikent, 1195 m (Assing 2003b); Konya, Beysehir, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Ukraine, Turkey.

Rugilus orbiculatus (Paykull, 1789) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Halkai, Istanbul; Bergama, Izmir (Rougemont 1988).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Rugilus rossii (Zanetti, 1977) (s. str.)

Synonyms. *Stilicus rufipes* ssp. *tauricus* Rougemont, 1988, described from Konya, 15 km SO Beysehir, 1200 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Turkey, Iran.

Rugilus rufipes (Germar, 1836) (s. str.)

Cited from Kuleg, Boghaz (Peyron 1858); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1970a); forest of Tacedelen, Istanbul; forest of Belgrader, Istanbul; Kırklareli, Yeniceköy-Demirköy; Omerler, Bolu, 800 m (Rougemont 1988).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Rugilus similis (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Ak-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Sentavul Grigidi, Konya, 1500-1600 m (Rougemont 1988).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Rugilus subtilis (Erichson, 1840) (s. str.)

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Homaeotarsus Hochhuth, 1851

Homaeotarsus chaudierei Hochhuth, 1851

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor: Beryto (Baudi 1858); Asia Minor: Mantach marshs (Peyron 1858); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1906); Sabandja and Iski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Kaidarije; Erzurum; Adana (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus: Paphos forest, Kykkos-Pera Vasa, 500-800 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Not cited from Cyprus by Herman (2001).

The var. *adanensis* Rambousek, 1906 was described from Adana (type ♂ in NMP).
Synonyms. *adanense* Pic, 1907, described from Adana (type § in MHNP ?).
Additional records. Istanbul, Halkali (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Greece, Turkey, Cyprus, Transcaucasia.

Ochtheophilum Stephens, 1829 (= *Cryptobium* Mannerheim, 1830)

Ochtheophilum besucheti (Bordoni, 1980)

Described from Bafra, Samsun (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Azort, Erzurum and Belgrader forest, Istanbul.

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004, probably sub *fracticorne* Paykull, 1800).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ochtheophilum fracticorne (Paykull, 1800)

Cited from Cyprus and Turkey (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Ochthephilum turkestanicum (Korge, 1968)

Cited from Cyprus: NW Troodos, Kalopanayiotis, 600 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor (Hozman 1985).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Greece, Ukraine, Turkey, Cyprus, Georgia, Iran, Saudi Arabia, Tadjikistan, Azerbaijan, Lebanon, Israel.

XANTHOLININAE

Zeteotomus Jacquelin du Val, 1856 (= *Metoponcus* Kraatz, 1857)

Zeteotomus brevicornis (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Merjemanwald, S Trabzon; Hamsi Koy, Zigana gec., 800-1660 m (Schimitschek 1944); Trabzon (Horion 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972; Bordoni 1982); Mersin, 15 km NW Erdemli, Arslanli (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Zeteotomus scripticollis (Hochhuth, 1849)

Cited from Ayancik, Cantal (Schimitschek 1944), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Hungary, Turkey ?, Russia, Azerbaijan.

Leptacinus Erichson, 1839

Leptacinus batychrus (Gyllenhal, 1827)

Cited from Bolu (Coiffait 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1966; Bordoni 1982); Amasya (Coiffait 1972, sub *adonis* Coiffait, 1956); Artvin, 10 km W Borcka; Hakkari, Suvari gecidi, 2000 m; Van, Güzeldere gecidi (Assing 2007e).

Additional records. Izmir, Bahceliköy (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, introduced in other regions.

Leptacinus formicetorum Märkel, 1841

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004); Cyprus (Bordoni 1982).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Leptacinus intermedius Donisthorpe, 1936

Cited from Cyprus: Yermosoyia and Asia Minor: Karatas (Ciceroni 1994); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald; Konya, Aksehir; Osmaniye (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean, introduced in North America and Canada.

Leptacinus nigerrimus Coiffait, 1971

Cited from Tahir, Agri, 2400 m (Coiffait 1973a); 40 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; Mugla, 60 km NE Fethiye, Girdev Gölü, 1740 m; 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, Temel, 2220 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Leptacinus othioides Baudi, 1870

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972, sub *lupercus* Coiff., 1956; Bordoni 1982); Cyprus: Limassol; Yermasoria; Asia Minor: Efeso; Gulluk, Mugla (Ciceroni 1994).

Synonyms. *lupercus* Coiffait, 1956, described from Lebanon but also from Israel, Syria and Asia Minor: Mersin, Mut, Antalya.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iraq, Syria, Lebanon, Israel, Libya, Kazakhstan.

Phacophallus Coiffait, 1956

Phacophallus parumpunctatus (Gyllenhal, 1827)

Cited from Taurus (Peyron 1858, sub *radiosus*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1956; Bordoni 1982); Antalya (Coiffait 1972); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald; Konya, Aksehir (Assing 2007e).

Synonyms. *radiosus* (Peyron, 1858), described from Kuleg, Boghaz (=Boghaz Koi?, near Adana) (type § in AUB).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and introduced in other regions.

Gauropterus Thomson, 1860

Gauropterus fulgidus (Fabricius, 1787)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Koch 1936; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1966, 1972); Mugla, Marmaris; Antalya, Tasgesisi; Batman, Hasankeyf, Tigris river; Cyprus: Larnaca (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Gauropterus sanguinipennis (Reitter, 1889)

Cited from Sabandja, Karakeny, Gök Dag, Eski-Chehir, Bulghar Maaden (Bode-meyer 1900, sub *Eulissis*); Bolkan dag, Ulukisla; Turunschli and Menem river, near Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972); Eskichehir; Bajkan-Bitlis; Baykan-Siirt, Konya-Camlık (Bordoni 1976); Kapouz cave, Zonguldak (Bordoni, 1978); Smyrne; Bursa, Uludag; Eskisehir; Konya, Gamlik; Goek Dag; Namrun; Adana, Kozan; Amasya; Hatay, Belen Pass, Bakras river; Malatya, Kale; Siirt, Baykan; Siirt, Sirnak; Batman, 10 km S Silvan; Van, 60 km E Tatvan; Tatvan, 1700-2000; Bingol, 1300; Hakkari, Semainli, 1500 m; Hakkari, Dania-Dania Gecidi, 2000 m; Hakkari, Beitussebap; Bitlis, Micki (Bordoni 2005); E Bayburt, Corun river; Erzurum, Bayburt-Pazaryolu, Corun river; 30-45 km NE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2200-2500 m; S Manisa; Cykrykey creek; Mugla, NE Fethiye, Kargi; Antalya, Abagigökdere, SuCati river, 386 m; Nidge, Ulukisla, Madenköy, 1700-2000 m; Kemer, Beldibi; Mersin, Camliyayla; Adana, Pozanti, 800 m; 26 km S Gaziantep, Kilis; E Bingol, 1300 m; Bitlis, Kustasi, 1600-1900 m; Batman, Hasankeyf, Tiger river; Kars, Kkagizman-Karakurt, Aras river; 16 km SE Göle, 1600 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1900 m (Assing 2007e).

Additional records. Adana, 24 km N Kozan, 600 m (MHNG, cB); Adana, Kozan, 600 m (cB); Malatya, Kale (MHNG, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Greece, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan.

Gauropterus sanguinipes (Reitter, 1889)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1966, 1972); Bolu; 40 km W Kilis; Ankara, Ajas, Kirmin river; Goek Dag; Namrun; Belgrat Orman; Diyarbakir, Karacadag; Cyprus (Bordoni 2005); Kastamonu, SW Helaldi; Isparta, S Egridir. Kovada Gölü; Konya, Aksehir, Sultan Dag; Cyprus: Gönyeli (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Gyrophypnus Leach, 1819

Gyrophypnus angustatus (Stephens, 1833) (s. str.)

Cited from Zonguldak (Coiffait 1956, sub ssp. *nitidicollis* Rtt., 1908); Abant-Silsilesi, Bolu; Camik, Rize (Coiffait 1965, sub var. *nitidicollis* Rtt.); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald; Istanbul Tacdelen forest; Yalova; Sile-Aqva; Bolu, Elmalik-Bakacak, 850 m; Bolu, Abant Gölü; Bolu, Yedigöller; Bursa, Uludag, 1100 m; Zonguldak, Ereğli-Baliköy; Kastamonu, Cangal Dag; Ordu. Akkus; Izmir, Boz Daglari, S Sahlili; Osmaniye, 1200 m; Amasya, Boraboy; Ankara, Sabanca; Konya, 15 km SE Beysehir, 1200 m; Mersin, Sertuval Gecidi, 1500-1600 m; Erzurum, Azort; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1800 m; Artvin, Savsat; Susuz, Aygir Gölü Lake, 2000 m; Artvin, Veliköy, Karagöl; S Artvin, 800 m (Assing 2003, Ent. Bl., 99: 61); 35 km S Giresun, 1250 m; Erzurum, 35 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 1700-2000

m; 30-45 km NE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2200-2500 m; Izmir, Boz Daglari, Bozdag, 1500 m; Aydin, Dilek Dagi, S Kanyon; SE Ankara, Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Pasník 2006).

Additional records. 40 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (cPU).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Tadjikistan, Morocco, Madeira, introduced in North America and Canada.

Gyrophypnus fracticornis (Müller, 1776) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Franz 1987); Asia Minor: Kulukkaya, Giresun; Soganli Gecidi, Bayburt (Coiffait 1965); Gürgentepe Gecidi (Coiffait 1978a); Ordu, Akkus; Manisa, Tutgutlu, Dagmarmara; Mugla, Gölgeli Dagi, 20 km NE Köycegir, Agla, 1690 m; SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, 1385 m; SE Ankara, Baba dag (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan but introduced in some regions.

Gyrophypnus yilderimi Bordoni, 2003 (s. str.)

Described from Kombina, Erzurum (type ♂ in AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gyrophypnus punctulatus (Paykull, 1789) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Algeria, Morocco, Canary Is., Madeira.

Stenistoderus Jacquelin di Val, 1856 (= *Leptolinus* Kraatz, 1857)

Stenistoderus cephalotes (Kraatz, 1858) (*Leptoglenus*)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Leptolinus*); Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913); Manyas gölü, Bursa (Coiffait 1956); Pulumur, Erzincan (Coiffait 1965); Istanbul (Coiffait 1972); Kastamonu, 5 km S Inebolu; Canakkale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu; Antalya, Alanya; Mersin, Yeniköy, 1000-1200 m; Adana, 6 km W Küçükgezbeli, 1700 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaraş, N Andirin, 1120 m; 8 km SE Andirin, 1180 m; Elbistan, S Tekir, 900-1400 m (Assing 2007e).

Additional records. Beyşehir lake, Konya (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Stenistoderus turcicus (Coiffait, 1956) (s. str.)

Described from Balıkesir, Manyas gölü (Bursa) (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972); Kastamonu, S Inebolu; Cannakale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu (Assing 2007e).

Additional records. Beysehir gölü, Belgeyix (Isparta) (MZUR); Halkali, Istanbul (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Nudobius Thomson, 1860

Nudobius cypriacus Coiffait, 1956

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Cyprus: Mt. Olimpo (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Coiffait 1972); Olympos, 1800 m; Asia Minor: Canakkale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu; Izmir, "Vourlah Bay" (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Croatia, Greece, Cyprus, Turkey.

Nudobius lentus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1966, 1972; Bordoni 1982); Rize (Coiffait 1965); Cangal Dagı; SE Ankara, Elma Dagı, 1300 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Nudobius turcicus Coiffait, 1978

Described from Abant, Bolu (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Nudobius umbratus (Motschulsky, 1860)

Cited from Merjemana wald, Trabzon, 800-1450 m; Kaiseri (Schimitschek 1944), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Armenia, Ukraine, Georgia, Turkey ?

Megalinus Mulsant & Rey, 1877 (*Leptophius* Coiffait, 1983)

Megalinus flavocinctus (Hochhuth, 1849)

Cited from Cyprus: Nicosia, Limassol, Lapithos, Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970; Bordoni 1976a); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *hebraicus* Reiche & Saulcy, 1856; Coiffait 1956; Bordoni 1971, sub *ochropterus* Nordmann, 1837; Coiffait 1966, sub *flavocinctus*; Bordoni 1986); Bulghar dag and Efeso (Sahlberg 1913, sub *relucens* Kr.); Asia Minor : Kastamonu (Bordoni 1976); Samsun, Bafra (Bordoni 1976a); Cyprus, Asia Minor (Bordoni 1973c); Istanbul, Alem Dagı, Polonezköyü; Canakkale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu; Samsun, 17 km N Carsamba; 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m; Izmir; Antalya, Kemer; Mersin, Silifke; Camliyayla; Antakya, Yayladagi, 450 m; Arsuz; Iskenderun; E Belen pass, Bakras river; Antakya, Karacay, Asi Nehri; Gaziantep, N Birecik; Cyprus: 5 km N Dhekelia (Assing 2007e, sub *Megalinus*).

Additional records. Dranaz dag, Sinop, 1000 m (MZUR); Belecih, 24 km N Bozuyub, 800 m; Mersin, Camliyayla, 600 m (cR, cB); Adana, Hasanbeyli-Nurdagi Gecidi, 800-1100 m 37.07N, 34.30E (NME).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria, Lebanon.

Megalinus glabratus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: Nicosia; Kyrenia; Lapithos; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956), and from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1873, sub *Xantholinus relucens* Gravh., 1806; Fauvel 1876; Coiffait 1956; Horion 1965, sub *relucens* Gravh.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Megalinus scutellaris (Fauvel, 1900)

Described from “Turquie” (type ♂ in IRSNB) and cited from Asia Minor (Reitter 1908; Coiffait 1972); Asia Minor: Adana (Bordoni 1971); Canakkale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu; Denizli, 50 km N Fethiye, S Cameli, 1250 m; Antalya, Kemer, Beldibi; 30 km N Finike, W Catallar; N Kumluca; 22 km W Alanya, Avsallar; Manavgat, Aydıncık, 1000 m; Manavgat, Kızılot, 50 m; Selge, 800 m; Alanya, Incekum; Mersin, N Anamir, Kösekbasi; Silifke, Camliyayla, 1150 m (Assing 2007e).

Synonyms. *Lepidophallus denticulatus* Bordoni, 2004, described from Antalya, 20 km Alanya, Kargi river (type ♂ in cS).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Hypnogyra Casey, 1906 (= *Phalacrolinus* Coiffait, 1972)

Hypnogyra angularis (Ganglbauer, 1895) (= *glaber* Gravh., 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Bordoni 1971, 1982; Coiffait 1972), all sub *Xantholinus glaber* Gravh.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Milichilinus Reitter, 1908

Milichilinus meybohmi (Assing, 2006)

Described from Osmaniye, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from E Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus Dejean, 1821

Xantholinus anaticus Coiffait, 1965 (*Neoleptophallus*)

Described from Abant dag, Bolu (type ♂ in cK).
Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus araxis Reitter, 1898 (*Helicophallus*)

Cited from Dereyolu, Göle, 2200 m; Kisir dag, 2200 m (Korge 1973).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Xantholinus armeniacus Coiffait, 1956 (s. str.)

Cited from Tahir, 2400 m (Coiffait 1973a); Ilgaz and Cankiri (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Ukraine, Turkey.

Xantholinus audrasi Coiffait, 1956 (s. str.)

Cited from Burdur, NW Cavdir, 1020 m (Assing 2003b); Mugla, 30 km N Fethiye, Boncuk Dagı, Koru, 1140 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; 20 km W Alanya, Incekum; Mersin, Anamur, Nephel (Assing 2006); Ankara, Gölbaşı, 750 m; 25 km S Kabaduz, 990 m (Assing 2007d); Artvin, Borcka, 1700 m; Cam pass, Savsat, 2400-2600 m; Kars, S Posof, Ilgazdagı pass (Assing 2007e).

Synonyms. *akseki* Bordoni, 1994, described from Akseki, 1000-1200 m (type ♂ in cW); *infimus* Coiffait, 1962, cited from Abant Silsileri, Bolu; Bayburt, Trabzon; Pulumur, Erzincan; Kulukkaya, Giresun (Coiffait 1965); Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran.

Xantholinus bitlisicus Assing, 2007e (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Tatvan, 1900 m (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus brevispinosus Assing, 2007e (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Antalya, W Toros, Geyik Daglari, ENE Yarpuz, 1500-1800 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus calcidicus Bordoni, 1973 (*Typhlolinus*)

Described as ssp. of *graecus*, and cited from Bachcelikoy, Izmir and Bursa (Bordoni 1976a).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Albania, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey.

Xantholinus caucasicus Bordoni, 1975 (*Heterolius*)

Cited from Artvin, 650 m (Bordoni 1971, sub *crassicornis* Hochh.).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Xantholinus chersonesicus Assing, 2007e (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Gallipoli (=Gelibolu, Canakkale) (type ♂ in NHML).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus ciliciae Bordoni, 1971 (*Idiolinus*)

Described from Adana (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos, Paphos forest; Akamas forest; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Manavgat, Antalya (Bordoni 1994); Antalya, S Hisar, 1120 m; W Antalya, Saklikent, 1000 m; Manavgat, Kizilot, 0-50 m; Manavgat, Colakli, 0-50 m; W Alanya, Avsallar; W Alanya, Incekum, 20 m; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, E Camliyayla, 430-1150 m; Güzeloluk-Aydinlar, 1380 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 675-1000 m; 10 km W Silifke, 1015 m; Güzeloluk-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1350 m; Erdemli-Güzeloluk, 25 km NW Erdemli, 1085 m; 25 km NW Erdemli, 1150 m; Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, N Yarpuz, 1080 m; S Pozanti, 945 m; 22 km N Kozan, S Eskiye,

640 m; N Osmaniye, Karatepe Nat. Park, 200 m; 19-20 km W and NW Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 340-400 m; SW Senköy, 92 m; 10 km S Iskenderun, W Sogukoluk, 760 m; Harbiye, 430 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Senköy, 750 m (Assing 2004e); Mersin, N Silifke, 970 m; Camliyayla, 3 km W Sebil, 1060-1090 m; NW Taurus, Camliyayla-Gözne, 570-610 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1120 m; N Andirin, 1120-1260 m; Andirin, NE Cokak, 1540 m; 20 km ESE Kahramanmaras, Elmalar, 650 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Turkey.

Xantholinus coiffaiti Franz, 1966 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1982, sub *sublinearis* Coiffait, 1969); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Austria, Bulgaria, Czech Rep., Hungary, Slovakia, Greece, Turkey.

Xantholinus crassicornis (Hochhuth, 1851) (*Idiolinus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); Yalnizcam Pass, 2000 m and Savsat, 1900 m, Artvin (Korge 1973); Artvin, Savsat, Yalnizcam gecidi, 1800-2000 m; Veliköy, Karagöl; Borcka, 1500 m; Dogu, Karadeniz Bölümü, Savsat-Ardahan, 1950 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Xantholinus cypriacus Bordoni, 2007 (*Calolinus*)

Described from Kyrenia (type ♂ in MZL).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus dvoraki Coiffait, 1956 (*Meneidophallus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); Abant Gölü, 1400-1550 m (Gusarov 2002, Zootaxa, 21).

Synonymy: *schweigeri* Coiffait, 1966 (s. str.), described from Abant gölü (Bolu) (type ♂ in MHNP); *schweigeri* Coiffait, 1971, described from the same locality (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Europe, Turkey, Central Asia.

Xantholinus fortepunctatus Motschulsky, 1860 (*Heterolius*)

Cited from Tunceli, Ovaacik, 1400 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1800 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Moldavia, Poland, Ukraine, Turkey, Iran, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan.

Xantholinus graecus Kraatz, 1858 (*Typhlolinus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Limassol and Nicosia (Gridelli 1947); Cyprus (Coiffait 1972; Bordoni 1976a, 1982; Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Meis Adari (Bordoni 1971, 1972, 1982); Mugla, SE Köycegiz, 10 m; Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m; N Kamluca, 460 m; 22 km W Alanya, Aysallar, Incekum; Saricinar Dag, Beklibi, 500 m; Sagirin, KöprülÜ canyon; 30 km NW Alanya, Alarahan; Killik, Koca, 780 m; Mersin, Anamur; Arslanköy, 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; Adana, 22 km N Kozan, S Eskiye Gecidi, 640 m; 20 km SW Kahramanmaraş, Hopurlu, 560 m; 22 km SW Kahramanmaraş, 600 m; Gaziantep, W Biricik, Belkis-Euphrat, 440 m (Assing 2006); Antalya, Alanya; Güzelbag, Zeytinbükü river, 160 m; 15 km NE Alanya, Dimçayı river, 130 m; Antalya, Kemer, 800 m (Assing 2007d); Antalya, 30 km N Finike, W Catallar; Mersin, Silifke; Adana, Ceyhan; Cyprus: Limassol; E. Kücukerenköy; Limnatis river (Assing 2007e); Kyrenia and Kuntara (Bordoni 2007).

Synonyms. ssp. *judaus* Coiffait, 1956, cited from Antalya and Adalia in Pamphylia (Coiffait 1956a); Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); *bythinicus* Coiffait, 1972 (*Typhlolinus*), described from Abant dag, Bolu (type ♂ in IRSNB) (Assing 2006) and cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1999); *varnensis* Coiffait, 1972 (*Typhlolinus*), described from Bulgaria synonymized (Bordoni 1999) with *pamphylicus* Coiffait, 1972, described from Alanya, Dim Irmak (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Antalya; *gridellii carius* Coiffait, 1972, described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in IRSNB) (Assing, 2006).

Additional records. Adana, Hasanbeyli-Nurdag Gecidi, 800-1100 m (NME).

DISTRIBUTION. Eastern Mediterranean.

Xantholinus grandespinosus Assing, 2006 (*Typhlolinus*)

Described from Tasova-Ladik, NE Amasya, (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m (Assing 2007d); Samsun, Kavak, Hacilaz gecidi; NE Havza, Karadag gecidi (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus gridellii Coiffait, 1956 (*Thyphlolinus*)

Cited from Gaziantep, 40 km W Kilis (Assing, 2007e).

Synonyms. ssp. *carius* Coiffait, 1972, described from Marmaris (Mugla) (type ♂ in MHNP), and cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion, Kyremia, Larnaca (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus: Drakos, Troodhitissa (Coiffait 1970, 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Syria, Lebanon, Israel, Algeria.

Xantholinus heinzi Coiffait, 1970 (*Toxophallus*)

Described from Ikizdere, 2000-2600 m (type ♂ in cK ?).

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; 30 km S Ardesen, 750 m; Ikizdere, 1600 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus ibex Assing, 2007e (*Calolinus*)

Described from Saklikent-Lykien, Skigebiet (type ♂ in cA), and from Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m; S Fethiye, Babadag, Ovacik, 1450 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus ilgazensis Coiffait, 1966 (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu, 2000-2300 m (type ♂ in MHNP).

Synonyms. *ilgazensis* Coiffait, 1971, described from the same locality and cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus korgei Coiffait, 1965 (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Kirklar Daglari (= Soganli Daglari, Camlik), S Rize, 2000 m (type ♂ in cK).

Cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); Sümela, Trabzon (Bordoni 1976); Drannaz Dag, Sinop (Coiffait 1978a); Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m; 50 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 1870-2280 m; Of, Soganli, 2000-2200 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus laevigatus Jacobsen, 1849 (*Typhlolinus*)

Cited from Ilgaz daglari, 1800-1900 m (Coiffait 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972, Bordoni 1976, 1982); Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu (Bordoni 1971); Kastamonu, Akkaya (Assing 2006); Bursa; Bolu; Mersin, Camliyayla (Assing 2007e).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1775 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Xantholinus lederi Coiffait, 1966 (*Calolinus*)

Additional records. Yalnizcam gecidi, Artvin, 2200 m CB). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Xantholinus linearis (Olivier, 1795) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron, 1858) and Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic, introduced in other regions.

Xantholinus lividipennis Coiffait, 1972 (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Bey Dag, Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus longiventris (Heer, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, introduced in North America, New Zealand, Australia.

Xantholinus luteipennis Coiffait, 1970 (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Pinarbasi, Kayseri, 1700 m (type ♂ in MHNP) and cited from Asia Minor (Bordoni 1971; Coiffait 1972); 25 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 1070 m; 15 km N Adıyaman, 1220 m; 50 km NE Adıyaman, S Sincik, 1330 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus marasicus Assing, 2007e (*Calolinus*)

Described from 30 km SSW Kahramanmaraş, Uzungöğüt, 660 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus multispinosus Assing, 2007e (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Mersin, N Silifke, W Kirobasi, 1390 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, Hacıahmetli, Mut, 1300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus osellai Bordoni, 1976 (*Typhlolinus*)

Described from Draganaz gecidi, 1320 m (type ♂ in MSNV).

Cited from Bolu: Sinop, Ayancik, Cangal Dagı (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus procerus Erichson, 1839 (*Paracyclinus*)

Cited from Bolu; Ankara-Cankiri, S Cerkes, Isik Dagı gecidi (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Europe, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Xantholinus puthzi Bordoni, 1979 (*Calolinus*)

Described from Sertaval Pass, Konya, 1600 m (type ♂ in cB).

Cited from E Kumluca, 300-500 m (Assing 2003b); Antalya, Saklikent; 30 km SSW Kahramanmaraş, Uzunsöğüt, 660 m; 20 km SW Kahramanmaraş, Hopurlu, 560 m (Assing 2006).

Synonyms. *penicillatus* Assing, 2007, **syn. n.**

Xantholinus penicillatus was described from Mugla, 30 km NE Fethiye, Bonkut Dagı, Koru, 1750 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Akschehir, Sultan Dagı; Mugla, Gökova.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus reitteri Coiffait, 1966 (*Typhlolinus*)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan D. valley, 1800-1900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal valley, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Xantholinus rufipennis (Erichson, 1839) (*Calolinus*)

Cited from Cyprus: 3 km W Agia Napa; Akamas, 200 m; Troodos, Galata; Limassol; Polis, 10 km S Akourdaleia, 300 m; Larnaka; 5 km N Dhekelia (Assing 2007e); Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Bordoni 1973c, 1982); Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Coiffait 1966, 1972; Bordoni 1971, 1982); Asia Minor: Bursa (Bordoni 1976a); Tschai (Bodemeyer 1900); Bulghar dag, Tarsus and Hermon river (Sahlberg 1913); Zonguldak, Eregli Koca Ali; Canakkale, 25 km S Kumkale, Besik Koyu; Izmir, Bozdag, 1300-1560 m; Mugla, N Milas, Labranda, 550-660 m; Antalya, E Kumluca, 300-500 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 40 m; 70 km NE Fethiye, Güllübeli Gecik, 1525 m; 28 km N Finike, Catallar, 1000 m; Manavgat, 600 m; Mersin, Arslanköy, 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; N Finike, Arykanda, 720 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 475 m; Antakya, Arsuz; Belen, Sogukoluk; Nur Daglari; 60 km SE Kahramanmaraş, Gani Dagı, 950 m; 8 km SE Andirin, 1110 m; Diyarbakir, Karacadag (Assing 2007e).

Synonyms. *infuscatus* Bernhauer, 1910, described also from Asia Minor; *piochardi* Coiffait, 1956, described from Israel but also from Greece, Syria, Lebanon, and Cyprus (type ♂ in MHNP); *phenicius* Coiffait, 1971 (*Calolinus*) (Bordoni 2007a) cited from Cyprus (Bordoni 1976); Cyprus: 3 km W Agia Napa; Akamas, Neochorion; Akamas,

Polis: W Troodos, Kannavion (Assing & Wunderle 2001), all sub *phenicius*; Asia Minor (Bordoni 1994); E Kumluca, 300-500 m (Assing 2003b, sub *putzhi* Bordoni).

DISTRIBUTION. Eastern Mediterranean.

Xantholinus sidonensis Coiffait, 1956 (*Calolinus*)

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor: Castelrosso (Bordoni 1971) (island 3 km W turkish coast but politically Greece) and Asia Minor (Bordoni 1976a), for misidentification.

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Lebanon.

Xantholinus tauricus Bordoni, 1972 (*Helicophallus*)

Described from Taurus, Anemas (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from the same record (Bordoni 1976a); Konya, Akehir, Sultan Dagi (Assing 2007e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Xantholinus wunderlei Bordoni, 1994 (*Typhlolinus*)

Described from Manavgat, Antalya (type ♂ in cW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Vulda Jacquelin du Val, 1852

Vulda brignolii Bordoni, 1973 (*Typhlodes*)

Described from Boraby gölü, Amasya (type ♂ in MZUR).

Additional records. Ordu (MHNG, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Vulda cangalica Assing, 2007e (*Typhlodes*)

Described from Cangaldagh (type ♂ in NMW), and from Cangal-Ayancik.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Vulda ottomana (Cameron, 1912) (s. str.)

Described from Beykos, asiatic coast of Bosphorus (type ♂ in NHML).

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1972); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald (Assing 2007e).

Synonyms. *Xantholinus anatolicus* Coiffait, 1965, described from Abant geb., Bolu (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Vulda vignai Bordoni, 1973 (*Typhlodes*)

Described from Abant, Bolu, 1400 m (type ♂ in INER).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

STAPHYLININAE

Othius Stephens, 1829

Othius angustus Stephens, 1833

The ssp. *stenocephalus* Eppelsheim, 1881 was cited from Ulu Dag, Bursa (Fagel 1971); Col de Soganli, Trabzon, 2600 m (Coiffait 1978a), sub *O. stenocephalus* Epp.; S Ikizdere, 1400-2600 m; Ardesen, Ilica, Ayder, 1000-1800 m; Ardesen, Kavran-yayla, 200-2500 m; Mackaca, Zigana Pass, 2200 m; Artvin, Yalizcam, 2000 m; 50 km SE Rize, Ovitdagi Gec., 2600 m (Assing 1997); Damal-Posof, Kars, 2500 m; Pirnalli, Karkal dagl., Artvin, 1600 m (Assing 1999); Trabzon, Kalkanli Daglari, 10 km S Dikaya, 2000 m; Trabzon, between Zigana pass and Zigana, 2300 m (Solodovnikov 2000); Trabzon, Macka, 1000 m (Assing 2003c).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Georgia, Turkey (ssp. *stenocephalus*).

Othius grandis Hochhuth, 1849

Cited from Camlik, Rize, 1700 m (Coiffait 1965, 1972); Ikizdere, 1400-2500 m; Ardesen, Ilica, Ayder 1000-2000 m; Cat. Tatos-Dagl, 2000 m; Camlik, Rize, 1700 m (Assing 1997); Erzurum, Mescit Daglari, 40 km NW Tortum, 1800 m (Solodovnikov 2000); Rize, Ikizdere (Assing 2003c).

Additional records. Ilica, Ayder, Rize, 1200-1600 (cZA).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Othius korgei Coiffait, 1965

Described from Akkus, Ünye (type ♂ in cK).

Cited from Akkus, Niksar (Bordoni 1976); Caldere, Akkus, 1400 m; Samlun, Sam-

sun-Kavak; Ordu, S Tekkiraz, 500-700 m (Assing 1997); Caldere, Akkus (Assing 1999c; Assing 2003c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Othius laeviusculus Stephens, 1833

Cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1970; Bordoni 1982); Cyprus: Pedhoulas, Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos; Paphos forest; Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Olympus, 1900 m; Troodos, 600-1650 m; Paphos, Kykkos; Limassol; Platres; Larnaka (Assing 1997), and from Asia Minor: Sammalardag, Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1966); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Coiffait 1956); Asia Minor: Kastamonu, S Inebolu, 600 m; Tavas-ovasi, 1000 m; Izmir; Manavgat, Antalya, 600 m; Adana, Kozan, 600 m; Adıyaman, Gölbaşı, 900 m; 14 km E SuCati, Mersin; Gulf von Makri in SW Anatolia (Assing 1997); Samsun; Izmir; Namrun, 1800-2000 m (Assing 1999); Anamur, 350 m; Mersin, 15 km W Silifke, 675 m; Mugla, Yaatağan-Milas; Antalya, WNW Kemer (Assing 2003c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Othius lapidicola Märkel & Kiesenwetter, 1848

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1966); Antalya (Coiffait 1972, sub *albanicus* Rtt., 1918); Col Gököy e Mesudiye (Coiffait 1978a); Kirklareli; Alem dag; Istanbul; Asia Minorasya; Ulu dag, Bursa, 1900 m; Abant, Bolu, 1500-1600 m; Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu, 1700-2300 m; Akkaya, Kastamonu; 13 km E Agli, 1200 m; 32 km N Tosya, Kastamonu, 1400m; Sinop; 29 km N Boyabat, Sinop, 1250 m; Mamo dag, Tokat, 1800 m; Koyulhisar, 1800 m; Tahir gec., Horasan, 2100 m; Cangal dag, Ayancik, 1000-1200 m; Civcan dag, Gerede, 1400-1600 m; Mahumudiye, Ordu, 1500 m; Alem dag; Erciyas dag, 2000 m; Mugla, Marmaria; Manavgat, Antalya, 900-1000 m; Aydinket, Uründü, Antalya, 1200 m; Termessos, Antalya; Tekir, Adana, 1200 m; Golf of Makri; Goek dag; Tmolos gbg (Assing 1997); SW Artvin, 1900 m; SavCat-Ardahan, Artvin, 2650 m; Pınallı, Karkal dag, Artvin, 1600 m; Borcka-Hopa, Artvin, 700 m; Bolu; Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Damal-Posof, Kars, 2400-2500 m; Digor, Kars, 1650 m; Gümüşane dagl., Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Termessos, Antalya (Assing 1999, Linzer biol. Beitr., 31, 2); Erzurum. Mescit Dagları, 40 km NW Tortum, 1800-2600 m (Solodovnikov 2000); Cankiri, Ilgaz daghi Gecidi, 1800 m; Sarikamis (Assing, 2003, Mem. Entom. Intern., 17: 728); Istanbul, Yalova; Bursa; Sinop, Cangal-Ayancik; Cangal Dagı; Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagı; Trabzon, Macka, 1000 m; Antalya, valley SE Termessos, 300 m; Antalya, 15 km S Kemer, 60 m; Antalya, N Finike, Arykanda, 720 m; Mugla, Bayir, 450 m; Mersin, Mut-Kirobaşı, 1250 m; Mersin, 20 km N Mut, 1320 m; Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, E Camliyayla; Mersin, Erdemli-Güzeloluk, 1085-1150 m (Assing 2003c). Denizli, 50 km N Fethiye, S Cameli, 1245 m; Antalya, E Kumluca, 385 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 220 m; 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli pass, 830 m; Güllübeli pass, 1650 m; W Kemer, 325 m; 4 km NW Akseki, 1250 m; N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; Akseki; Mugla; Baba Dag, Ovacik, 1170 m; Boncuk dagı , Korum, 1140-1750 m; N Uzümlü, 750 m; 20 km NNE Fethiye, 1000 m; Mersin, N Pozanti, 1400 m; Mersin-Arsılköy, SE Akdag; S Yeniköy, 1000-1300 m; Rize, İkizdere, 1600 m; Van, E lake, 1800-2200 m (Assing 2005g); Antalya, Kilik, 800 m (Assing 2005i); Mersin, Findikpinari, 1090 m; Mersin-Arsılköy, Aladag, 830 m;

Güzeloluk, S Aydinlar, 1220-1380 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 750-1000 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m; Adana, 22 km N Kozan, 640 m; Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m; Antakya, 9 km SE Iskenderun, 5 km NE Belen, 1240 m; Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m; NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1310 m; Kartal Dagı, 1070-1200 m; W Isikli, 1120 m; W Yamacoba, 1200 m; 10 km WNW Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 815-1580 m; SW Kahramanmaras, 560-1070 m; Yesilyöre, 600 m; Uzunsöğüt, 660 m; Elmalar, 650-740 m; N Andirin, 1120 m; SW Doluca, 1030-1280 m; 20 km SW Hopurlu, 520 m; 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270-1450, SW Türkoglu, 850 m; Adiyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1470 m (Assing 2006c).

Synonyms: *elongatus* Coiffait, 1956, described from Dinar, Afyon, between Denizli and Isparta (type ♂ in MHNP); *rhodicus* Coiffait, 1976, described from Rhodos but cited from Ilgaz dag, 1800-1900 m and Zigana gecidi, Trabzon, 2000 m (Coiffait 1965); *kastamonuensis* Bordini, 1976, described from Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag (type ♂ in MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Othius ponticus Coiffait, 1978

Described from Ciftecoprüler pass, 1000 m, to the borderline with Georgia (type ♀ in MHNP), as ssp. of *transylvanicus* (sic) Ganglb., 1895, and cited from Rize, 20 km S Ikizdere (Assing 1997) and Borcka, 1700 m (Assing 2003c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Othius punctulatus (Goeze, 1777)

Cited from Akkus, Unye (Coiffait 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1966, 1978a); Ulu dag, Bursa, 1100 m; Abant dagl., Bolu, 1400-1600 m; Safranbolu, Karaevli, Kastamonu, 1000 m; Ilgaz dag, 15 km N Tosya, Kastamonu, 1700-1800 m; Mama dag, NE Togat, 1200-1700 m; Kütahya, 1500 m; Sinop, 29 km N Boyabat, 1250 m; N Koyuthisar, 1800 m; W Göle, 1300 m; SE Tosya, 1200-1500 m; S Mudurnu, 1400 m; Konya, 18 km SE Beusehir, 1200 m (Assing 1997); Gümüsane dagl., Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Artvin, 1500 m; Pınallı, Karkal dagl. (Artvin), 1600 m (Assing 1999); Sarikamis (Assing 2003d); Bolu; Cangal Dagı; Ilgaz Dagı; Akkus; Sinop, Cangal-Ayancik; Artvin, Borcka, 1500 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; Tunceli, Ovacik, 1700 m (Assing 2003c); Dereköy, Cemova; Bolu, Abant (Assing, 2005g).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Othius ziganensis Solodovnikov, 2000

Described from NW slopes of Kalkani Daglari, 7-10 km NE Zigana pass, Trabzon, 1700-1800 m (type ♂ in ZIP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atrecus Jacquelin du Val, 1856 (= *Baptolinus* Kraatz, 1857)

Atrecus affinis (Paykull, 1789)

Cited from Abant-Silsilesi, Bolu; Ilgaz dag (Coiffait 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1966, 1972; Bordoni 1982; Assing 1998c); Ciftecoprüler pass, 1000 m (Coiffait 1978a, sub *affinis* ssp. *caucasicus* Roub., 1933); Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (Bordoni 1973a, 1976); Trabzon, Macka, 1000 m; Artvin, Borcka, 1500-1700 m; Rize, Ikizdere, 1600 m; Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagi; Cangal Dag; Akkus (Assing 2003c).

Additional records. Ilica, Ayder, Rize, 1200-1600 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Atrecus parvioculatus Assing, 1998

Described from S. Vit, Ayder, Firtina valley, Rize, 1400 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Tal v. Ardesen, Ayder, 1000-1600 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Diochus Erichson, 1839

Diochus atayus Assing, 2003h

Described from Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 383 m (Nur Daglari) (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from 17-19 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 360-400 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Diochus libanoticus Fagel, 1966

Additional records. Tokat, Tokat-Almas, 1200 m (MHNG). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon.

Diochus sulcatus Assing, 2003h

Described from Ilgazdag, 15 km N Tsaya, 1500-1700 m (type ♀ in MHNG), and from Tokat, Almus, 1200 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Platyprosopus Mannerheim, 1830

Platyprosopus bagdadensis Stierlin, 1867

Cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1972; Franz 1987).

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Iran, Iraq, Saudi Arabia, Armenia, Azerbaijan, Syria, Algeria, Tunisia.

Platyprosopus hierochonticus (Reiche, 1856)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Coiffait 1972); Cyprus (Reitter 1908; Coiffait 1972); Cyprus: Limassol; Alassa, N Limassol, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Additional records. Cyprus: Kyrenia, Karavas (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Israel.

Neobisnius Ganglbauer, 1895

Neobisnius lathrobioides (Baudi, 1848)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974); Adana and Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967b, sub *cerrutii* Gridelli, 1943).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, North Africa, Canada, North America.

Neobisnius orbus (Kiesenwetter, 1850)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and from Asia Minor: Hermon river and Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913, sub *Philonthus*); Afrin, Musabeyli (Smetana 1967b); Manyas lake, Mersin (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean, Afghanistan, Madeira, Canary Is., Cape Verde Is., Mauritania, Chad, Saudi Arabia, Madagascar, Réunion.

Neobisnius procerulus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974); Svilengrad to the borderline Bulgaria-Turkey and Adana (Smetana 1967b).

Additional records. Edirne; Ipsala, Edirne (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Neobisnius prolixus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Sabandja and Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Asia Minor: Izmir (Horion 1965); Melem river, near Smyrne (Sahalber 1913), Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967b).

Synonyms. *dissimilis* Baudi, 1870, described from Cyprus (type § in MZT ?).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Erichsonius Fauvel, 1872

Erichsonius cinerascens (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodmeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Horion 1965), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe. Turkey ?, Morocco.

Erichsonius dux Smetana, 1967 (*Sectophilonthus*)

Described from Bürücek, Toros (type ♂ in MNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Erichsonius rivularis (Kiesenwetter, 1856) (*Sectophilonthus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1965a).

Additional records. Tutak, Agri, 1800 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Turkey, Iran, Armenia.

Erichsonius subopacus (Hochhuth, 1851) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

Cafius Curtis, 1829

Cafius xantholoma (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2002) and from Asia Minor: Mersin (Peyron 1858, sub *Philonthus*); Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Remus Holme, 1837

Remus filum (Kiesenwetter, 1849)

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Croatia, Bulgaria, Turkey, Egypt, Libya.

Remus pruinosus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Portugal, Spain, France, Italy, Netherlands, Turkey ?, Canary Is.

Remus sericeus Holme, 1839

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km Limassol: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Kuste near Harmankuya (Scheerpeltz 1958, sub *Cafius sericeus* var. *obscuricornis* Koch, 1936).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Hesperus Fauvel, 1874

Hesperus auricomus Schillhammer et al., 2007

Described from Mersin, 50 km N Gülnar, Kösecobeli & Tasdüstü, 1480 m (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Hesperus gozukai Schillhammer et al., 2007

Described from Kizilen, 50 km N Erdemli, 1250 m (type ♂ in NMW), and from Devrent, 30 km N Erdemli; Mersin, 50 km N Gülnar, Kösecobeli & Tasdüstü, 1480 m; Alanya, Dimçay.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Hesperus turcicus Schillhammer et al., 2007

Described from Mersin, 50 km N Gülnar, Kösecobeli & Tasdüstü, 1480 m (type ♂ in NMW), and from Kizilen, 50 km N Erdemli, 1250 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Philonthus Stephens, 1829

Philonthus aculeatus Coiffait, 1963

Additional records. Akkuk, Niksar (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey, Lebanon.

Philonthus alberti Schillhammer, 2000

New name for *picipes* Fauvel, 1875, n. preocc.

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Abant, Bolu (Fagel 1968a); Bolu (Smetana 1977), Cifteçulder pass, 1000 m (Coiffait 1978).

Additional records. Musukiye, Izmit, Gök dag, 1000 m (MZUR); Soumela, Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Caucasus.

Philonthus albipes (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey ?, Mongolia, Tunisia.

Philonthus alpinus Eppelsheim, 1875

Cited from Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *albipes* v. *alpinus*); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1800-1900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 2400 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Philonthus asperulus Fauvel, 1875

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Israel.

Philonthus atratus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Sultan Dagħ and Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Serai Dagħ (Penther 1905); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Camlidere, Isik dag; Ulukisla, 1400 m and Yeniköy, 900 m (Smetana 1953); between Ilagaz and Cankiri (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Tutak, Agri, 1800 m; Bolu, Abant goolu, 1400-1600 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Aisiatic-European.

Philonthus besucheti Smetana, 1977

Described from Adiyman, Golbasi, 900 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Philonthus carbonarius (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor and Cyprus (Fauvel 1874, sub *varius* Gyllenhal, 1810); Asia Minor: Sultan Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *varius*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1970, sub *nitidicollis* var. *oligostigma* Leinberg, 1900).

Additional records. Taurus and Emir dag, Kurundere (MHNG); Askale-Erzurum, 1800 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, introduced in the Nearctic region.

Philonthus caucasicus Nordmann, 1837

Cited from Cyprus (Fauve, 1874) and from Asia Minor: Mucur (Smetana 1953); Asia Minor (Horion 1965), all sub *dimidiatus* Sahlberg, 1830.

Additional records. Erzurum, Kombina; Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Philonthus chehirensis Bernhauer, 1935

Described from Ak-Cheir (type ♀ in FMNH).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Philonthus cochleatus Scheerpeltz, 1937

Described from Bulgaria and cited from Cyprus: Famagosta (Scheerpeltz 1956), and Asia Minor (Lohse 1958; Horion 1965); Agapinari, Toros (Smetana 1954).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Morocco.

Philonthus cognatus Stephens, 1832

Cited from Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *fuscipennis* Mannerheim, 1830); Zigana pass, Trabzon, 2000 m (Coiffait 1978a); Yeniköy, 1000 m (Smetana 1953); Kara Hava, Trabzon, 1800 m (Fagel 1963, sub *fuscipennis*).

Additional records. Bursa, Ulu dag, 2000-2300 m (MSNV, cB); Ankara, Kizilcahan (MSNV); Zigana gecidi, Artvin (MSNV, cB); Egribel pass, Giresun, 2200-2500 m (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Philonthus concinnus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Famagusta; Larnaca; Limassol (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970, sub *ochropus* Gravenhorst, 1802), and from Asia Minor (Sahlberg 1913; Horion 1965); Biledjik, Sultan Dag, Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1927); Suluhan, Yeniköy, Karanipar in Taurus; Camlidere, Isik dag; Erciyas, 1800 m; Bolu dag, Kaynasli (Mengen), 900-1000 m; Agapinari and Ankara (Smetana 1953); Soluhan (Smetana 1967b); Bürücek, 900-1000 m (Smetana 1953, sub. ab. *ochripennis* Gerhardt, 1910).

Additional records. Emir dag in Frigia (MSNV); 19 km W Sivrihisar, Eskisehir, 1000 m; Truva, Kannakale (MZUR); Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m; Bursa, Ulu dag, 1800 m; Suphan dag, Van; Herecke, Izmir; Asia Minorasya e Cakalli, Asia Minorasya (MSNV); Cankiri, Inkoy, 1300 m (cB); Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic, introduced in the Nearctic region.

Philonthus coprophilus Jarrige, 1949

Cited from 30-45 km NNE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 20200-2500 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, North Africa.

Philonthus corruscus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *coruscus*); Melis river near Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Bürücek; Suluhan; Camlidere, Isik dag (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palearctic.

Philonthus corvinus Erichson, 1839

Additional records. Tutak, Agri, 1800 m (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europa, Russia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan.

Philonthus cruentatus (Gmelis, 1790)

Cited from Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *cruentatus* v. *extinctus* Bernhauer); Baba dag, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European.

Philonthus debilis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900); Meandr river, Searaikioi (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965); Ankara and Suluhan in Taurus (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Philonthus dimidiatipennis Erichson, 1840

Cited from Mogan gölü and Adana (Smetana 1953); Beysehir gölü (Smetana 1967); Ertchek lake, Ufer (Scheerpeltz 1958); Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974).
Additional records. Antalya, Elmali, Avla gölü (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Philonthus discoideus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Philonthus diversiceps Bernhauer, 1901

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Coiffait 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Armenia, Turkey, Cyprus.

Philonthus ebeninus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; St, Hilarion; Kyrenia; Limassol, Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor (Peyron 1858), Suluhan in Taurus (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Philonthus fenestratus Fauvel, 1872

Cited from Cyprus: Kyrenia (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor: B r ce k, 900-1000 m (Smetana 1953), Izmir (Smetana 1965c).

DISTRIBUTION. Great Britain, France, Italy, Spain, Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira, Azores.

Philonthus frigidoides Coiffait, 1963

Described from Lebanon but also from Asia Minor: Isparta, Aglasun and cited doubtfully from Golkoy-Mesudye (Coiffait 1967, 1974, 1978a).

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Ganglbauer 1895; Horion 1965), all sub *frigidus* M rkel & Kiesenwetter, 1848.

Additional records. Bursa, Ulu dag, 1800 m (MSNV); Zigana gecidi, Trabzon (MSNV) and Kulukkali, Giresun, 1900-2200 m (MZUR, cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey, Lebanon.

Philonthus intermedius (Lacordaire, 1835)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; Pedhoulas; St. Hilarion; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos; Platania (Coiffait 1970); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Taurus (Peyron 1858); Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Baba dag, Eregli (Sahalberg 1913); Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Iraq, Turkmenistan, North Africa, Lebanon.

Philonthus jurgans Tottenham, 1937

Cited from Asia Minor (Newton in litt.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Nearctic region.

Philonthus juvenilis Peyron, 1858

Described from Cilicia, near Tarsus (type   in AUB).

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor: Sultan Dag  (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Cehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Gridelli, 1943; Coiffait 1974); Ulukisla, 1400 m and Alaham, 900 m in Taurus (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

***Philonthus kisirensis* (Coiffait, 1966)**

Described from Kisir Dag, Kars, 2600 m (type ♂ in MHNP). The distribution of this species is not cited in Smetana (2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Philonthus laminatus* (Creutzer, 1799)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1967, 1974, 1978a; Schillhammer 2003), Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Ankara (Smetana 1953); Ufer, Gönen river (Horion 1965); Saganli pass, Trabzon (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Georgia, Turkey, Iran.

***Philonthus laxatus* Fauvel, 1875**

Described from Caucasus and cited from Ilica, Ayder, 1000-1600; Yalnizcam, Artvin, 2000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Russia, Armenia, Turkey.

***Philonthus lindbergi* Scheerpeltz, 1958**

Described from Van lake (type ♂ in NMW), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Philonthus longicornis* Stephens, 1832**

Cited from Cyprus: Famagusta (Scheerpeltz 1956c); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974) and from Asia Minor: Agapinari, Toros (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

***Philonthus micans* (Gravenhorst, 1802)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?, Kazakhstan, North Africa.

Philonthus mimus Smetana, 1959

Cited from Istanbul, Halkali (Smetana 1977), Ilgaz dag and Cankiri (Coiffait 1978); Manyas lake, Afyon, Beysehir (Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Antalya, Elmali, Aula gölü (MZUR, cB); Ipsala, Edirne (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Turkey.

Philonthus nigrita (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Abant gölü, Bolu (Korge, 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Russia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan.

Philonthus nitidicollis (Lacordaire, 1835)

Cited from Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970, sub *nitidicollis* var. *rosarius* Tottenham, 1945; v. *instigma* Coiffait, 1970, described from Cedres valley, 1500 m (type ♀ in MHNP)); Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974; Horion 1965, sub *bimaculatus* Gravenhorst, 1802); Hermon river, Izmir; Jamanlar dag, Izmir (Sahlberg 1913), Camlidere, Isik dag; Bürücek; Suluhan; Karapinar, Adana (Smetana, 1953, sub *immaculatus* ab. *nitidicollis*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, North Africa, East Mediterranean, Russia, Caucasus, Turkey, Afghanistan.

Philonthus parvicornis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874); Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900), sub *agilis* Gravenhorst, 1806.

Additional records. Kastamonu, 900 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Oriental regions.

Philonthus picimanus (Ménétries, 1832)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

Synonyms. *formaneki* Roubal, 1911, described from Caucasus and cited from Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1450 m (Smetana 1965c); Trabzon and Tiflis (Jarrige 1971).

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon, 1500 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Philonthus piochardi Fauvel, 1875

Described from Syria and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Israel, Iran.

Philonthus politus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874); Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *aeneus* Rossi, 1790); Kotoum (Scheerpeltz 1958), Istanbul, Soflan Magarasi (Bordoni 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Philonthus punctus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974); Svilengrad to the borderline Bulgaria-Turkey (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. Europa, Russia, Turkey, Caucasus, North Africa, Iran, Turkestan.

Philonthus quisquiliariformis Scheerpeltz, 1958

Described from Kotoum near Van lake (type ♂ in NMW), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1967; 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Philonthus quisquiliarius (Gylléhal, 1810)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1974); Izmir (Sahalber 1913); Mogan gölü, Adana (Smetana 1953), Adana, Ankara (Smetana 1967, sub var. *inquinatus* Steph.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, Caucasus, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan.

Philonthus rectangulus Sharp, 1874

Cited from Hasanoglan, 1000 m (Smetana 1953).
Additional records. Mocka; Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Philonthus rotundicollis (Ménétries, 1832)

Cited from Gaziantep, Sahinbey, Sof Dagi, 1200 m (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Philonthus rubripennis Stephens, 1832

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, sub *fulvipes* Fabricius, 1793).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Algeria, Morocco.

Philonthus rufimanus Heer, 1839

Cited from Biledjik and Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Smyrne, Hermon and Melem rivers (Sahlberg 1913), Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Svilengrad to the border-line Bulgaria-Turkey (Smetana 1953), Afrin, Musabeyli (Smetana 1953; Smetana 1967b); Bayburt, Trabzon (Horion 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974), all as *rufimanus* Erichson, 1840.

Additional records. Kysyldscha, Hamman (MSNV); Alagdag Ilica, Agri, (MZUR); Tutak, Agri, 1800 m (MZUR, MSNV, cB); Adilcevaz, Bitlis (MZUR); Ercis, Van (MZUR, cB); Ercis, Van gölü, 1800 m (MSNV); Yalnizcam, Artvin (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Uzbekistan, Afghanistan, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Philonthus rufipes (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Asia Minor: Sultan Dag and Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *immundus* Gyllenhal, 1810); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *fumigatus* Erichson, 1839; Ganglbauer 1895; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1967; Smetana 1967b, sub *immundus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Georgia, Turkey, Azores.

Philonthus salinus Kiesenwetter, 1844

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Van lake (Scheerpeltz 1958); Manyas lake (Coiffait 1974a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan.

Philonthus speciosus Cameron, 1926

Cited from 45 km SE Sanliurfa, 10 km E Altinbasak, 500 m (Schillhammer 1996).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Oman, NW India.

Philonthus spinipes Sharp, 1874

Cited from Antalya, Manavgat; Mersin, Cape Anamur (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, China, Korea, Japan, Taiwan.

Philonthus splendens (Fabricius, 1793)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

The ssp. *sideropterus* Kolenati, 1846 was cited from Asia Minor in Schillhammer (2000).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic (ssp. nom.); Caucasus, Turkey (ssp. *sideropterus*).

Philonthus stragulatus Erichson, 1840

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Philonthus succicola Thomson, 1860

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European.

Philonthus svanetiensis Coiffait, 1974

Described as ssp. of *frigidus* Märkel & Kiesenwetter, 1848 and cited from Rize, 30-40 km SSW Hopa, Canglayan river, 1800-2900 m; 60 km SSE Rize, Ovitdagi gecidi, 2510-2710 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 1800 m; 30-45 km NNE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2500-2900 m; 35 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100-2600 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Philonthus tenuicornis Mulsant & Rey, 1853

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran; Nearctic region (introduced).

Philonthus truquii Peyron, 1858

Described presumably from Tarsus (type ♂ in AUB) and cited from Bürücek in Taurus and from Ulukisla (Smetana 1954).

DISTRIBUTION. Syria, Turkey.

Philonthus turbidus Erichson, 1840

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Philonthus umbratilis (Gravenhorst, 1892)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European; introduced in the Nearctic region.

Philonthus varians (Paykull, 1789)

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion, Famagusta and Limassol (Scheerpeltz 1956e); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970) and Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Philonthus velatipennis Solsky, 1870

Synonyms. *extensus* Korge, 1971, described from Igdir, Ararat (as ab. of *velatipennis*) (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Turkey, Iran, Turkestan.

Philonthus ventralis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965); Kyrenia and Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1974, sub *immundus* Gyllenhal, 1810); Asia Minor: Yeniköy (Smetana 1967, sub *immundus* Gravenhorst, 1806).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Gabrius Stephens, 1829

Gabrius amanensis Schillhammer, 1990

Described from Yarpuz, Osmaniye, 900 m (type ♂ in NHMW).

Cited from Adana, 10 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 900 m; Karhamanmaras, 30 km Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (Assing 2004e); 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m; NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cekak, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius anaticus Smetana, 1953

Described from Yenoköy, Toros, 1000 m (type ♂ in NMP).

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 1961; Coiffait 1974); Izmir, Boz Daglar, Bozdag, 1500 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius appendiculatus Sharp, 1910

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Gabrius arnoldi Smetana, 1961

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Gabrius astutoides (Strand, 1946)

Cited from Mugla, Fethiye, Girdev Yaylasi (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey; Nearctic region (introduced).

Gabrius astutus (Erichson, 1840)

Cited from Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Philonthus*); Bürücek, Toros, 900-1000 m; Karapınar, Toros, 900 m (Smetana 1953, 1967b); Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Lebanon.

Gabrius badius (Kiesenwetter, 1858)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Smetana 1961; Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Corsica, Sardinia, Sicily, Turkey.

Gabrius bishopi Sharp, 1910

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Central Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius breviventer (Sperk, 1835)

Cited from Ulukisla (Smetana 1953, 1957, 1960); Asia Minor (Horion 1965, Coiffait 1974), all sub *pennatus* Sharp, 1910.

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Gabrius exiguus (Nordmann, 1837)

Cited from Erciyas dag, Kayseri, 2000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius exsculptus Assing, 2004e

Described from S Antakya, Ziyaret Dag, W Sungur, 760 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius exspectatus Smetana, 1952

Cited from Bolu (Horion 1965); Abant dag, Bolu and Akkus, Unye (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius fageli Drugmand, 1990

Described from Abant Dagh (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius femoralis (Hochhuth, 1851)

Cited from Urwald dag, AkcokocA), near Bolu, 400 m and Tamdere, Giresun, 1700 m (Korge 1971); Bursa (Smetana 1977); Antalya, Saklikent (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius hoberlandti Smetana, 1953

Described from Ulukisla (type ♂ in NMP), and cited from the same locality by Smetana (1960, l. c.); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Gabrius latro Joy, 1913

Cited from Istanbul, Altinsehir (Smetana, 1977); Asia Minor (Coiffai 1974, sub *la-troides* Coiffait, 1963).

Additional records. Azort, Erzurum (MHNG, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Georgia, Russia, Armenia, Greece, Turkey, Cyprus, Azerbaijan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Gabrius lividipes (Baudi, 1848)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 1953; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974); Hasanoglan, 900-1000 m and Kizilk river, Irmak (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius nigrutilus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *Philonthus aterrimus* Gravh., 1802); Bile-djik (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Philonthus*); Caramania (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874); Ankara; Karapinar, Adana; Suluhan, Taurus; Bütücek, Taurus; Hasanoglan; Alata; Yeniköy; Alahan; Camlidere, Isik dag (Smetana 1953); Suhuan and Hasanoglan (Smetana 1967b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Kirklareli, Demir Koy (MHNG); Ulu dag, Bursa, 1300-1600 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Gabrius noei Coiffait, 1966

Described from Mt. Ararat, 3000 m (type ♂ in MHNP) and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius osseticus (Kolenati, 1846)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874, sub *vernalis* Gravh., 1806), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey ?

Gabrius piliger (Mulsant & Rey, 1876)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 1957; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974); Karapinar, Toros (Smetana 1953, sub *stipes* Sharp, 1910).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius ravasinii Gridelli, 1920

Cited from Ulukisla; Erciyas (Bachufer), 1800 m; Bürücek in Taurus; Ankara; Yeniköy in Taurus (Smetana 1953, sub *subnigritulus* Joy, 1913); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974); Bursa; Izmir, Bergama (Smetana 1977); Asia Minor (Smetana 1957; 1960; Horion 1965, sub *spurius* Smetana, 1954).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius sacerdotalis Joy, 1913

Cited from Ilica, Ayden (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Gabrius splendidulus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Sabandja nd “Kilikischer Taurus” (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Philonthus*); Mengen, Abant (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Gabrius subnigritulus Joy, 1913

Cited from Ulukisla; Erciyas, 1800 m; Bürücek, Toros; Ankara-Cankaya; Yeniköy, Toros (Smetana 1953).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Turkey, Iran, Kazahkstan.

Gabrius suffragani Joy, 1913

Cited from Samsun (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gabrius tokatensis Smetana, 1977

Described from Tokat, Tokat-Almus (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Adana, 13 km E Omaniye, NW Yarpuz, 930 m; Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; Pass N Tekir, S Gösun, 1400-1550 m (Assing 2004e); 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m; 15 km N Adiyaman, 1220 m (Assing 2006).

Synonyms. *amasiensis* Coiffait, 1980, described from Asia Minor (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gabrius toxotes Joy, 1913

Cited from Mugla, Gölgeli Daglari, 20 km NE Köycegiz, Agla, 1700 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Russia (Far East).

Gabrius trossuliformis Schillhammer, 1999

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Turkey.

Gabronthus Tottenham, 1955

Gabronthus maritimus (Motschulsky, 1858)

Described from Egypte and cited from Alata and Abacilar (Smetana 1953), Adana, Afrin (Musabeyli), Suluhan, Alata, Abacilar dag (Smetana 1967).

Additional records. Guzelayali, Canakkale (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Rabigus Mulsant & Rey, 1876

Rabigus abauriae (Gridelli, 1924)

Cited from Turkey (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey, Armenia, Georgia, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Rabigus ocaleoides (Sahlberg, 1908)

Described from Tarsus (type § in ZMH).

Cited from Cydni river in Tarsus (Sahlberg 1913), Tarsus (Gridelli 1922), Izmir, Bahcelikoy and Bergama (Smetana 1977); Antalya, 70 km NE Ferthiye, Güllübeli Gecik, 1525; Manavgat, 0-50 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Rabigus princeps Bernhauer, 1902

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

Synonyms. *auropilosus* Luze, 1912, described from Asia Minor.

DISTRIBUTION. Kazakhstan, Afghanistan, Turkey.

Rabigus pullus Nordmann, 1837

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Mongolia. China.

Rabigus tenuis (Fabricius, 1793)

Cited from Bayburt, Sanamerc (Horasan), near Trabzon (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Uzbekistan, Mongolia, China.

Bisnius Stephens, 1829

Bisnius cephalotes (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1970); Asia Minor: Tschihatcheff cave, Nardlidja cave, near Antiochia, Kotoum (Scheerpeltz 1958); Istanbul, Soflan Magarasi (Bordoni 1978), sub *Philonthus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Bisnius fimetarius (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874) and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874); Burna and Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Gurgentepe pass (Coiffait, 1978a, sub *rigidicornis* Gravenhorst, 1802), all sub *Philonthus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, introduced in other regions.

Bisnius pentheri Ganglbauer, 1905

Described from Erdchias in Anatolia (type ♀ in NMW ?) and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1967; 1974), sub *Philonthus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey.

Bisnius piochardi Fauvel, 1875

Cited from Kirsehir, Cicekdagi, 5 km S Cicekdagi gecidi, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Syria, Israel.

Bisnius puella Nordmann, 1837

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *Philonthus parumpunctatus* Erichson, 1840; Horion 1965; Bohac 1980), sub *Philonthus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Caucasus, Turkey.

Bisnius reitteri (Eppelsheim, 1889)

Cited from Abant, Bolu (Fagel 1968a); Tamdere, Giresun (Korge 1971); Elmslik, Bolu (Smetana 1977).

Additional records. Masukiye, Izmit (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey, Georgia.

Bisnius sordidus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, sub *Philonthus*); Antakya, Harbiye cave and Emir dag, Kurundere (Bordoni 1978, sub *Philonthus pachycephalus* Nordmann, 1837).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Creophilus Ganglbauer, 1895

Creophilus maxillosus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Cyprus: Famagusta (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *Staphylinus*; Fauvel 1874, sub *Emus*); Sabandja and Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Emus*); Erciyas dağı, Kayseri (Penther 1905); Bürücek, Taurus (Smetana 1967b).

Additional records. Balıkesir, Ayvalık (Bursa) (MHNG); Erzurum, Atatuikü; Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Ontholestes Ganglbauer, 1895

Ontholestes murinus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, sub *Lieistotrophus*; Coiffait, 1974).

Additional records. Kirikkale, Yozgat, 750 m (MZUR); Erzurum (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, China, Canada (introduced).

Emus Leach, 1819

Emus hirtus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Artvin (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran.

Abemus Mulsant & Rey, 1876

Abemus chloropterus (Panzer, 1796)

Cited from Mersin, Camliayla, 1150 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Platydracus Thomson, 1858

Platydracus chalconcephalus (Fabricius, 1801)

Cited from Asia Minor: Kulukkaya, Giresun (Smetana 1965a, sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Platydracus*; Horion 1965); Bidilejik, 800 m (Smetana 1968).

Additional records. Ilica, Ayder (Rise), 1200-1600 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Platydracus flavopunctatus (Latreille, 1804)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874, sub *lutarius* Gravenhorst, 1806; Horion 1965, sub *Staphylinus*); Bürücek, Toros (Smetana 1967b) and Sultan Dag, Cay, 1100-2000 m (Smetana 1968a), sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Platydracus*.

Additional records. Dranaz gecidi, Sinop, 1000 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan.

Platydracus fulvipes (Scopoli, 1763)

Cited from Camlik, Rize, 1700-1750 m (Smetana 1965a); Tschamlık (=Camlik) (Horion 1965); Akcakoca, 400 m (Smetana 1968a), sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Platydracus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey.

Platydracus hypocrita Müller, 1925

Described from Izmir (type § in NMB).

Cited from Taurus of Pisidia (Müller 1950); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Platydracus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Platydracus stercorarius (Olivier, 1795)

Cited from Of, 50 m (Smetana 1965a); Pass S İkizdere, 2000-2800 m (Smetana 1968a) and from Of, Trabzon (Horion 1965), Asia Minor (Jarrige 1971), sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Platydracus*.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Georgia, Azerbaijan, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Kazakhstan.

Dinothenarus Thomson, 1858

Dinothenarus arrosus (Eppelsheim, 1890) (*Parabemus*)

Cited from Soganli, Bayburt, 2000-2600 m (Smetana 1965b), Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1400 m (Smetana 1965a) and from Ziganadag, 1500-1800 m (Smetana 1968), sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Parabemus*; Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Parabemus*).

Additional records. Trabzon, Zigana gecidi; Trabzon, Soumela, 1200 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Georgia, Turkey.

Dinothenarus flavocephalus (Goeze, 1777) (s. str.)

Cited from Taurus, Mezer-Olouk (Peyron 1858); Asia Minor (Baudi 1870; Fauvel 1874, all sub *Staphylinus chrysocephalus* Geoffroy, 1785; Scheerpeltz 1966, sub *Staphylinus* subgen. *Trichoderma*; Jarrige 1971, sub *Trichoderma*; Coiffait 1974, sub *Dinothenarus flavocephalus* ssp. *adonis* Coiffait, 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Balkans, Armenia, Turkey (ssp. nom.); Turkey, Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Israel (ssp. *adonis*).

Dinothenarus pubescens (De Geer, 1774) (s. str.)

Cited from Camlidere, Icik dag (Smetana 1967b, sub *Staphylinus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey.

Staphylinus Linné, 1758

Staphylinus caesareus Cederhjelm, 1798

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1974); Kara Hava, Trabzon (Fagel 1963); Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1400 m; Soganli, Bayburt, 2000-2600 m (Smetana 1965b); Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1450 m; Soganli Pass; Abant dag, 1100-1500 m; Camlik, Rize, 1750 m (Smetana 1965a); Erciyas, 1800 m; Ulukisla and Yenokoy (Smetana 1967b); Ilgazdag- Geb., 2000-2300 m; Ziganadag, 1500-1800 m; Denizli, Babadag, 1200 m (Smetana 1968); N Ispir, 1300-1900 m; Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1500 m (Smetana 1968a); Mesudiye and Kumbet pass, Giresun, 1800 m (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Ilica, Ayder, 1200-1600 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Iran, Turkey, Lebanon, Algeria.

Staphylinus erythropterus Linné, 1758

Cited from Asia Minor: Abant geb., Bolu.; Ziganadag, 1500-1800 m (Smetana 1968).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Staphylinus rubricornis (Adam, 1987)

Replacement name for *ruficornis* Bernhauer, 1913, n. preocc., cited as *Ouchemus*; cited as *ruficornis* from Asia Minor: Adapazari (Smetana 1968a).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Austria, Ceck Rep., Hungary, Ukraine, Caucasus, Turkey.

Ocypus Leach, 1819

Ocypus aethiops (Waltl, 1835) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Jarrige 1971), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. West Mediterranean, Turkey ?, North Africa, Madeira, Azores.

Ocypus ambiguus Coiffait, 1964 (incertae sedis)

Described from Gök dagh (type ♂ n MHNP) and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV, MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus brunnipes (Fabricus, 1781) (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, sub *Staphylinus*; Coiffait 1974); Sabandja, Gök Dagh (Bodemeyer 1900).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, introduced in North America.

Ocypus bureschi Coiffait, 1971 (incertae sedis)

Described from Kuru Dag, Keschan, in Europaen Turkey (type ♂ in MHNP) and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus curtipennis Motschulsky, 1849 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion and Lapithos (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor: Budrum, Trabzon (Gridelli 1919); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Coiffait 1956a).

Synonyms. *gridellii* Müller, 1924, cited from Asia Minor: Bosphorus and forest of Belgrade (Schimischek 1944); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1964); Alem dag, Istanbul; Izmir (Smetana 1965a); Istanbul, Kalender Bosporusufer; Ulu Dag, Bursa; Bursa (Smetana 1968); *kyproticus* Coiffait, 1964, described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MHNP), as ssp. of *gridellii* and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974); *integer* Abeille, 1900, described from

Smyrne (type probably ♀ in MHNP, lost: Müller 1950), cited from Istanbul (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Macedonia, Bulgaria, Ukraina, Turkey, Cyprus, Caucasus, Iran, Iraq, Syria, Lebanon.

Ocypus cyclopus Peyron, 1858 (incertae sedis)

Described probably from Tarsus (type ♂ in AUB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus deuvei Coiffait, 1978 (*Matidus*)

Described from Ciftecoprüler Pass, 1000 m (type ♂ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus excisus (Müller, 1950) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iraq, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Ocypus forficularius (Motschulsky, 1860) (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Camlik, Rize, 1750 m; Soganli Pass, Bayburt, 1400 m; Yalnizcam Pass, Artvin, 2000 m (Gusarov 1993).

Synonyms. *korgei* Smetana, 1965, described from Soganli, Bayburt, 1400 m (type ♂ in NMP), and from Camlik, Rize; cited from Yalnizcam Pass, Artiv, 2000 m (Smetana 1968a).

Additional records. Yalnizcam gecidi, Artvin, 2400-2600 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Turkey.

Ocypus frater Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described as ssp. of *heinzi* Smetana, 1965 from Abant Dag, Bolu, 1100-1500 m (type ♂ in MNP), and from Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1450 m, and cited from the same localities in Smetana (1965b), and from Asia Minor: Abant, Bolu, 1300-1850 m (Smetana 1968); Abant, Mengen, as ssp. of *heinzi* (Coiffait (1978a).

Additional records. Elmalik, Bolu, 950 m; Bolu, between Konuralp and Akcakoca, 300 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus fulvipennis Erichson, 1840 (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Abant dag, Bolu, 1100-1600 m; Egribel Pass, Giresun, 2000-2400 m (Smetana 1965a); Egribel Pass, Giresun, 2200 m; Abant Geb. Bolu (Horion 1965); Soganli Pass, Bayburt, 2000-2600 m (Smetana 1965b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan.

Ocypus heinzi Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described from Ilgaz dag, 1800-2000 m (type ♂ in MNP).

Cited from Ilgazdag, 1800-1000 m (Smetana 1968), Pinarbasi, Kayseri, 1700 m (Smetana 1968a); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974); Ilgaz dag, Drannaz dag (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Ilgaz dagi gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV, MZUR, cB); Dranaz dag, Sinop, 1300 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus helleni (Müller, 1926) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Eskichehir, Kodjakyr and Taurus of Cilicia (Müller 1943), and from South Taurus: Eregli, 1500-2000 m (Smetana 1965b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1971, 1974); Pinarbasi, Kayseri, 1700 m (Smetana 1968a).

Additional records. Konya, Sertuval gecidi, 1620 m (MZUR, cB); Agri, Tutak; Konya, Scyidisehir, Tinaztepe (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Armenia, Iran, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, Mongolia.

Ocypus hochhuthi Eppelsheim, 1878 (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Ocypus longimanus Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described from Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1430 m (type ♂ in MNP), and from Akkus, Unye, 1400 m and Tamdere, Giresun, 1700 m.

Cited from Asia Minor: Kulukkaya (Smetana 1965b); Akkus, 1400 m; Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1500 m (Smetana 1968a); Golkoy and Mesudiye (Giresun); Gurgentepe pass, Ordu (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Akkus, Unye; Rize, Ilica (Ayder), 1200-1600 m; Yayla, Rize, 2300 m; Ikizdere-Isbsit, Rize (Ovit gecidi), 2300-2500 m; Kulukkaia, Giresun (MZUR, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus manceps Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described from Ilgaz dagl., 1800-2200 m (type ♂ in MNP), and from Kulukkaia, Giresun, 1450 m; Bolu, Kaynasli; Abant Geb., 1100-1500 m; Egribel Pass, 2000-2400 m; Tamdere, Giresun, 1700 m; Akkus, Unye, 1400 m. Cited from Egribel Pass, 2000-2400 m; Abant Geb., 1000-1600 m.

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 1968; Coiffait 1974); Ilgazdag, Karasu, 1000-1300 m; Abat geb., Bolu, 1300-1800 m (Smetana 1968); Akkus, 1400 m; Civcan Dagl., Gerede, 1300 m (Smetana 1968a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus milleri Quedenfeld, 1882 (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Syria, Turkey.

Ocypus murgulensis Coiffait, 1978 (incertae sedis)

Described from Murgul Yayla, Rize, 1800 m (type ♂ in cU).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus mus (Brullé, 1832) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1974) and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, 1876; Müller 1926; Coiffait 1974); Trabzon, Izmir (Horion 1965); Bulghar dag and Jamanlar dag near Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913).

Synonyms. ssp. *tauricus* Müller, 1932, described from Owadschik in Taurus (type § in NMW), cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1956a); Cyprus: Lapithos (Scheerpeltz 1956; Horion 1965) and Korkha, Cheykan (Scheerpeltz 1958); Asia Minor and Bolu, 1000 m (Smetana 1965a); Denizli, Babadag, 900-1200 m (Smetana 1968); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Antakya, Harbye (MSNV); Samsun, Kavak, 600 m (MZUR); Bursa, Ulu dag; Balikesir, Ayvalik (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan, Trascaspia, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Ocypus nitens (Schrank, 1781) (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *semialatus* Müller, 1904); Asia Minor (Smetana 1971; Coiffait 1974, sub *similis* ssp. *semialatus* Müller, 1904).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran, introduced in North America.

Ocypus nubigea Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described from Soganli, Bayburt (Trabzon), 2000-2600 m (type ♂ in MNP) and cited from the same locality by Smetana (1965a); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Ocypus olens (O. Müller, 1764) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Biledjik and Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Fauvel 1874, sub *Staphylinus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira, Azores, introduced in North America.

Ocypus ophthalmicus (Scopoli, 1763) (s. str.)

Cited from Soganli, Bayburt (Trabzon), 2000-2600 m (Smetana 1965b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1963), sub *ophthalmicus* ssp. *cyanochloris* Hochhuth, 1849.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Armenia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Turkmenistan, Libya, North Africa.

Ocypus orientis Smetana & Davies, 2000 (*Pseudocypus*)

New name for *orientalis* Bernhauer & Schubert, 1914, n. preocc., n. n. for *tomentosus* Baudi, 1870, n. preocc., described from Cyprus (type ♀ in MZT).

Cited from Cyprus: Cedres valley, Yermasogia (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Coiffait 1974; Franz 1987); Troodos; Akamas, Neochorion (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Bursa (Smetana 1968); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1970), sub *orientalis*.

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Ocypus ottomanus Fauvel, 1900 (*Matidus*)

Described from Constantinople, Gallipoli (type ♀ in IRSNB) and cited from Istanbul (Müller 1923); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus picipennis (Fabricius, 1793) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965, sub *Staphylinus*); Eski-Chehir and Bulghar Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Erciyas dagi, Kayseri (Penther 1905); Egribal Pass, 2000-2400 m; Kulukkaya, Giresun, 1800-2000 m; Abant dag, Bolu, 1000-1500 m; Zigana, Macka, 2200 m; Ilgaz dagl., 1800-2000 m (Smetana 1965a); Zigana; Soganli Pass, Bayburt, 2000-2600 m; Egribel Pass; Aglason, Isparta, 1600 m (Smetana 1965b); Erciyas dag, 1800-2700 m (Smetana 1967b); Abat geb., Bolu; Ilgazdag, Karasu, 1000-1300 m; Ziganadag, 2000-2200 m; Ulu dag, Bursa, 1400-1900 m (Smetana 1968); Civcan Dagl., Gerede, 1300 m; Ercyia Dagi, 2000 m; Tunceli,; Sultan Dag, Cay, 1100-1200 m (Smetana 1968a).

Synonyms. *anatolicus* Coiffait, 1964, described as ssp. of *picipennis* from Villayet d'Isparta, Arak (type ♂ in MHNP), and from Aglasun; *anatolicus* var. *rufoanatolicus* Coiffait, 1964 (l. c.) from Mt. Davras, Isparta, 1700 m (type ♀ in MHNP), now considered *nomen nudum*; *picipennis* ssp. *ponticus* Coiffait, 1978, described from Zigana gec., 2000 m (type ♂ in MHNP), and from Soganli Pass, 2600 m; Col Kumbert, 1800 m; Mengen; var. *rufoponticus* Coiffait 1978 from the same locality, now considered *nomen nudum*.

The ssp. *caucasicus* Müller, 1926 was described from Caucasus but cited also from Bunyan and Chamounis (Scheerpeltz 1958); Agveren Pass, Hınıs, 2200 m (Smetana 1965b); Ylnizcam Pass, Artvin, 2000-2700 m (Smetana 1968a).

Additional records. Bolu, 60 km E; Dawras dag, Isparta; Owadijk, Taurus (MHNG); Cankiri, 1300 m; Cankiri, Inkoy, 1300 m; Ankara, Kizilcahaman (MSNV, cB); between Cankiri and Ilgaz (cB); Giresun, Kulukkaia, 1900-2200 m; Giresun, Egribel pass, 2200-2500 m; (MZUR); Gümüşhane, Soganli gecidi, 2400 m; Zigana gecidi, Trabzon; Bolu, Abant, 1500 m; (cB) (ssp. nom.); Artvin, Savsat, 1450 m; Artvin, Yalznizcam gecidi, 2650 m; Trabzon, Soumela (Macka); Agri, Ararat, 2600-3400 m; Agri, Tahir gecidi, 2475 m (cB) (ssp. *caucasicus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European (ssp. nom.); Georgia, Turkey, Iran (ssp. *caucasicus*).

Ocypus ponticus Smetana, 1968 (*Matidus*)

Described from Tal v. Ardesen, Ayder, 1000-1600 m (type ♂ in MNP), and from Pass S Ikizdere, 1400 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus pullus Hochhuth, 1849. (*Matidus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Ocypus sericeicollis (Ménétriés, 1832) (*Pseudocypus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Nicosia; Pedhoulas; Larnaca; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956, sub *Staphylinus*, as var. of *cupreus* Rossi, 1790; Coiffait 1963, sub *cupreus*; Franz

1987, sub *Pseudocypus cupreus*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Pseudocypus*, as ssp. of *cupreus*).

Synonyms. *cupreus* ssp. *fulvicupreus* Coiffait, 1956, described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MHNP), and cited from Cedres valley by Coiffait (1970, 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Azerbaijan, Syria.

Ocypus simulator Eppelsheim, 1878 (*Matidus*)

Described from "Acarnanien" (Greece) and Asia Minor (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Croatia, Greece, Macedonia, Caucasus, Turkey.

Ocypus syriacus Baudi, 1848 (*Matidus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Kirenia, Karavas (Dvorak 1984).

Synonyms. *baudii* Peyron, 1858, described presumably from Tarsus (type ♂ in MZT).

DISTRIBUTION. Ukraine, Cyprus, Turkey, Lebanon, Syria.

Ocypus torvus Smetana, 1965 (*Matidus*)

Described from Camlik, Rize, 1750 m (type ♂ in MNP) and cited from Yalnizcam Pass, Artvin, 2000 m (Smetana 1968a); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus trapezensis Coiffait, 1964 (*Matidus*)

Described from Trabzon (type ♂ MHNP).

Cited from Zigana; between Golkoy and Mesudiye (Coiffait 1978); Hamsikadj, 1800-1900 m (Coiffait 1974); Ziganadag, 1500-1800; Grasheiden, 2000-2200 (Smetana 1968).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocypus turcicus (Bernhauer, 1923) (*Matidus*)

Described from Kolat Dag in Turkish Armenia (type ♂ in FMNH) and cited from Soganli Pass, Bayburt (Trabzon), 1400-2600 m; Kolat dag (Smetana 1965a, 1965b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1963, 1974); Ziganadag, 1500-1800 m; Grasheiden, 2000-1200 m (Smetana 1968).

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon, 1500 m (MSNV); Kalkandara, Rize (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tasgius Stephens, 1829

Tasgius arrowi (Müller, 1932) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Istanbul (Coiffait 1974, sub *Metocypus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Bulgaria, Turkey.

Tasgius ater (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Syria, Israel, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is.

Tasgius atronitidus (Reitter, 1909) (s. str.)

Described from Cyprus (type § in MTM ?) and cited from Cyprus by Coiffait (1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Cyprus, Israel.

Tasgius depressus (Hochhuth, 1849) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

Additional records. Esembel gecidi, Borcka (Artvin), 1000 (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Georgia, Turkey, Azearbaijan.

Tasgius eppelsheimianus (Jakobson, 1909) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Sabandja, Gök Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Ocypus rufipes* v. *obscuripes* Bernhaeur); Camlik, Rize, 1750 m (Smetana 1965a, sub *Ocypus*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Alapsodus*).

Synonyms. *rufipes* var. *obscuripes* Bernhauer, 1900, described as *Ocypus* from Sabandja (type § in FMNH) and cited from Asia Minor by Coiffait (1974).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Georgia, Turkey, Azearbaijan.

Tasgius falcifer (Nordmann, 1837) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1876, sub *Staphylinus*); Zigana, Macka, 2200 m and

Abant dag, Bolu (Smetana 1965a); Asia Minor (Horion 1965), sub *Ocypus*; Abant dag, Bolu, (Bordoni 1976, sub *Alapsodus*).

Additional records. Abant gölü, Bolu, 1400 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, France, Austria, Bulgaria, Ukraine, Caucasus, Turkey.

Tasgius globulifer (Geoffroy, 1785) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Anatolia (Müller 1923); Asia Minor (Müller 1926a; Coiffait 1963; Horion 1965) and sub *Ocypus ensifer* Müller, 1932 from Borcka, Artvin. 600 m (Smetana 1968a).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan, Syria.

Tasgius gracilicornis (Hochhuth, 1849) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. South Russia, Georgia, Ukraine, Azerbaijan, Turkey.

Tasgius limbifrons (Hochhuth, 1849) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Alapsodus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Armenia, Turkey.

Tasgius melanarius (Heer, 1839) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Trapezunt, Gesirmenderes (Smetana 1968, sub *Ocypus*); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978a, sub *Alapsodus*)

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1775 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Kazakhstan, introduced in Canada and North America.

Tasgius morsitans (Rossi, 1790) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Sapanca (Smetana 1968a, sub *Ocypus*); Ciftecopruler Pass, 1000 m (Coiffait 1978a, sub *Alapsodus*), all as *compressus* Marsham, 1802.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Syria.

Tasgius olympicus (Baudi, 1857) (*Rayacheila*)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in NMB ?) and cited from Kirenia, Karavas (Dvorak 1984, sub *Alapsodus*, as sp. rest.).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tasgius pedator (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Alem Dagħ (Horion 1965); Yeniköy, Taurus (Smetana 1967b, sub *Ocypus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Algeria, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Tasgius pliginskii Bernhauer, 1915 (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Ukraine, Turkey, Iran.

Tasgius rubripennis (Reiche & Saulcy, 1856) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Ocypys*; Müller; Coiffait 1974, sub *Alapsodus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Cyprus, Turkey, Iran, Jordan, Israel.

Tasgius solskyi (Fauvel, 1875) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1974, sub *Alapsodus solskyi* ssp. *bosphoranus* Müller).

Staphylinus solskyi ssp. *bosphoranus* Müller, 1926 was described from Istanbul (type ♂ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Ukraine, Turkey (ssp. nom.); Bulgaria, Turkey (ssp. *bosphoranus*).

Tasgius winkleri (Bernhauer, 1906) (*Rayacheila*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874, sub *Staphylinus edentulus* Block, 1799; Coiffait 1974, sub *Alapsodus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Lebanon, Madeira, introduced in Canada and North America.

Heinzia Korge, 1971

Heinzia variabilis Korge, 1971

Described for the new genus *Henzia* from Kackar daglari, Ilica (Rize), 1000-1600 m (type ♂ in cK), and from Palandoken dag, Erzurum, 2200 m.

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978); Palandöken Dag, S Erzurum, 2200 m; Rize, Firtina valley, 1400 m; Trabzon, Kalkanli Daglari, 8 km E Zigana Pass, 1900-2100 m (Gusarov 2002).

Distribution, Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Heterothops Stephens, 1829

Heterothops armeniacus Coiffait, 1972

Additional records. Ulu dag, Bursa, 1800 m (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey, Afghanistan.

Heterothops besucheti Stourac, 2002

Described from Izmir, Bahceliköy (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Heterothops binotatus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus and Turkey (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, North Africa.

Heterothops brunnipennis Kiesenwetter, 1858

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey, Afghanistan, Egypt, Libya.

Heterothops burdurensis Stourac, 2000

Described from Burdur, Cercin lac Burdur, 870 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Heterothops dissimilis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Ankara (Smetana 1967b).

Additional records. Anamas, Isparta and Dawras dag, Isparta (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Heterothops orientalis Stourac, 2002

Described from Kars, Kagizman, Aras river, 1200 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Heterothops praeivius (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Ourfa, Abraham cave (Scheerpeltz 1958), and Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1978), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey ?, Iran, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan, Mongolia, Algeria.

Astrapaeus Gravenhorst, 1802

Astrapaeus ulmi (Rossi, 1790)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Velleius Leach, 1819

Velleius dilatatus (Fabricius, 1787)

Cited from Samsun (Korge 1971).

Additional records. Ilica, Ayder (Rize), 1000 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, China, Korea, Japan.

Quedius Stephens, 1829

Quedius abietum Kiesenwetter, 1858 (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Jamanlar dag, Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913), and from Bosburun dag, Taurus

of Pisidia (Korge 1971); Antalya, Elmali, 1200 m; Mersin, 15 km E Gülnar, Kayrak (Assing 2007o).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Spain, Balkans, Greece, Turkey, North Africa.

Quedius acuminatus Hochhuth, 1849 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Giresun (Horion 1965); Kulukkaia, Giresun, 1450 m (Korge 1971); Soganli pass, 2600 m and Zigana pass, 2000 m (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1775 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon.

Quedius adanensis Coiffait, 1967 (*Microsaurus*)

New name for *gridellii* Jarrige, 1952, described from Adana (type ♂ in MHNP), n. preocc., and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius aetolicus Kraatz, 1858 (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Antalya, Akseki (Assing, 2007o).

DISTRIBUTION. Great Britain, France, Portugal, Italy, Greece, Turkey, Algeria.

Quedius apfeli Assing, 2007o (*Microsaurus*)

Described from Cyprus: Statos-Agios Fotios (type ♂ in cA), and from Troodos; Cedar Valley-Tripylos, 1000-1360 m; Paphos forest, 16 km S Pomos.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius asturicus Bernhauer, 1918 (*Raphirus*)

The ssp. *alatus* Coiffait, 1967 was cited from Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970).

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Cyprus (ssp. *alatus*).

Quedius atricapillus Reitter, 1900 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from Akbes in Syria (=Akbez, Antakya, in Turkey) (type § in NMP ?).

Cited from Antalya, 16-18 km NE Demirtas, 800-1550 m (Assing 2007o).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria.

Quedius boluensis Korge, 1971 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Abant dag, Bolu (type ♂ in MNP), and from Bolu dag, Mengen (record previously (Korge 1964) referred to *obliquiseriatus* Eppelseim, 1889).

Cited from North-East Anatolia (Coiffait 1978); Sinop, Drannaz dagh; Yaraligöz, S Catalzeytirt, 1300-1700 m; Pass N Camnasi, 1700 m; Bolu,; Cangal Dag; S Ayancik; Borcka; Abant Dag, 1400-1550 m; Bolu, Abant, 1500-1600 m; Sinop, Lala; Büenük, 29 km N Boybat, 1250 m; Kastamonu, S Küre, 1200 m; Bolu, Düzce-Akcakoa, 400 m; Zonguldak, 17 km N Safranbolu, 1000 m; Ordu, Tekkiraz, 500 m; Bolu, Elmalik Bakacak, 850 m; Zonguldak, 500 m (Solodovnikov 2004); Giresuni Daglari, Kürtüm, Gümüşhane, 1500 m; Kalkanli Daglari, 6 km S Dikkaya, 1700 m (Solodovnikov 2005).

Synonyms. *deuvei* Coiffait, 1978, described from Drannaz dag (type ♂ n MHNP).

Additional records. Bolu, between Konuralp and Akcakoa, 300 m (cZ).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius boops (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874); Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Giresun, between Golkoy and Mesudiye; Gurgentepe pass, Ordu (Coiffait 1978a); Soganli Pass, Trabzon (Korge 1971, sub *boops* ssp. *tauricus*).

The ssp. *tauricus* was described (Nordmann 1837) from Taurus Chersonesus (type ♂ in MNHU).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Cyprus, Algeria, Tunisia (ssp. nom.); Turkey (ssp. *tauricus*).

Quedius brevis Erichson, 1840 (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagı (Assing 2007o).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Morocco.

Quedius cinctus (Paykull, 1790) (*Distichalius*)

Cited from Cyprus (Horion 1965); Cyprus: Pedhoulos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor (Peyron 1858, sub *impressus* Panzer, 1796); Asia Minor: Hermon river and Jamanlan dag, Izmir (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Coiffait 1978); Abant Gbg., Samlik (Horion 1965); Abant dag, Bolu; Camlik, Rize, 1700 m; Yalnizcam Pass, Artvin; Karaman Habiller, Taurus (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Georgia, Lebanon, Israel, North Africa, introduced in North America.

Quedius cohaesus Eppelsheim, 1888 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Akazik, Akdagmadeni (Giresun) (Korge 1964); Yeniköy, Toros (Smetana 1967b); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan.

Quedius coloratus Fauvel, 1875 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Harbiye (Scheerpeltz 1958); Bolu dag, Mengen (Korge 1964); Bürücek, Toros; Suluhan (Smetana 1967b).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Israel, Lebanon, Syria, Turkey.

Quedius coxalis (Kraatz, 1858) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Baba dag, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Fagel 1968b); Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Kommanderia, 25 km SW Platres, 700 m; Akamas forest; N Limassol, Alassa; W Larnaka, Stavrovouni, 500 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Additional records. Kysylscha Hamman in Pafhlagonia (MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Quedius cruentus (Olivier, 1795) (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, North Africa; Ne-arctic region (introduced).

Quedius curticens Smetana, 1967 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Suluhan, Toros (type ♂ in NMP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius curtipennis Bernhauer, 1908 (s. str.)

Cited from Kulukkaia, Giresun and Abant dag, Bolu (Korge 1964); Bolu and Giresun (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Uzbekistan, Morocco, Azores, introduced in Canada and North America.

Quedius cyprusensis Last, 1955 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Cyprus: Mt. Troodos, 5600-6000 ft. (type ♂ in UMM), and cited from the type locality (Coiffait 1963); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970, 1978); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Synonyms. *freyi* Scheerpeltz, 1956, described from Cyprus: Pedhoulas, 3600 ft. (type ♂ in MFT).

DISTRIBUTION. Lebanon, Cyprus.

Quedius fagelianus Coiffait, 1967 (*Distichalius*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Quedius fissus Gridelli, 1938 (*Raphirus*)

Described from “Karisch. Taurus”, Salbak Mt. (type ♂ in MSNTR), and from Smyrne.

Cited from Izmir (Gridelli 1938); Mugla (Bordoni 1976) and from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

Additional records. Mugla, Ortaca (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Quedius fulgidus (Fabricius, 1793) (*Microsauarus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Istanbul, Sile, Soflan Magarasi; Zonguldak, Eregli (Bordoni 1978); Nevsehir, Avanos (Assing 2007o).

Additional records. Isparta, Anamas, Zindar Magarasi, 1200 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Quedius fuliginosus (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Fauvel 1874; Smetana 1962; Horion 1965); Soumela, Trabzon (Bordoni 1976).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Azerbaijan, North Africa, Azores.

Quedius gemellus Eppelsheim, 1889 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Belgrader Wald, Alem Dag, Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Alem Dag and Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer, 1927); Asia Minor (Gridelli 1922a; Coiffait 1967a).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Georgia, Turkey.

Quedius gridellii Scheerpeltz, 1933 (*Raphirus*)

New name for *pivicornis* Gridelli, 1922a, n. preocc.

Synonyms. *luteomaculatus* Scheerpeltz, 1958, described from Sultan Seit cave, Ahlat (Van gölü) (type ♀ in NMW), and cited by Coiffait (1963).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Quedius grouziacus Coiffait, 1969 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Rize [Coiffait 1977, sub *rouziacus* var. *rizensis*, (unavailable name: Solodovnikov 2002), described from Rize (type ♂ in MHNP), and cited from Gurgentepe, Ordu, hill between Golkoy and Mesudiye, Giresun; Abant dag, Bolu; Drannaz dag, Sinop; Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu (Coiffait 1978, 1978a)].

The var. *borjoniensis* Coiffait, 1969, described from Georgia and cited from a hill between Koyulhisar (Ordu) and Mesudiye (Giresun); Zigana, Trabzon; Kumbert dag, Giresun, is *nomen nudum*.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Quedius haafi Scheerpeltz, 1956 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (type ♂ in MFT), and cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius harpago Assing, 2007d (*Raphirus*)

Described from Izmir NO Odemis, Boz Dag, 1560 (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius heinzi Korge, 1964 (*Distichalius*)

Described from Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu (type ♂ in cK), and cited from the same locality (Korge 1971) and from Asia Minor by Coiffait (1978).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1775 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius humeralis Stephens, 1832 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874, sub *oblitteratus* Erichson, 1840; Franz 1987); Cyprus: Platania; Troodos; Mandres; Drakos (Coiffait 1970), and Asia Minor: Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927, also sub *oblitteratus* Erichson); Asia Minor (Gridelli 1922a, sub *Sauridus*) and Caramania (Coiffait 1970).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Uzbekistan, North Africa.

Quedius hummleri Bernhauer, 1905 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Mt. Olimpos (Coiffait 1970).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Cyprus.

Quedius incensus Smetana, 1959 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1970) and from Asia Minor: Egribel, Giresun and Zigana, Trabzon (Korge 1964, as ssp. of *attenuatus* Gravenhorst, 1802); Camlidere, Isik dag (Smetana 1967b).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Macedonia, Greece, Cyprus, Turkey.

Quedius inflatus Fauvel, 1875 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from 19-22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920-940 m; Ziyaret Dagi, Leylekli, 510 m; Ziyaret Dagi, N Yayladagi, 440 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Quedius infuscatus Erichson, 1840 (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Quedius job Coiffait, 1963 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Lebanon and cited from Bosburun dag in Taurus of Pisidia, 1700 m and Tunceli, Ufer (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Lebanon, Turkey.

Quedius josue Saulcy, 1864 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Palestine and cited from Bosburn dag in Tauros of Pisidia, 1300 m (Korge 1971); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Coiffait 1963); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Israel, Lebanon, Turkey.

Quedius kirkclarensis Korge, 1971 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Kirkclar dag, Rize, 2200 m (type ♂ in cK).

Cited from Asia Minor by Coiffait (1878); Gök Dag; Cangal Dag; Giresun Daglari, Yavuzkema1 Dereli, 1300 m; Giresun Daglari, Tandere, Dereli, 1600 m; Giresun Daglari, Kumbet, 1600 m (Solodovnikov & Stourac 2002).

Synonyms. *drannazensis* Coiffait, 1978, described from Drannaz dag (type ♂ in MHNP), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius korgeanus Fagel, 1968 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Abant dag, Bolu, 1450 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

The citations of Kuloukkaya, Giresun (Korge 1964, sub *paradisianus* (Heer, 1839)), Asia Minor (Horion 1965) and an hill between Gölköy and Mesudiye (Giresun) (Coiffait 1978), must be to refer to this species. Cited with certainty from 5 km E Soganli Pass, 2000-2200 m; Kalkanli Mts., 8 km SE Zigana Pass, 2300-2500 m (Solodovnikov 2004; bona species and not synonym of *paradisianus*).

Synonyms. *orophilus* Drugmand, 1988, described from Ulu dag, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia, Armenia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Quedius lateralis (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Jamanlar dag, Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913); Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1927); Alem dag, Istanbul (Gridelli 1938) and Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Quedius levicollis (Brullé, 1832) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas, St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus (Horion 1965); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970); Olympos-Gipfel, Platres, Mesopotamos (Franz 1987); Troodos; Akamas forest; N Limassol, Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 2001), all sub *tristis* Gravenhort, 1802. Cited also from Asia Minor: Efeso (Sahlberg 1913); Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *tristis* Gravenhorst); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1978); Anatolia (Gridelli 1924); Asia Minor: Burucek, Toros (Smetana 1967b).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon, Israel, North Africa, Madeira.

***Quedius limbatus* (Heer, 1839) (*Raphirus*)**

Cited from Alem Dag, Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Alem Dag and Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927); Izmir, Giresun, Samlik (Horion 1965); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978); SE Trabzon, Gümüşhane, 1500-1800 m; Ilgazdag, 1800-2000 m; Bayburt, 1600 m; Kastamonu, Ilgazdag, 1700-1800 m; Bolu, Yenicogu, 1000 m; Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal Dag, 1250 m; Gümüşhane, Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Kars, 16 km SW Göle, 1600 m (Solodovnikov 2002).

Synonyms. ssp. *ponticus* Korge, 1964, described from Egribel Pass, Giresun (type ♂ in cK), and cited also from Bayburt, 1600 m; Soganli Pass and Ilgaz dag, 1800 (Korge 1971); ssp. *erdciyasicus* Korge, 1971, described from Erciyas dag, 1900-2100 m (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Turkestan, Uzbekistan.

***Quedius lucidulus* Erichson, 1839 (*Raphirus*)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

***Quedius lydus* Fagel, 1968 (*Raphirus*)**

Described from Güne dag (= Güney), Izmir (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited also from Manisa dag and Kuruntere, Samos; Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Quedius macchabaeus* Saulcy, 1864 (*Raphirus*)**

Cited from Bulghar dag and Efeso (Sahlberg 1913); Bürücek, Toros (Smetana 1967b).

DISTRIBUTION. Iran, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

***Quedius magarasiensis* Bordoni, 1978 (*Microsaurus*)**

Described from Isparta, Anamas, Zindan Magarasi (type ♂ in MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius maurus (Sahlberg, 1830) (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978); Akazik, Akdag madeni and Egribil Pass, Giresun (Korge 1964, sub ab. *pyropterus* Eppelsheim, 1880).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Quedius meridiocarpaticus Smetana, 1958 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1961a; Horion 1965); Svilengrad to the borderline Bulgaria-Turkey (Smetana 1967b); Küçük Cekmece, Istanbul (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iraq.

Quedius mesomelinus (Marsham, 1802) (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Subcosmopolitan.

Quedius microcapillatus Korge, 1971 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Azerbaijan (type ♂ in cK), but cited also from Karakole, Hakkari, 1400 m; Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Quedius microphthalmus Bernhauer, 1900 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from Bulghar-Maaden (= Bolkan dag), Ulukisla (type § in FMNH).

Cited from Bulghar-Maaden (Bodemeyer 1900); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927); Bolkan dag (Gridelli 1924), and from Asia Minor (Gridelli 1938; Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius minor Hochhuth, 1849 (*Distichalius*)

Cited from Soganli Pass, Trabzon (Korge 1964); Yalnizcam Pass, Artvin, 2000 m (Korge 1971); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978); Cifteköprü Hopa, 1000 m; Borckam 500-700 m; Kurtul-Ardanuc, 1800 m; Unye; Akkuz; Cangal Dag; Cangal-Ayancik; Ayancik; Bolu; Bursa, Ulu Dag; E Salmankash Gecidi, Erikli-CAi, 1800-2200 m; Kalkanli Daglari, 8 km NE Zigana pass, 1700-1800 m; 15 km SE Zigana pass, 2300-2500 m (Solodovnikov 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Russia (Kavkaz), Turkey.

Quedius molochinus (Gravenhorst, 1806) (s. str.)

Cited from Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Quedius nemoralis Baudi, 1848 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Horion 1965); Cyprus: Pedhoulas e Kyrenia (Scheerpeltz 1956).

The ssp. *erinci* Korge, 1971 was described from Bosburun dag in Taurus of Pisidia, 1700 m (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Iran (ssp. nom.); Turkey (ssp. *erinci*).

Quedius nitipennis (Stephens, 1833) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1965; Solodovnikov 2004); Erciyas dag, Bachufer, 1800 m; Ulukisla; Burucek; Yenikoy (Smetana 1967b), all sub *attenuatus* Gyllenhal, 1810.

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Quedius nivicola Kiesenwetter, 1858 (*Sauridus*)

Cited from Jamanlar dag, Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913), and from Asia Minor (Gridelli 1925).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon, Israel.

Quedius ochripennis (Ménétriés, 1832) (*Microsaurus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Alem Dag (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Gridelli 1929; Horion 1965); Mardine, Sicakmagara and Katoum in SW Anatolia (Scheerpeltz 1958); Erciyas dag, Bachufer (Smetana 1967b); Antalya, N Beelen Gecidi, 1310 m (Assing 2007o).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Turkey, Syria, Algeria, Azerbaijan, Iran, Tadjikistan, Uzbekistan, Afghanistan, Pakistan, India (to be confirmed).

Quedius ochropterus Erichson, 1840 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Bulghar dag (=Bolkar dag), Turunschli (Ulukisla) (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Horion 1965), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Quedius ortrudae Korge, 1971 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Koyulhisar Ordu, 1800 m (type ♂ in cK), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius paradisianus (Heer, 1839) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Giresun (Horion 1965).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Quedius plancus Erichson, 1840 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Gridelli 1925).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Tunisia, Algeria.

Quedius pseudonigriceps Reitter, 1909 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Alam dag (=Alhem dag), Istanbul (type ♀ in MTM), as var. of *humeralis* and cited from Asia Minor by Gridelli (1922) and Coiffait (1967a, 1968); Bolu, Bolu-Yenicaga, 1000 m; Bolu, Abant, 1500-1600 m; Bolu, Omerler, 800 m; Adana, Tekir, 1200 m; Maras, S Tekir, 900-1400 m; Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Kirklareli, Yeniceköy-Demirköy; Kastamonu, Ilgazdag, 1300-1800 m; Konya, 18 km SE Beysehir, 1200 m; S Bursa; Bursa, Uludag, 1300 m; Antakya, Harbiye (Solodovnikov 2004).

Synonyms. *gemellus bithynicus* Fagel, 1968, described from Abant Dag, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from Bolu dag, Mengen, as ssp. nov. by Korge (1964) and from Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu and Akkus, Unye (Korge 1971) and from Asia Minor by Coiffait (1978); *osellai* Bordon, 1973, described from Soumela, Trabzon (type ♂ in MSNV), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Romania, Bulgaria (1 locality), Greece, Turkey, Georgia, Azerbaijan (1 locality).

Quedius reitteri Gridelli, 1925 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Zigana (gecidi), Trabzon (Korge 1964; Horion 1965), and Zigana, Trabzon, Akkus, Unye; Ilica, Ardesen (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Quedius riparius Kellner, 1843 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Sabandja, Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Gridelli 1925); Tamdere, Giresun, 1600 m; Ilica, Ayder (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran.

Quedius rugosipennis Fagel, 1969 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Antalya, Lara (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus.

Quedius safaensis Fagel, 1968 (*Raphirus*)

The ssp. *ormanus* Fagel, 1971 was described from Ulu dag, Bursa, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited also from Abant dag, Bolu, 1400-1500 m, in the same contribution; cited from Taurus by Coiffait (1978, sub *safaensis*).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon (ssp. nom.); Turkey (ssp. *ormanus*).

Quedius scheerpeltzi Gridelli, 1938 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus: Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Coiffait 1978); Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Synonyms. *cyprinus* Franz, 1987, described from Troodos (type ♀ in NMW) and from Mesopotamos and Moniatas.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius scheerpeltzianus Fagel, 1968 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Greece (type ♂ in IRSNB) but also cited from Amasya; Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Quedius scintillans (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874; Horion 1965; Coiffait 1970); Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Mandres; Troodhissa; Drakaos; Cedres valley; Platania (Coiffait 1970); Troodos; Paphos forest; Kommanderia, 25 km SW Platres; Akamas forest; 35 km

SW Platres (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Hermon river, Efeso and Babu dag (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel, North Africa.

Quedius semiaeneus (Stephens, 1833) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus (Horion 1965); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Hermon river, Smyrne; Jamanlar dag, Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913), to be confirmed. Not cited from Cyprus in the "Distribution" by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey ?, North Africa.

Quedius semiobscurus (Marsham, 1802) (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1874); Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus and Turkey (Horion 1965), all sub *rufipes* Gravenhorst, 1802; Cyprus: Drakos; Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970); N Limassol, N Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978). Not cited from Cyprus in the "Distribution" by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Azerbaijan, North Africa, Canary Is.

Quedius smetanai Korge, 1971 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Ilkica, Ayder, 1000-1600 m (type ♂ in cK), and from Ikizdere, Rize, 1400 m; Camlik, Rize, 1700 m; Hochebene, Kars, 2000 m.

Q. horsti Coiffait, 1978 is an unnecessary replacement name.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius suramensis Eppelsheim, 1880 (*Raphirus*)

Described as var. of *transcausicus* Gemminger & Harold, 1868, is valid species (lectotype designed by Gusarov 1993).

Cited from Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906, sub *transcausicus* Gemminger & Harold, 1868, nom. nudum); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *transcausicus*); Goeck Dag (Gridelli 1938); Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu; Kulukkaia, Giresun; Bolu dag, Mengen (Korge 1964); Abant, Bolu Daglari, Mengen; Ilgaz dag, Akkuz, Unye; Mahmudiye, Ordu; Kulukkaia and Tamdere, Giresun; Camlik, Rize; Ilica, Ardesen (Korge 1971); Soumela, Trabzon; Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu (Bordoni 1976); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978), all sub *vicinus* Ménétriés, 1832.

Cited from Asia Minor: Jureligöz; Gök Dag; Cangal Dag; Hopa; Bursa, Ulu Dag; Kurtul-Ardanuc, 1800 m; Borcka, 700-1700 m; Akkuz; S Ayancik; Gümüşhane, Zigana

pass; Ilgaz Daglari, Tosya Ilgas Gecidi, Yaman Tepe, 1350-1700 m; Rize, Gül Dagi, Caglayan river, 1000 m; Artvin, Pirnali, Karkal dagi, 1250-1600 m; Kastamonu, Ilgazdag, 1700-1800 m; 5 km N Küre, 600 m; Karadere, 32 km N Tosia, 1400 m; Bolu, 9 km N Mengen, 750 m; Sinop, S Bektas, 23 km N Boyabatm 1100 m; Abant, 1500 m; Abant Dag, 1400-1550 m (Solodovnikov 2002).

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon; Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV, cB); Abant dag, Bolu (cB); Tokat, Dumanli Orman, 1500-1700 m; Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu; Ilica, Ayder (Rize), 1200-1600 m; between Konuralp and Akcakoca, 300 m (MZUR).

The citation of *libanicus* Coiffait, 1954 (syn. of *vicinus* Ménéttriés, 1832) in Cyprus (Jarrige, 1971), probably must be refer to *suramensis*.

Synonyms. Korge (1971) describes *vicinus* ab. *maculatus* from Mahumudiye, Ordu, 1500 m and Caucasus that probably is synonym of *suramensis*.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Georgia, Turkey, probably Cyprus.

Quedius suturalis Kiesenwetter, 1845 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Artvin, Borcka-Hopa, 700 m; Artvin, Hopa-Kemalpasa, 5 km E Hopa, 100 m; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal Dagi, 1600 m; SW Artvin, 1900 m; Artvin, Kirklareli, Demirköy (Solodovnikov 2002).

The ssp. *anatolicus* Korge, 1964 was described from Abant dagh, Bolu (type ♂ in cK).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe and Turkey (ssp. nom.); Turkey (ssp. *anatolicus*).

Quedius troodites Fagel, 1968 (*Raphirus*)

Described from Cyprus: Mt. Troodos (type ♂ in IRSNB).

Cited from Cyprus (Coiffait 1978); Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas forest; N Limassol, N Alassa; Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Quedius ulrichi Korge, 1971 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from a mountain near Ispir and Ovacik (Erzurum), 2300 m (type ♀ in cK) and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius uludaghensis Drugmand, 1988 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from Uludagh, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB). The same author have published the same description also in 1989: *Q. uludagahensis* Drugmand, 1989 = *Q. uludaghensis* Drugmand, 1988.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius umbrinus Erichson, 1839 (*Raphirus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Cyprus (Horion 1965; Coiffait 1978), and from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Gök Dag and Sultan Dag (Bodemeyer 1900); Erzurum, Mescit Daglari, 40 km NE Ipsir, 2100 m; Ilgaz Dag; Kastamonu, Karadere, 32 km N Tosya, 1400 m; Konya, 10 km SE Beysehir, 1200 m; Istanbul, Forest of Belgrad; Artvin, Hopa-Kemalpasa, 30 m; Borcka-Hopa, 700 m; Antakya, Harbiye; Tunceli-Ovacik, 1100 m; Bolu, Konuralp-Akcacosa, 400 m; Elmalik, Bolu, 450 m; S Bursa, 500 m; Abant Dag, 1400-1550 m (Solodovnikov 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus.

Quedius umbripennis Bernhauer & Schubert, 1916 (*Sauridus*)

Described as ab. of *dubius* Heer, 1839 and cited from Kulukkaia, Giresun and Ilgaz dag, Kastamonu (Korge 1964).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Turkey.

Quedius vicinus (Ménétries, 1832) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Goeck Dag (Gridelli 1938), and from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Cyprus, Turkey, Iran, Turkmenistan, Azar-bajian, Lebanon.

Quedius vulneratus Gemminger & Harold, 1868 (*Raphirus*)

New name for *plagiatus* Hochhuth, 1849, n. preocc.

Cited from Kulukkaia, Giresun, 1400 m (Korge 1964, 1971); Soganli Pass, Bayburt, 2400 m; Camlik, Rize, 1700 m; Yalnizcam Pass, Artvin, 1900-2700 m; Mahmudiye, Ordu, 1500 m (Korge 1971); Trabzon, Kalkanli Daglari, 8 km NE Zigana pass, 1700 m; Borcka; Cangal Dag; Artvin, 650 m; SW Artvin, 1900 m; Kars, Damal-Posof, 2400-2500 m (Solodovnikov 2002).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Quedius walteri Korge, 1971 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from Ilica, Kackar daglari (Ardesen), 1600-2000 m (type ♀ in cK).

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978) and from Firtina Valley, Rize, 1400 m; Borcka, Balikali dagi (Smetana 1995); Borcka; Artvin, Karkal Dag; Rize, Gül Dag, Caglayan river, 1000 m (Solodovnikov 2005).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Quedius weiratheri Gridelli, 1938 (*Microsaurus*)

Described from a cave in the Dipojras Mountains, near Anamas Mts. (Isparta) in Taurus of Pisidia (type ♂ in NMW), and from a cave of the Kybelon Mts., near Bey Schehir.

Cited from Fersine and Tinas Tepe caves, Konya (Coiffait 1974); Seydisehir, Farzen Cave, Konya, 1410 m; Tinaztepe Cave, Konya, 1550 m; Körük cave, Camlik Dalayman, 1200 m; Inoglu cave, Isparta (Bordoni 1978; description of larva); Konya, Seydisehir Ferzan, Kuglu cave (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Velleiopsis Fairmaire, 1882

Velleiopsis marginiventris Fairmaire, 1883

Cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978); 7 km NW Köse, 1700-2000 m (Smetana 1995).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Acylophorus Nordmann, 1837

Acylophorus asperipennis Smetana, 1967

Described from Guziantep (type ♂ in MNP).

Cited from Mersin (Scheerpeltz 1929); Dodan, Bingol, 1400 m; Van lake; Tercan, Erzincan (Korge 1971, sub *glaberrimus* Herbst, 1784); Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978). Also the citation of *glabricollis* Lacordaire, 1835, synonym of *glaberrimus*, for the marshes of Adana (Peyron 1858) must be referred to *asperipennis*.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon, Israel.

Acylophorus glaberrimus (Herbst, 1784)

Cited from Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 920 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Turkmenistan, North Africa.

Acylophorus lindbergi Scheerpeltz, 1958

Described from Ufer, SE Van lake (type ♂ in ZML), and cited from Asia Minor (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

HABROCERINAE

Habrocerus Erichson, 1839

Habrocerus capillaricornis (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Bulghar dag (Sahlberg 1913); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Horion 1967); Asia Minor (Assing & Wunderle, 1995).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic, introduced in North America, Canada, Colombia, New Zealand.

Habrocerus cyprensis Assing & Wunderle, 1995

Described from Batahs of Aphrodite (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Yerowasa; Ayios Dimitrios, 600 m; Mamonia; Stroumbi, 400 m; Caledonia Falls, 1400 m; Val Cedres, 1200 m.

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956, sub *capillaricornis*); S Platres, Moniatas, 700 m; Paphos forest, S Kykkos, 400 m (Assing & Wunderle 1996) and Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Habrocerus pisidicus Korge, 1971

Described as ssp. of *capillaricornis* from Asia Minor: Bosburun dag, 1700 m (type ♂ in cK), and cited from 22 km W Antalya and Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres; N Limassol, N Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 1995, 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. East Mediterranean, Italy, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus.

Habrocerus simulans Assing & Wunderle, 1995

Described from Israel but also from Lebanon and Turkey: Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal dagi, 1600 m; Mersin, Tarsus, Gülek, 1550 m; Tokat-Almus, 1200 m; Antakya, 400-850 m.

Cited from Mersin, Camliyayla, 1150 m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; Yarpuz, 920 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 410 m; Harbiye, 9 km SSW Antakya 430 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 760 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Israel, Lebanon, Turkey.

TRICHOPHYINAE

Trichophya Mannerheim, 1830

Trichophya pilicornis (Gyllenhal, 1810)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor:

Abant dag, Bolu (Korge 1971); Mersin, Güzeloluk, S Aidynlar, 1380 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaras, 11 km NE Andirin, Geben, 1280 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, introduced in Canada and North America.

Trichophya turcica Assing, 2006

Described from 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

TACHYPORINAE

Mycetoporus Mannerheim, 1830

Mycetoporus angularis Mulsant & Rey, 1853

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Algeria, Tunisia.

Mycetoporus baudueri Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Iran, North Africa.

Mycetoporus brucki (Pandellé, 1869)

Cited from Baba dagh, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913); Abant dagh, Bolu (Fagel 1968a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Mycetoporus chevrolati (Pandellé, 1869)

Described from Caramania, Tarsus (type § in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Mycetoporus dispersus Schülke & Kocian, 2000

Described from Helvetia but from other regions and also Turkey: Anamas Gbg., Taurus; 15 km S Beyschir, Konya, 1000 m; Anamur Abanoz, 1240 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Sweden, Central and Oriental Europe, Ukraine, Caucasus, Turkey.

Mycetoporus eppelsheimianus Fagel, 1968

New name for *brucki* Pandellé pars, cited from Abant dagh (Fagel 1968), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?, Caucasus.

Mycetoporus glaber (Sperk, 1835)

Cited from Cyprus: Athalassa; Paphos, Kykkos-Pera Vasa, 500 m; Ayia, 950 m; Asia Minor: Antalya, Saklikent, 1000 m; Ordu; Mugla, Gökova; Mugla, Göcek; Antalya, 18 km SE Gazipasa (Schülke & Kocian 2000; neotype designed).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Mycetoporus lepidus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *nanus* Gravenhorst, 1806); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Turkey, Cyprus, Azerbaijan, North Africa.

Mycetoporus longulus Mannerheim, 1830

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor: Tamdere, Giresun, 1700 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey.

Mycetoporus niger Fairmaire & Laboulbène, 1856

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1857); Asia Minor: Smyrne and Baba dagh, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Cyprus ?, Turkey ?

Mycetoporus nigricollis Stephens, 1835

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *splendens* Marsham, 1802), and from Asia Minor: Bulgar dagh, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Mycetoporus picipennis Eppelsheim, 1881

Cited from Asia Minor: Ciftecopruler hill, 1000 m (Coiffait 1978a).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Mycetoporus punctipennis Scriba, 1868

Cited from Asia Minor (Ganglbauer 1895; Luze 1901; Horion 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Mycetoporus punctus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Zonguldak, Yenice, Karabük; Gümüşhane, Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Amasya, Amasya-Ezinepazari; Bolu, Omerler, 800 m; Bolu-Yenicaga; Artvin, Borcka, 500 m; Bitlis; Adana, E Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kyrgyzstan.

Mycetoporus reichei (Pandellé, 1869)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria.

Mycetoporus rufescens (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Not cited from Cyprus in the “Distribution” in Herman, 2001.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus.

Mycetoporus solidicornis Wollaston, 1864

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1875, sub *reichei* Pandellé, 1869), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. France, Portugal, Spain, Cyprus ?, North Africa, Canary Is.

***Mycetoporus subpronus* Reitter, 1909**

Described from Kleinasien, Paskau, Schlesien (type ♂ in NMP), as var. of *reichei*, was cited from Turkey by Horion (1965).

DISTRIBUTION. East Europe, Turkey.

***Ischnosoma* Stephens, 1829**

***Ischnosoma assingi* Schülke, 2007**

Described from 40 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (type ♂ in cS), and from 7 km Karadeniz Daglari.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Ischnosoma fastigatum* Schülke, 2007**

Described from 15 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m (type ♂ in cS), and from 40 km SSW Giresun.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Ischnosoma loebli* Kocian, 1997**

Described from Israel but also from Cyprus: Akamas; Neo Chorian; Bath of Aphrodite; Limassol; Paphos forest, Kykkos-Pera Vasa; Platres, Kidari-Diarizo; S Platres, Moniatis and Turkey: Antakya, Osmanyie, Zorhun; Manavgat-Kolakli.

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas, Polis; Akamas, forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: 45 km NE Adiyaman, 4 km WNW Narince, 850 m; 19 km S Antakya, Ziyaret Dagi, SW Yenköy, 913 m; S Yenköy, 900 m; Ziyaret Dagi, Leylekli, 510 m; 17 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar; 25 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, E Yamacoba, 1070 m; Icel, Mersin, Findikpinari-Akarca, 780 m; Anamur, 13 km SE Gazipasa, 1800 m; 10 km E Osmaniye, NW Karatas, 900 m; NW Yarpur, 900 m; Nur Dagi, Yarpur, 920 m; Karatepe Nat. Park, 200 m (Schülke 2007). Not cited from Cyprus in Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Israel, Cyprus, Turkey.

***Ischnosoma longicorne* (Mäklin, 1847)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Kocian 1997); Aydin, Boz Dagi, 1300-1560 m; Erzurum, 35 km NW Tortum, 2400 m; 40 km SSW Giresun, 1140 m; Izmir, Boz Daglari, Bozdagroad, 1500 m; Boz Daglari, SE Turtoglu; Kars, 16 km SW Göle, 1600 m; Damal-Posof, 2400-2500 m; 25 km SSE Rize, 4 km E Ikizdere, 750 m; 25 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690

m; Sinop, S Bektasa, N Bayabat, 1100 m; 40 km S Trabzon, Altindere Milli Park, 1560-1650 m (Schülke 2007).

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

***Ischnosoma meybohmi* Schülke, 2003**

Described from 9 km W Hasanbeyli (type ♂ in cS), and from Adana, N Kazan, S Eskiye Gecidi, 300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Ischnosoma myops* (Eppelsheim, 1880)**

Cited from Asia Minor: Artvin, Borcka (Kocian 1997); E of Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Valley Caglayan river, Gül Dagi (Rize), 1000 m (Schülke 2001); Bircka, 1700 m; Artvin, 1500 m; Artvin hill between Borcka and Hopa, 700 m; 5 km E Hopa, 100 m (Schülke 2003); Rize, 40 km S Ardesen, Cat; 30 km S Ardesen, 750 m; 25 km SSE Rize, 7 km E Ikizdere, 1030 m; 40 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; E Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, 1000-1300 m (Schülke 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Armenia ?, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

***Ischnosoma solodovnikovi* Schülke, 2001**

Described from E of Dogu Karadeniz Daglari, Valley Caglayan river, Gül Dagi (Rize), 1000 m (type ♂ in cS).

Cited from 25 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690 m; 5 km E Ikizdere, 750 m; 25-30 km S Ardesen, 750-830 m; 40 km S Ardesen, Cat, 1240 m; Trabzon, S Of, S Uzungöl, 1870 m (Schülke 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Ischnosoma splendidum* (Gravenhorst, 1806)**

Cited from Cyprus and Turkey (Kocian 1997); SW Artvin, 1900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal valley, 1800 m; Aydin, Boz Dagi, 1300-1560 m; Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100 m; 50 km NW Tortum, Coruh valley, 800 m; Mugla, SE Köycegiz, 10 m; Köycegiz Gölü, 10 m; 15 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz (Schülke 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Ischnosoma turcicum Kocian, 1997

Described from Tekkiraz, Ordu (Dogu Daglari), 500 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Samsun, Karadg Pass, Hafsa.

Cited from Kastamonu, 13 km E Agli (Küre Daglari), 1200 m (Schülke 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Bryoporus Kraatz, 1857

Bryoporus cernuus (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Gümüşhane, Zigane Pass, 1500-1800 m (Schülke 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey.

Bryoporus multipunctus Hampe, 1867

Cited from Antalya, SW Akyuzi, NE Belpinar Pas, 850 m; Bey Daglari, 1650-1900 m; Gündoymus; Artvin, Borckam 1500 m; Bitlis, Tatuan, 1900 m; Diyarbakir, Ergani, 1500 m; Hatay, 25 km S Senköy, 900 m; Belen Gecidi, Iskenderun, 700 m; E Yesilkent, 400 m; Icel, Namrun (= Camliyayla); Incenum; Arsabh; Merdin, 1300 m; 45 km N Kastamonu; Ordu, Gölköy, 700 m (Schülke 2003a).

Synonyms. *scheerpeltzi* Korge, 1971, described from Borburun Geb., 1600-2000 m (type ♂ in cK) (Schülke 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Bryophacis Reitter, 1909

Bryophacis maklini (Sahlberg, 1871)

Cited from Uludag, Bursa, 1800-1900 m (Schülke 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Bryophacis rugipennis (Pandellé, 1869)

Cited from Kars, hill between Damal and Posof, 2400-2500 m (Schülke 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Georgia, Turkey.

Lordithon Thomson, 1859 (*Bolitobius* auct.)

Lordithon exoletus (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Turkey: Icel (Schülke 2000).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, North Africa.

Lordithon rostratus (Motschulsky, 1860) (*Bolitobius*)

Cited from Ikizdere, Rize, 1200 m; Akkus, Unye, 1400 m; Ilica, Ayder (Ardesen), 1000 m (Korge 1971, sub *Bolitobius*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Caucasus, Turkey.

Lordithon thoracicus (Fabricius, 1777) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *distigma* Fairmaire, 1852); Cyprus: Akamas forest, Neochorio, 100-150 m; Limassol, 0-30 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Bulghar dag (Sahlberg 1913, sub *pygmaeus* Fabricius, 1777). Not cited from Cyprus by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey ?, Cyprus, Uzbekistan, North Africa, Canary Is., Canada, North America.

Lordithon trimaculatus (Fabricius, 1793) (s. str.)

Cited from Ikizdere, Rize (Schülke 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Iran, Japan.

Lordithon trinotatus (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Coiffait 1970, sub *Bolitobius*); Troodos, Olympos, 1900 m; N Troodos, 1600 m; Troodos, SE Prodhromos, 1350-1550 m; Troodos, Caledonia falls, 1200 m; Paphos forest, Kykkos, 1250 m; Paphos forest, Cedar Valley, 700 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Izmir, Boz Daglari, 1200-1500 m (Schülke 2004). Not cited from Cyprus by Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Cyprus, Algeria.

Lordithon variegatus (Bernhauer, 1902) (*Bolitobius*)

Described from Gock dag (type § in FMNH), and cited from Goeck dag, Izmir;

Karabayir Pass, Koyulhisir, Susehri, 1900 m (Korge 1971); Boz Daglari, Izmir, 1200 m; Boz Dag, Izmir, 1200-1500 m (Schülke 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Bolitobius Leach 1819 (*Bryocharis* Lacordaire, 1835)

Bolitobius castaneus (Lacordaire, 1832)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1875, sub *Megacronus analis* sensu Paykull, 1789).
Synonyms. *Bryocharis analis* ssp. *anatolicus* Fagel, 1968, described from Abant dagh, Bolu, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in IRSNB) (Schulke 1999).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Bolitobius insignis Hochhuth, 1849

Cited from Asia Minor: Pirnalli, Karkal dagi (Artvin), 1600 m (Schülke 1998).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Parabolitobius Li, Zhao & Sakai, 2000

Parabolitobius inclinans (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Cyprus (Pandellé 1869, sub *cedronis* Saulcy, 1864; Baudi 1870); Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor: Baba dag, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913).

Synonyms. *punctipennis* Lokay, 1921 (type ♂ in NMP), described from Mt. Armenien in Cyprus, as var. of *inclinans*.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria, Israel.

Parabolitobius ponticus (Fagel, 1968)

Described from Abant dag, Bolu, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), as *Bryocharis*, and cited from Abant, Bolu, 1500 m (Coiffait 1978). Referred to the gen. *Parabolitobius* by Schülke (2004).

Cited from Abant, Bolu, 1500 m (Coiffait 1978).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sepedophilus Gistel, 1856

Sepedophilus binotatus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Luze 1902; Horion 1965, sub *Conosoma*); Ankara, G. Osman Pasa (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Germany, Austria, Hungary, Turkey, Transcaucasus.

Sepedophilus bipunctatus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1876, sub *Conurus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Algeria.

Sepedophilus bipustulatus (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Bulghardag (Sahlberg 1913); Bolu, Mengen, 700-800 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, China, Korea, Japan.

Sepedophilus constans (Fowler, 1888)

Cited from Ilica, Ayder (Korge 1971, sub *Conosoma strigosus* Sahlberg, 1911).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Sepedophilus erythrinus (Hochhuth, 1872)

Cited from Akkus, Unye, 1000 m (Korge 1971, sub *Conosoma*).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Ukraine.

Sepedophilus immaculatus (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Efeso (Sahlberg 1913).

Additional records. Abant, Bolu, 1450 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus, North Africa, Togo ?, India ?, East Indies ?

Sepedophilus littoreus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Conurus pubescens* Paykul, 1790); “Kars?”, Sarikamis (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread trans-Palaeartic species.

Sepedophilus marshami (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1970, sub *sericeus* Boisduval & Lacordaire, 1835) and from Asia Minor: Pülümür, Erzincan, 1700 m; Erciyas dag, Kayseri, 2000 m; Kisir dag, Kars, 2200 m (Korge 1971, sub *Conosoma*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Azores, Korea, Canada, North America.

Sepedophilus obtusus (Luze, 1902)

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor: Adana, Ankara, Antalya, Izmir, Kayseri, Mersin (Schülke & Uhlig 1989); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Brüge 1999).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Georgia, Azerbaijan.

Sepedophilus pedicularius (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *lividus* Erichson, 1839) and from Asia Minor: hill between Gokkoy and Mesudiye (Giresun) (Coiffait 1978a, sub *Conosoma*).
Additional records. Abant gölü, Bolu, 1400-1600 m; Kastamonu (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus ?, Iran, Uzbekistan, China, Japan, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira, Seycelles ?

Sepedophilus subparallelus (Bernhauer, 1935)

Described from Gök dagh (type § in FMNH).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Sepedophilus testaceus (Fabricius, 1793)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1970), sub *pubescens*; Cyprus: Kyrenia (Scheerpeltz 1956; Horion 1967); Drakaos; Troodos (Coiffait 1970), all sub *Conosoma*; Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres; W Larnaka (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Smyrne and Baba dagh, Eregli (Sahlberg 1913); Zindan Magarasi, Egridir (Isparta) (Coiffait 1974).

Additional records. Kastamonu (MSNV); Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m (cB); Koci Akif, Konya (MZUR); Antalya, Dosemlalti-Yagca, Mustanini cave, 300 m (cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Saudi Arabia, North Africa, Madeira, Azores, Canada, North America.

Tachyporus Gravenhorst, 1802

Tachyporus abner Saulcy, 1864 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970, sub *macropterus* var. *abner*); Cyprus: Troodos Mt. (Schülke 1995); Troodos; Paphos forest Kommanderia, 25 km SW Platres; N Limassol, N Alassa (Assing & Wunderle 2001). Cited also from Asia Minor: Istanbul, Balta Lemani; Sertuval Pass, 1600 m; Mellec (Schulke 1995). Bona species (Schülke 1991).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, France, Italy, Greece, Cyprus, Turkey, Jordan, Israel.

Tachyporus atriceps Stephens, 1832 (s. str.)

Cited from Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913); Camlik, Rize, 2000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, North Africa.

Tachyporus caucasicus Kolenati, 1846 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Kyrenia; Lapithos (Scheerpeltz 1956, sub *solutus* ab. *caucasicus*); Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970, sub *solutus* v. *caucasicus*); Asia Minor: Kostantinopel (Schülke 1991).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria, Lebanon, Israel, Jordan, Algeria, Morocco.

Tachyporus chrysomelinus (Linné, 1758) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Sharp 1873; Booth, 1988).

Additional records. Abant gölü, Bolu, 1400-1500 m; Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Tachyporus convexus Luze, 1901 (s. str.)

Additional records. Soumela, Trabzon (MZUR, MSNV, cB). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Tachyporus hypnorum (Fabricius, 1775) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia, Lapithos; Larnaca; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956, also sub ab. *armeniacus* Kolenati, 1846 and ab. *atratus* Csiki, 1901; Baudi 1870; Horion 1967); Cedres valley (Coiffait 1970); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Tarsus (Peyron 1858); Sabandja and Ak Chehir (Bodemeyer 1900); Smyrne (Sahlberg 1913); Karaköi; Boz-Oyuk (Penther 1905); Asia Minor (Sharp 1873; Fauvel 1875).

Additional records. Yalnizcam gecidi, Artvin; Abant gölü, Bolu, 1400-1600 m; Uludag, Bursa, 1800 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Tachyporus nitidulus Fabricius, 1781 (*Palporus*)

Cited from Cyprus: various localities near Troodos and Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor and Cyprus (Fauvel 1875); Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *elephantulus* Reiche & Saulcy, 1856); Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; Famagusta; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Lapithos; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956, also sub *crux* Eppelsheim, 1892), and from Asia Minor: Tarsus (Peyron 1858, sub *brunneus* Fabricius, 1793); Caramania and Anatolia (Sahlberg 1913); Erdschias Geb. (Penther 1905); Soganli hill, Trabzon, 2000 m (Coiffait 1978a).

Additional records. Beysehir, Konya (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, introduced in other regions.

Tachyporus pusillus Gravenhorst, 1806 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870; Horion 1967); Cyprus: St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor: Soganli hill, Trabzon, 2000 m (Coiffait 1978a, sub var. *satanas* Luze, 1901).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m; Borcka, Artvin, 1500 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Tachyporus ruficollis Gravenhorst, 1802 (s. str.)

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey.

Tachyporus scitulus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Taurus, Kuleg. Boghaz (=Bobaz Koi, Adana ?) (Peyron 1858); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Fauvel 1875, sub *macropterus* sensu Fauvel).

Additional records. Ilgaz dag gecidi, Kastamonu, 1800-2300 m; Yalnizcam gecidi, Artvin; Kizilcahaman, Ankara (MSNV, cB); Mt. Ararat, Agri, 3800-4200 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Georgia, Turkey, Cyprus ?, Iran, Turkmenistan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Tadjikistan, Mongolia, Algeria.

Tachyporus solutus Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Horion 1967); Drakos (Coiffait 1970); Kyrenia; Lapithos; Limassol (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor: Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900); Eskischehir; Ilgün, Karaköi; Bozoyuk (Penther 1905).

Additional records. Bayabat gölü, Amas (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Georgia, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria, North Africa.

Tachyporus vafer Schülke, 1996 (s. str.)

Described from Austria, Hungary and Asia Minor: Ilgaz dag, 1800-2000 m (type ♂ in cS).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Hungary, Slovakia, Yugoslavia, Turkey.

Lamprinodes Luze, 1901

Lamprinodes fairmairei (Leprieur, 1853)

New name for *pictus* Fairmaire, 1852, n. preoc.

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Tachinus*; Pandellé 1869; Fauvel 1876); Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001), all sub *pictus*. Cyprus is not cited in the "Distribution" of Herman (2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Italy, Caucasus, Cyprus, North Africa.

Tachinus Gravenhorst, 1802

Tachinus bipustulatus (Fabricius, 1793)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-European.

Tachinus bonvouloiri Pandellé, 1869

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor: Konya, Aksehir; Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 25 km WNW Gaziantep, E Yamacoba, 1070 m (Assing 2006). Not cited in “Distribution” for Cyprus in Herman (2001).

Additional records. Cakalli, Amasya; Celbıram gecidi, Sivas (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Hungary, Austria, France, Spain, Turkey, Cyprus, Lebanon.

Tachinus caucasicus Kolenati, 1846

Cited from Asia Minor: between Gokoy and Mesudiye, Giresun (Coiffait 1978, sub *laciniatus* Eppelsheim, 1890); Borcka, Artvin, 1500 m; Cangal dagı, Sinop; Ayancik, Sinop; Macka, Trabzon (Schülke 2004a, *laciniatus* = *caucasicus*).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Georgia, Armenia, Turkey.

Tachinus corticinus Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1875, sub *collaris* Gravenhorst, 1802; Ullrich 1975).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Japan, Canada.

Tachinus discoideus Erichson, 1839

Cited from Asia Minor (Ullrich 1975).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Turkmenistan, Kazakhstan, Lebanon, Morocco.

Tachinus elongatus Gyllenhal, 1810

Cited from Artvin, Borcka, 500-1700 m; Damal-Posof, 2400-2500 m; Trabzon, Altındere Milli Park, Macka, 1600 m; Sinop, Cangal Dagı; 60 km SE Kahramanmaraş, Gani Dagı, 15 km ESE Pazarcik, 950 m; 50 km NE Adıyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1470 m; 45 km NE Adıyaman, Nemrut Dagı, 4 km WNW Narince, 850 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic.

Tachinus fauveli Pandellé, 1869

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz, 1934).

Synonyms. *deyrollei* Sharp, 1873, described from Trabzon (type ♂ in MHNG) (Schülke 2004a, syn. confirmed).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Ukraine, Georgia, Armenia, Turkey.

Tachinus fimetarius Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Asia Minor (Fauvel 1876; Horion 1965; Ullrich 1975).

Additional records. Kopdagi gecidi, Erzurum (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Transcaspian region.

Tachinus flavolimbatus Pandellé, 1869

Additional records. Bayabat Gölü, Amas (MSNV); Kalkandera, Rize (MZUR). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is.

Tachinus humeralis Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Cyprus (Fauvel 1875; Ullrich 1975), to be confirmed, and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

The ssp. *marginicollis* Kolenati, 1846 was cited from Ayancil, Sinop; Cangal dagh, Sinop; Ikizdere, Rize (Schülke 2004a).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Armenia, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Syria (ssp. nom.); Georgia, Turkey, Azerbaijan (ssp. *marginicollis*).

Tachinus laticollis Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Cangal-Ayancik, Sinop; Borcka; Bursa; Macka, Trabzon; 1000 m; Ikizdere, Rize, Ikizdere; Ovit Pass, Rize; Akkus (Schülke 2004a).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Armenia, Georgia, Caucasus, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Mongolia.

Tachinus nigerrimus Solsky, 1864

Cited from Kars, Damal-Posof, 2400-2500 m; “Kars ?”, Sarikamis (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey.

Tachinus rufipes (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic and Nearctic species.

Tachinus rufitarsis Hochhuth, 1849

Cited from Asia Minor (Ullrich 1975).

Synonyms. *bodmeyer*i Bernhauer, 1903, described from Bulgar Maaden (type ♂ in FMNH).

Additional records. Mt. Ararat, Agri, 3800-4100 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Caucasus, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Uzbekistan, Tajikistan, Afghanistan.

Tachinus scapularis Stephens, 1832

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus (Fauvel 1875; Ganglbauer 1895; Luze 1900; Horion 1967); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Ullrich 1975).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Syria.

Tachinus signatus Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1967); Zigana, Trabzon, 2200 m (Fagel 1963); Kumbert hill, Giresun, 2000 m (Coiffait 1978a), all sub *rufipes* De Geer, 1774.

Additional records. Balli dag, Kastamonu, 1300-1600 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Turkey, Kazakhstan, China, North Africa, Syria, Canada, North America.

Tachinus subterraneus (Linné, 1758)

Cited from Abant, Bolu, 1500 m (Coiffait 1978a); “Kars?”, Sarikamis (Assing 2006). Not cited by Herman (2001) from Turkey in “Distribution”.

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Terkestan, Syria, Canada.

Cilea Jacquelin du Val, 1856

Cilea silphoides (Linné, 1767)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Coproporus Kraatz, 1857

Coproporus colchicus Kraatz, 1858

Cited from Asia Minor: Tschakit-Tal (Horion 1965).
Additional records. Antalya, 30 km Korkuteli (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia, Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

ALEOCHARINAE

Deinopsis Matthews, 1838

Deinopsis pulawskii Klimaszewski, 1979

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina, Croatia, Greece, Turkey.

Gymnusa Gravenhorst, 1806

Gymnusa anatolica Korge, 1971

Described as ssp. of *variegata* Kiesenwetter, 1845 from Ikizdere, Rize, 2000-2600 m (type ♀ in cK), and cited from 30 km NNE Gümüşhane, Kostandagi gecidi, 2340 m (As-sing 2007d, st. nov.).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Myllaena Erichson, 1837

Myllaena caucasica Eppelsheim, 1879

Cited from Asia Minor: Ahlat, Van lake (Scheerpeltz 1958).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey, Armenia, Transcaucasus.

Myllaena infuscata Kraatz, 1853

Cited from Mugla, Gölgeli Daglari, 20 km NE Köyagiz. Agla, 1690 m; Osmaniye, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; 50 km NE Adiyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1370 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Myllaena intermedia Erichson, 1837

Cited from Manisa, Turgutlu, Cikrikci river; Catalköprü river (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palaearctic and Australian regions.

Myllaena masoni Matthews, 1883

Cited from Mugla, SE Köycegiz, 10 m; Mugla, N Fethiye, 10 m (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. England, Norway, Germany, Italy, Turkey.

Myllaena nemorivaga Assing, 2007d

Described from 25 km SSE Rize, 4 km E Ikizdere, 750 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 7 km E Ikizdere, 1030 m; 25 km SE Rize, 900 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pronomaea Erichson, 1837

Pronomaea anatolica Fagel, 1969

Described from Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB), and from Alanya, Dim Irmak.

Cited from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, Temel, 2225 m; Gölgeli Daglari, 20 km NE Köycegiz, Agla, 1690 m; Isparta, Anamasdagi; Antalya, N Kalkar, Dumanli Dagı, 1230 m; Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m; 10 km N Andirin, Cokak, 1150 m (Assing, 2007n).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Pronomaea araxicola Reitter, 1898

Cited from Stoppelfeld, Bolu (Korge 1964); 34 km SW Kahramanmaras; Antakya, 7 km E Yesilkent, 350-400 m; Cyprus: Agios Dhimitrios, 600 m (Assing 2007n).

Synonyms. *orientalis* Fagel, 1969, described from Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Russia, Georgia, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, Azerbaijan, Lebanon.

***Pronomaea khnזורiani* Semenov, 2003**

Cited from Amasya (Assing, 2007n).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Georgia, Iran, Daghestan, Turkey, Turkmenistan.

***Pronomaea rostrata* Erichson, 1837**

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan, North Africa.

***Oligota* Mannerheim, 1831**

***Oligota anatolica* Assing, 2003b**

Described from Denizli, 50 km N Fethiye, 1245 m (type ♂ in cA); and from Antalya, 70 km NE Fethiye, Gülübeli Gecik, 1525 m; Antalya, SE Akyazi, NE Belpinar pass, 870 m; Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagı, 1230 m.

Cited from Mersin, E Silifke, Narjikuyu, Cennet Cöküğü, 130 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaraş, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1110 m; 20 km ESE Kahramanmaraş, Elmalar, 740 m; 60 km S Kahramanmaraş, N Andirin, 1120 m; S Kahramanmaraş, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m; 50 km NE Adıyaman, Nemrut Dagı, 8 km N Nasice, 1160 m (Assing 2006); 20 km E İzmir, Nif Dagı, 920 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Israel.

***Oligota brachati* Assing, 2006**

Described from Kahramanmaraş, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Oligota inversa* Assing, 2002**

Cited from N İzmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 680 m; SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1200 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

***Oligota levantinensis* Kapp, 2004**

Described from Israel but also from Asia Minor: Vans lake and Namrun.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Israel.

***Oligota marasica* Assing, 2006**

Described from Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Oligota meybohmi* Assing, 2003b**

Described from Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 900 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Gaziantep, W Biricik, Belkis-Euphrat, 440 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Oligota parva* Kraatz, 1862**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

***Oligota pumilio* Kiesenwetter, 1858**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870) and Asia Minor: Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m; Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin, Cokak, 1150 m (Assing 2006); SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1200-1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

***Oligota pusillima* (Gravenhorst, 1806)**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870) and Asia Minor: Mersin, NW Tarsus, Camliyayla-Güzne, 560-620 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

***Oligota recta* Kapp, 2004**

Described from Kars, Kagizma, Aras river, 1200 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Holobus Solier, 1849

Holobus apicatus (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Oligota xanthopyga* Kraatz, 1858), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean, Madeira.

Cypha Leach, 1819

Cypha laeviuscula (Mannerheim, 1830)

Cited from Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 30 km WNW Gaziantep, 1200 m; S Senköy, 910 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Kashmir, West Siberia.

Cypha spathulata Assing, 2007d

Described from Mersin, Silifke-Gölnar, 1015 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Manisa, Boz Daglar, SE Torgutlu, 1000 m; W Kahramanmaraş, Baskonus Yaylası, 1250 m; Mersin, Camliyayla, 1085 m; Osmaniye, 12.5 km NE Andirin, 1500 m; Ziyaret Dagı, 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 913 m, and from Spain and Portugal.

Cited sub *squamipennis* (Fauvel 1902) from Mersin, Silifke-Gölnar, 1015 m; Camliyayla, 1085 m; 19 km S Antakya, Ziyaret Dagı, 913 m (Assing 2004e); 70 km WNW Kahramanmaraş, N Andirin, NE Cokak, 1540 m; NE Kadirli, 11 km NE Andirin, Geben, 1280 m; Kahramanmaraş, Baskonus Yaylası, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Portugal, Turkey.

Cypha tenebricosa Assing, 2004e

Described from Mersin. Silifke-Gölnar, 1015 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Denizli, N Fethiye, N Arpacıl pass, 1500 m.

Cited from Adana, Imamoglu-Karsanti, W Hassandede, 1110 m; 20 km SW Kahramanmaraş, 560 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gyrophæna Mannerheim, 1831

Gyrophæna affinis Mannerheim, 1830 (*Leptarthrophæna*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Russia, Nearctic region.

Gyrophæna anatolica Assing, 2004e (s. str.)

Described from Gaziantep, W Biricek, Belkis-Euphrat, 440 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gyrophæna bihamata Thomson, 1867 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Russia, North Korea.

Gyrophæna boleti (Linné, 1758) (*Agaricophæna*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan.

Gyrophæna gentilis Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m; 30 km S Giresun, 1350; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m; Rize, 30 km S Ardesen, 750 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Gyrophæna joyi Wendeler, 1924 (s. str.)

Cited from Urwald dag, Akcakoa (Bolu), 400 m (Korge 1971). Not cited from Turkey in Smetana (2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Gyrophæna joyioides Wüsthoff, 1937 (s. str.)

Cited from Mugla, SE Dalaman, 10 m; SE Köyceviz, 10 m; 22 km SW Kahramanmaraş, 600 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Gyrophæna nana (Paykull, 1800) (s. str.)

Cited from Ilica, Ayder, 1000 m (Korge 1971).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey ?, Nearctic region.

Gyrophæna nitidula (Gyllenhal, 1810) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Agaricochara Kraatz, 1856

Agaricochara latissima (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus.

Placusa Erichson, 1837

Placusa complanata Erichson, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Merjemanawald and Hamsikoy, Zigana (Trabzon), 800-1500 m (Schimitschek 1944), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey ?

Anomognathus Solier, 1849

Anomognathus tricuspis (Eppelsheim, 1884)

Cited from Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Ukraine, Greece, Turkey.

Phytosus Curtis, 1838

Phytosus spinifer Curtis, 1839 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Trabzon (Horion 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is.

Silusa Erichson, 1837

Silusa areolata Reitter, 1888 (*Stenusa*)

Cited from SW Artvin, 1900 m and S Artvin, 1500 m; Artvin, Borcka, 380 m (Assing 2002); Ordu, Akkus; Artvin, Borcka; Trabzon, Macka; Artvin, Cifteköprü near Hopa (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Rhopalocerina Reitter, 1909

Rhopalocerina clavigera (Scriba, 1859)

Cited from Rize, 30 km S Ardesen, 750 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Megaloscapa Seidlitz, 1891

Megaloscapa punctipennis (Kraatz, 1856)

Cited from Istanbul, Alem Dag (Vogel 1980, Ent. Abhand. Staat. Mus. Tierk. Dresden, 44); Mersin, Camliyayla, 1800 m (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Leptusa Kraatz, 1856

Leptusa asiatica Bernhauer, 1909 (*Oncopisalia*)

Described from Goeck Dag (type ♀ in FMNH), and from Alem dagh, Istanbul.

Cited from Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Zonguldak, 17 km N Safranbolu, 500 m; Kastamonu, 5 km Küre, 1200 m; Bolu, Omerler, 800 m; Bolu, Konurakp, Akcakoa, 4300 m; Bolu, Abant, 1500-1600 m; Bolu, Yenicaga, 1000 m (Pace 1982); Goeck Dag; Sa-

bandja; Zonguldak; Kastamonu; Bolu; Abant; Konuralp (Pace 1989); Ordu, Unye; Adana; Gaziantep, E Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m; Van, E Van lake, 1800-2200 m (Assing 2003).

Synonyms. *abantensis* Fagel, 1968 (*Stictopisalia*), described from Abant Dag, Bolu, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa cerrutii Coiffait, 1970 (*Dysleptusa*)

Described from Cyprus, Mt. Olimpo (type ♂ in MHNP).

Cited from Prodhoros and Platres (Pace 1982); Troodos; Paphos forest; N Limassol, Panagia, 600 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Leptusa cimmeria Pace, 1996 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Camova b. Derekoy, Ovitago gecidi (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from Ikizdere, Rize, 1600 m (Assing 2002d; 2003); 40 km SSE Rize, 4-7 km E Ikizdere, 750-1030 m; 50 km SSE Rize, S Camlik, 1380 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa crinita Assing, 2007h (*Neopisalia*)

Described from 25 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa cypria Pace, 1996 (*Stictopisalia*)

Described from Cyprus, Panaryia, 1000 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Leptusa fibula Assing 2003 (*Stictopisalia*)

Described from Akkus (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from 30 km S Giresun, 1250-1350 m; Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1750 m; 80 km SW Trabzon, Zigana pass, 2050 m; 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m (Assing 2007h).

Synonyms. *longilobata* Assing, 2007h (*Neopisalia*), **syn.n.**

Leptusa longilobata was described from 40 km S Trabzon, Altindere Milli Prk, 1560 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa fuliginosa (Aubé, 1850) (*Dysleptusa*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scherpeltz 1966a); Tschamlik, Rize (Horion 1967); Yol Ustü, Rize (Pace, 1982); Rize, Bolu (Pace 1989); Kastamonu, Ilgaz dağı; Sinop, Cangal Dağı; Rize, Pazar, Ilica; İkizdere, 1600 m; Artvin, Borcka, 1500 m (Assing 2003); 30 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa ionopolitana Pace, 1982 (*Stictopisalia*)

Described from Kastamonu, Inebolu-Küre, 700 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from 13 km E Agli, 1200 m.

Synonyms. (Assing, 2007h): *batumiensis* Pace, 1983 (*Stictopisalia*), described as ssp. of *artviniensis* from Georgia, was cited from Artvin. Hopa, Cifteköprü, 1000 m (Assing 2003); *amisensis* Pace, 1982, **syn. n.**; described as ssp. of *ionopolitana*; *artviniensis* Pace, 1982 (*Stictopisalia*), **syn. n.**

Leptusa amisensis was described from Samsun, Kavak (type ♀ in MHNG). *Leptusa artviniensis* was described from Artvin, 650 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and cited from S and SW Artvin, 800-1900 m; Artvin, E and W Hopa, 100-350 m; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal dağı, 1600 m (Assing, 2002d); Artvin Borcka, 1500-1700 m; Trabzon, Hamsiköy (Assing 2003); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 1000-1300 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey.

Leptusa janczyki Pace, 1983 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from “Lagistan, Pont. Euxin. Mer.” (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa korgei Scherpeltz, 1970 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Ilica, Ayder (Ardesen), 1000-1200 m (type ♀ in NMW), and cited from Ilica, Pazar (Assing 2002d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa marasica Assing, 2006 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from 70 km WNW Kahramanmaras, 1120 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Osmaniye, 11 km NE Andirin-Geben, 1280 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SE Andirin, 1240 m; W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa merkli Bernhauer, 1900 (*Stictopisalia*)

Described from Goeck Dag (type ♂ in NMW), and from Sabandja, Alem dagh (Istanbul).

Cited from Sabandja, Kouron-Tschai-Ufer (Bodemeyer 1900); Belgrader Wald, Alem Dagh, Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Sabandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927); Istanbul, Yalova-Orhangazi; Forest of Belgrad; forest of Tasdelen; Sakarya, Serefiye; Bursa, Uludag, 1200 m (Pace 1982); Istanbul, forest of Belgrad (Assing 2002d); Istanbul, Yalova; forest of Belgrad (Assing 2003); Istanbul, Belgrader Wald (Assing 2007h).

Synonyms. *anatolica* Fauvel, 1900, described from "Brousse" (=Bursa) (type ♀ in IRSNB) (Assing 2007h: 15).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa nurdaghensis Assing, 2003b (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 383 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from 17-20 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 400 m (Assing 2004f).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa paphlagonica Pace, 1982 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Kastamonu, Küre (type ♂ in MHNG).

Synonyms. (Assing 2007h): *gurgentepeensis* Pace, 1989 (*Neopisalia*), described from Gurgentepe (type ♂ in MSNV), and cited from Ordu, Tekkiraz, 700 m (Pace 1982, sub *L. gurgentepeensis* Bordonì in litt.); *confinis* Pace, 1982 (*Neopisalia*), **syn. n.**; *diecki* Pace, 1983 (*Neopisalia*), **syn. n.**; *othmaniorum* Pace, 1983 (*Neopisalia*), **syn. n.**; *spoliata* Assing, 2002, **syn. n.**

Leptusa confinis was described from Samsun, Kavak (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Samsun, Bafra, sub *diecki confinis* n. ssp., and cited from Ordu, Ulubey (Assing 2002d); Ordu, Akkus (Assing 2003); Sinop, Cangal Dagi (Assing 2007h).

Leptusa diecki was described from Soumela, Trabzon (type ♂ in NMW), and cited from Ordu; 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m; 30 km S Giresun, 1250-1350 m; 25 km SW Gümüsane, Tersundagi gecidi, 22070 m; 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m (Assing 2007h).

Leptusa othmaniorum was described, as ssp. of *paphlagonia*, from Istanbul, forest of Belgrade (type ♂ in NMW), and from Zonguldak and Goeck Dag, and cited from Istanbul, forest of Belgrad; Zonguldak, 500 m (Pace 1982); Zonguldak, Karabük-Yenice; Sinop, Cangal Dagi; forest S Ayancik (Assing 2003).

Leptusa spoliata was described from Ulubey, S Ordu (type ♂ in cK), and cited from Ordu, Gurgentepe; 40 km S Giresun, N Kümbet, 1520 m (Assing 2007h). *L. spoliata* was synonymized with *diecki* by the same author (Assing, 2004f). The following revalidation (Assing 2007h) of *spoliata* is not here accepted.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa pulchella (Mannerheim, 1830) (s. str.)

Cited from Trabzon, Macka, 1000 m; Artvin, Borcka, 1500 m (Assing 2003); 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; 30 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690 m; 30 km SE Rize, 900 m (Assing 2007h).

Distribution, Europe, Turkey.

Leptusa rizensis Pace, 1996: 23 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Rize, Kustengebirge (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from 30 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 690 m; 30 km SE Rize, 860 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa samia Assing, 2004 (*Dendroleptusa*)

Cited from Manisa, 20 km SE Turgutlu, Ovacik, 930 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Leptusa sica Assing, 2003 (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Ilica-Pazar, Rize (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from 25 km S Ardesen, 750-830 m; 50 km S Ardesen, Cat, 1240 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa soganlica Assing, 2007h (*Neopisalia*)

Described from Trabzon, 40 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 2050 m (type ♂ in cA), and from the same locality, 1870 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa solitaria (Fagel, 1968) (*Ditroposipalia*)

Described from Abant Dag, Bolu, 1450 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa taurica Assing, 2004f (incertae sedis)

Described from Karhamanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa trapezuntis Pace, 1989 (*Roubaliusa*)

Described from Gurgentepe, Ordu (type ♂ in MSNV, *trapezuntis* Bordoni, in litt.).
Cited from 40 km S Giresun, N Kümbet, 1520 m; 40 km SSW Giresun, 1140 m (Assing 2007h).

Additional records. Gurgentepe gecidi, Ordu (MSNV, cB).

Cited from Ordu (Assing 2003, Kol. Rund., 73: 79).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Leptusa venusta (Hochhuth, 1849) (*Stenoleptusa*)

Cited from North Turkey (Scheerpeltz 1966a); Yol Ustü, Rize, 400 m (Pace 1982); SW Artvin, 1500-1900 m; Artvin, Pirnalli, Karkal dagh, 1600 m; Artvin, tra Borcka and Hopa, 700 m; Kars, col tra Damal and Prosof, 2400-2500 m (Assing 2002d); Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1750 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (Assing 2007h).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey, Armenia.

Euryusa Erichson, 1837

Euryusa anatolica Assing, 2002

Described from Artvin, Pirnalli, Kakal Dagı, 1250 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from hill between Borcka and Hopa, 700 m.

Cited from Bitlis, 1800 m (Assing 2003b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Heterota Mulsant & Rey, 1874

Heterota pamphylica Fagel, 1969

Described from Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus.

Heterota plumbea (Waterhouse, 1858)

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Ne-arctic and Neotropical regions.

Caloderina Ganglbauer, 1895

Caloderina hierosolymitana (Saulcy, 1865)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a), and Cyprus: Paphos forest; Komman-deria, 25 km SW Platres (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Synonyms. *Calodera pulchella* Baudi, 1870, described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MZT?).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Bolitochara Mannerheim, 1831

Bolitochara bella Märkel, 1845

Cited from Sabandja (=Istanbul), Gök Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900) and Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Horion 1967).

Additional records. Kastamonu, İlğaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Bolitochara laufferi Bernhauer, 1908

Described from “Montes Amanus” (= Nur Dagħari) (type ♂ in FMNH). Lectotype designed in Gusarov (1995).

Cited from Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Simbeyli-Uyüplü, 1560 m; Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 12.5 km NE Andirin-Genen, 1500 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270-1450 m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkym (Assing 2006); 20 km E Izmir, Nif Dagi, 1270-1400 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Bolitochara lucida (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Newton in litt.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, North Africa.

Bolitochara obliqua Erichson, 1837

Cited from Sinop, Cangal Dagi; Tunceli, Ocvacik, 1400 m; Mersin, Camliyayala; Bitlis, 1700 m; Tatvan, 1900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Autalia Leach, 1819

Autalia impressa (Olivier, 1795)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1867), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?, Algeria, Tunisia, Nepal ?

Autalia inopinata Assing, 2003g

Described from Borcka, 1500 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Autalia longicornis Scheerpeltz, 1947

Cited from Cangal Dag; Antalya, 5 km S Altinyaka, 550 m (Assing 2003g), and Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria.

Autalia puncticollis Sharp, 1864

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hope, Caglayan river, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Japan.

Autalia rivularis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Istanbul, forest of Belgrade; Cangal Dag (Assing 2003g).

DISTRIBUTION. Holarctic, introduced in North America.

Cordalia Jacobs, 1925

Cordalia anatolica Assing, 2001

Described from Egridir, Kovada G., 1000 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Antalya, Saklikent (Isparta), 1200 m.

Cited from Antalya, 10 km N Akseki, 1260 m (Assing 2003b).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Cordalia fortepunctata Assing, 2006

Described from 35 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1280 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 50 km NW Göksun, 1380 m; Kayseri, 87 km N Kozan, E Gezbeli gecidi, 1730 m; 50 km N Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1330 m; 50 km NW Adiyaman, Resadiye gecidi, 1220 m; Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 990 m.

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elmas Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Cordalia obscura Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Falagria*); Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor: Zonguldak, Amaclar, 190 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palaearctic.

Cordalia rosei Assing, 2006

Described from Alanya, Kazpuz-Ostoser, S Takesigi, 50 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Anaulacaspis Ganglbauer, 1895

Anaulacaspis anatolica (Fagel, 1969)

Described from Antalya (type ♂ in IRSNB) sub *Melagria*, and from Alanya, Dim Irmak.

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Anaulacaspis elegans (Baudi, 1870)

Described sub *Falagria* from Cyprus (type ♂ in MZT).

DISTRIBUTION. Egypt, Cyprus, Israel, Lebanon.

Anaulacaspis jonica Bernhauer, 1910

Described as var. of *nigra* Gravenhorst, 1802.

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1963, sub *Falagria nigra* var. *jonica*); Istanbul, Rumeli Hisar (Fagel 1969, sub *Melagria*).

DISTRIBUTION. Creta, Greece, Turkey.

Anaulacaspis naevula (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Cyprus (Kock 1936).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, France, Georgia, Ukraine, Cyprus, Iran, Afghanistan, Syria, Egypt, Libya, North Africa, Ethiopic region.

Anaulacaspis nigra (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Uzbekistan.

Anaulacaspis nigrina (Fagel, 1969)

Described from Alanya, Antalya, Dim Irmak (type ♂ in IRSNB) sub *Melagria*.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Falagrioma Casey, 1906

Falagrioma thoracica (Stephens, 1842)

Cited from 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palaearctic.

Falagrioma pamphylica (Fagel, 1969)

Described from Alanya, Antalya, Dim Irmak (type ♂ in IRSNB) sub *Melagria*.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Falagria Leach, 1819

Falagria caesa Erichson, 1837

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956: 1113, sub *sulcata*); Asia Minor: Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Horion 1967, sub *sulcata* Paykull, 1789).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Falagria splendens Kraatz, 1858

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Afghanistan, Syria, Algeria, Tunisia.

Falagria sulcatula (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Asia Minor: Biledjik (Bodmeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Russia, Turkey, China.

Myrmecopora Saulcy, 1865

Myrmecopora anatolica Fagel, 1969 (*Xenusa*)

Described from Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from Cyprus: 10 km N Limassol (Assing 1997a; Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus.

Myrmecopora boehmi Bernhauer, 1910 (*Xenusa*)

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing 1997a; Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Greece, Cyprus, Egypt, Tunisie, Morocco.

Myrmecopora ciliciana Assing, 2001 (s. str.)

Described from Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m (type ♂ in cA), and cited from Mersin, Camliyayla; Niode, Ciftehan (Assing 2004a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Myrmecopora convexula Assing, 1997 (s. str.)

Described from Izmir, (type ♂ in NMW).

Cited from N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 680 m; 80 km NW Izmir, W Karaburun, 440 m; Manisa, Boz Daglar, 10 km WSW Torgutlu, 330 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Lesbos, Turkey.

Myrmecopora effeminata Assing, 2004a (*Anatolagria*)

Described (with the new subgenus *Anatolagria*) from Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, 30 km NW Erdemli, S Yagda, 1310 m; Mersin, Cift-tehan-Camliyayla: Mersin-Arslanköy, 9 km SE Akdag; Antakya, Iskenderun, Sogukoluk, 800 m.

Cited from Mersin, Findikipinari, 1090 m; Findikipnari-Akkarca, 780 m; 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m; S Aydinlar, 1380 m; Adana, 36 km N Kozan, S Feke, 770 m; 10 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 900 m; 22km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 750 m; 17-22 km W Antakya, NW Teknepinar, 340-400 m; 10 km S Iskenderun, W Sogukoluk, 760 m; Ziyaret Dagı, W Sungur, 660 m; Ziyaret Dagı, Leylekli, 510 m (Assing 2004e); 20 km ESE Kahramanmaras, Emalar, 650 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m; 70 km WNW Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, NE Cokak, 1540 m; NE Kadirli, Toplar, Andirin; NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; 11 km N Andirin-Geben, 1280 m; 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1320 m; S Sincik-Yarpuzlu, 1280 m; 5 km N Sincik, 1320 m; Nemrut Dagı, 8 km NE Narince, 870 m; 15 km N Adiyaman, 1220 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran.

Myrmecopora fugax Erichson, 1939 (*Iliusia*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Tachyusa*); Lapithos; Limassol (Scheerpeltz 1956); Limassol; Mt. Armenien; Larnaka (Assing 1997a), and from Asia Minor: 22 km W Alanya, Avsallar; Incekum; Antalya, Saricinar Dag, Beldisi, 300 m; Antalya, Side (Assing 1997a).

Synonyms. *uludaghensis* Fagel, 1971, described from Bursa, Uludagh, 2000-2200 m (type ♀ in IRSNB) (Assing 1997a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Myrmecopora hilfi Scheerpeltz, 1972 (s. str.)

Described from Makri gulf (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Myrmecopora laesa (Erichson, 1839) (*Paraxenus*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1870, sub *Tachyusa*); 10 km E Limassol (Assing 1997a; Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Myrmecopora minima Bernhauer, 1901 (*Xenus*)

Cited from Marmara (Scheerpeltz 1972).

Synonyms. *pamphylica* Fagel, 1969, described from Alanya (type ♂ in IRSNB) (Assing 1997a).

DISTRIBUTION. Romania, Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Myrmecopora publicana Saulcy, 1865 (s. str.)

Cited from Iskenderun (Assing 1997a); Antakya, Yayladagi (Assing 2004a); 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 710 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Myrmecopora pygmaea Sachse, 1852 (s. str.)

Cited from Izmir (Scheerpeltz 1972), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Croatia, Greece, Turkey ?

Myrmecopora sulcata (Kiesenwetter, 1850) (*Xenus*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

Synonyms. (Assing 1997a): *carica* Fagel, 1970, described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is.

Myrmecopora uvida Erichson, 1840 (*Xenus*)

Cited from Cyprus: Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor: Kizil Adalar, Büyükkada (Assing 1999a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Algeria, Tunisia, Nearctic region.

Myrmecopora virilis Assing, 2004 (s. str.)

Described from Osmaniye, Adana, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

wunderlei Assing, 1997 (s. str.)

Described from Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Manavgat, 1000 m; Manavgat, Kiselot; Akseki, 1000-1200.

Cited from Antalya, road to Saklikent, 500 m; Mersin, Anamur-Ermenek, 350 m; Mersin, N Anamur, 800 m; Mersin, 15 km W Silifke, 475 m (Assing 2001); Antalya, Akseki; Antalya, Alanya, Sugözü (Assing 2004a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ischnopoda Stephens, 1835

Ischnopoda agilis Baudi, 1870

Described from Cyprus (type ♀ in DEI).

Cited from N Limassol, Limnatis river, Alassa, 300 m (Pasnik 2006, lectotype ♂ designated).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Georgia, Cyprus.

Ischnopoda ulbrichi Lohse, 1994

Cited from 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1540 (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Austria, Bosnia Herzegovina, Croatia, Turkey.

Ischnopoda umbratica (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Manisa, Turtoglu, Cikrikci river (Anlas 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Tachyusa Erichson, 1837

Tachyusa balteata Erichson, 1839 (*Caliusa*)

Cited from Tunceli, Ufer (Korge 1971); Alanya, 15 km W Turkler; Zonguldak, Alapli (Pasnik 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, North Africa.

Tachyusa coarctata Erichson, 1837 (s. str.)

Cited from Tunceli; Elmali-Antalya, Bey Daglari; Izmir, Bahcelikoy (Pasnik 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Tachyusa constricta Erichson, 1837 (s. str.)

Cited from Amasya; Bolu, Omerlerpres, 800 m; Kirlareli, Demirköy (Pasnik 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Tachyusa loebli Pasnik, 2006 (s. str.)

Described from Bolu, Konazalp-Akcakoca, 400 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Kastamonu, Kure, 600 m; Eregli, Amatchtar, Zonguldak.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tachyusa nitella Fauvel, 1895 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a); Bachläufen, 900-1800 m (Horion 1967); Antalya, Manavgat; Avsallar, Incekum, 22 km W Alanya; Eregli-Karadeniz; Eregli, Amatchtar, Zonguldak; Isiklar; Mugla, SE Dalaman, 10 m; Murvica, Zara (Pasnik 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Tachyusa objecta (Mulsant & Rey, 1870) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Balikesir, Manyas lake; Edirne; Elmali-Antalya, Bey Daglari; Konya, Beyshir; Tasova-Ladik, NE Amaays (Pasnik 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Turkey.

Tachyusa turcica Pasnik, 2006 (s. str.)

Described from Alanya, 15 km W Turkler (type ♂ in NME), and from Antalya, Manavgat.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Gnypeta Thomson, 1858

Gnypeta carbonaria (Mannerheim, 1830) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota labilis* Erichson, 1839); Asia Minor: Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Iran, Uzbekistan, North Africa.

Gnypeta rubrior Tottenham, 1939 (s. str.)

Cited from Kizilcaham (Kirmir Cayi) (Puthz 1979a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Callicerus Gravenhorst, 1802

Callicerus rigidicornis (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1956); Belgrader Wald (Bernhauer 1900; Horion 1967); Bolu, Abant Daglari, N Mudurnu, 1400-1500 m; S Bursa, 500 m (Assing 2001h); Istanbul, Yalova; Zonguldak, Yenice-Karabük (Assing 2004g).

DISTRIBUTION. Ponto-Mediterranean.

Pseudosemiris Mackulka, 1935

Pseudosemiris atavia Assing, 2001f

Described from Namrun (=Camliyayla), NW Tarsus, 1800 m (Mersin) (type ♀ in NMW).

Cited from Mersin, Camliyayla; Adana, 6 km NE Osmaniye (Assing 2004g).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pseudosemiris fulgida Assing 2001h

Described from Goeck Dag (type ♀ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pseudosemiris kaufmanni Eppelsheim, 1887

Cited from Asia Minor: Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Callicerus*); Asia Minor

(Horion 1967); Mugla, Marmaris, Cetibeli, 30 km SSE Izmir (Assing 2001, Beitr. Ent., 51, 2); Antalya, W Kemer-Ovacik; Mugla, SE Koycegiz, 10 m (Assing 2004g).

DISTRIBUTION. Ponto-Mediterranean.

Platyola Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Platyola caeca Assing, 2006

Described from Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pycnota Mulsant & Rey, 1874

Pycnota paradoxa (Mulsant & Rey, 1861)

Cited from 20 km ESE Kahramanmaras, Elmalar, 650 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Amischa Thomson, 1858

Amischa analis Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Cyprus: Paphsos (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean.

Amischa bifoveolata (Mannerheim, 1830)

Cited from 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Bahral river, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, North Korea.

Amischa decipiens (Sharp, 1869)

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Tunisia, Canary Is.

***Amischa filum* (Mulsant & Rey, 1870)**

Cited from Mugla, 60 km Girdeu Gölü, 1740 m; Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km N Kirobasi, 1390 m; Kahramanmaraş, NE Kaddirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Switzerland, Austria, Hungary, Polonia, Slovakia, Turkey.

***Amischa forcipata* Mulsant & Rey, 1873**

Cited from Izmir, Bozdag (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

***Nehemitropia* Lohse, 1971**

***Nehemitropia lividipennis* (Mannerheim, 1830)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

***Notothecta* Thomson, 1858**

***Notothecta pisidica* Assing, 2004a**

Described from Beysehir, Kurucuova-Yesildag, 1100 m (type ♂ in cA), and cited from NE Aydin, Imamababa Tepsei, 1460 m; Antalya, Akseki (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Enalodroma* Thomson, 1859**

***Enalodroma hepatica* (Erichson, 1839)**

Additional records. Amasya, Barabay gölü (MZUR). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

***Tomoglossa* Kraatz, 1856**

***Tomoglossa laeta* Eppelsheim, 1884**

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1963a).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Iran, Transcaucasia, Azerbaijan, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan, Uzbekistan, Afghanistan, Syria, Israel, Egypt, Libya, North Africa.

Tropimenelytron Pace, 1983

Tropimenelytron tuberiventre (Eppelsheim, 1880)

Cited from Kargal Dagi, Pirnalli, Artvin, 1600 m (Assing 2001c); Borcka (Assing 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Armenia, Georgia, Russia, Turkey.

Ousipalia Gozis, 1886

Ousipalia caesula (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Mugla, N Fethiye, Calis, 5 m; Yatagaan-Bozdogan, 825 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 40 m; Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 475 m; 6 km NE Osmaniye, 130 m; Kahramanmaraş, 20 km SW Hopurlu, 520 m; Antakya, Imambaba Tepei, 1460 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Iran, North Africa.

Geostiba Thomson, 1858¹

Geostiba adunca Assing, 2004b (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

1) The frequent transfer of species from a subgenus to another and the presence of numerous species “*incertae sedis*” indicates that groups of species and the species themselves are separated based on characters too labile and probably artificial. Some time there is a sort of competition to put in synonymy species described by other authors and the proliferation of other species proposed as new. However it is clear that species of very small size have very minute aedeagi. I agree with the theory that species wingless, anophthalmic or subanophthalmic can differentiate but it is noted that often does not take into account the variability of structural features is an ineradicable component of the concept of species and that can be observed in any geonomic context. Sooner or later you will have to accept the assumption that each species consists of individuals each with their characters and that small changes (in particular concerning aedeagus, but in this case also some external characteristics such as tubercles or pits), compared to the basic structure as the reference, have the value of populations or even simply phenotypic. Therefore, in my opinion, a revision of the genus is highly critical, on the basis of less subjective methods, stifling the ambition to describe many new species can.

Described from 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from 25 km SW Kahramanmaras, 600 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1070 m (Assing 2005d); 40 km SW Kahramanmaras, W Doluca, 1040 m (Assing 2007g).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba ahirana Assing, 2004b (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagi, 1580 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba akceliensis Assing, 2001c (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m (Akceli Daglari) (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Mersin, road Silifke-Gülnar, 1000 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba anlasi Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 60 km WNW Izmir, SW Karaburun, 420 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba arganthonia Pace, 1983 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described as *Geostiba* s. str. from Istanbul, Yalova-Orahangazi (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Istanbul, Yalova (Assing 2001c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba artvinensis Assing, 2001c (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Artvin, 800 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Borcka, 1500 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba asperipennis Assing, 2005d (*Sibiota*)

Described from 50 km NE Adiyaman, SW Sincik, 1280 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba atriomaculata Assing, 2007g (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Antalya, 40 km E Alanya, 1530-1600 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba atromontis Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 10 km S Manisa, Karadag, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Manisa, Sipil Dagi, Milli Park, 1080-1250 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba attaleensis Pace, 1983 (s. str.)

Described from Antalya, Topraktepe, 200 m (type ♀ in MHNG).

Cited from Antalya, 10 km N Akseki, 1288 m (Assing, 2003a; description of the male).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba aucta Assing, 2006a (*Sibiota*)

Described from 25 km SSE Rize, 7 km E Ikizdere, 1030 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 4 km E Ikizdere, 750 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba aydinica Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from N Aydin, Pasayaylasi, 1460 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 15 km NNE Aydin, Immambaba Tepesi, 1410-1480 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba balkarensis Assing, 2001c (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Camliyayla, Namrun (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba beydaghensis Assing, 2003a (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Antalya, W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba biformis Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 15 km ENE Mugla, 1190 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Denizli, 60 km E Mugla, S Kale, 1240-1280 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba bigibbera Assing, 2005d (incertae sedis)

Described from 20 km SW Kahramanmaras, Hopurlu, 560 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba bitlisensis Assing, 2001c (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Bitlis, Tatvan, 1500 m (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba brachati Assing, 2000 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Antalya, Saklikent, 1900 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Antalya, 2 km N Sogutcumavi, 1375 (Assing 2001d); Antalya, W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m; Antalya, Saklikent, 1900 m (Assing 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba cingarae Assing, 2003a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, above Temel, 2230 m (Ak Daglar) (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba circellaris (Gravenhorst, 1806) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Bolu, Elmalik, 950 m (Assing 2001c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, North Korea, Nearctic region (introduced).

Geostiba confusa Assing, 2001c (incertae sedis)

Described from Adana, N Osmaniye, Karatepe Nat. Park, 200 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from Adana, N Osmaniye, Karatepe, 200 m (Assing 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba cyprensis Pace, 1983 (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Mt. Olympus, 1900 m (type ♂ in MHNG).
Cited from Troodos, Olympos, 1900 m; S Prodhromus, 1350 m; Paphos forest, Kikkos-Pra Vas, 800-1250 m; S Platres, Moniatis (Assing 1999b); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Geostiba dibekiana Assing, 2005d (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Adana, NE Kozan, Pinarbasi-Eyüplü, 1560 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba elmaica Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba emirdaghensis Assing, 2001c (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Emir Daglari (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba euboica Pace, 1990 (*Lioglutosipalia*)

Cited from 20 km E Izmir, Nif Dagi, 920 m; 60 km WNW Izmir, SW Karaburun, 420 m; N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagi, 680 m; Aydin, 110km S Izmir, WSW Söke, Dilek Dagi, 50 m; 15 km NE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 250-1115 m; Mugla, Bafa lake, Kapikiri, 120 m (Assing 2006a).

DISTRIBUTION. South Balkans, Greece, Lesbos, Turkey.

Geostiba euxina Pace, 1983 (*Sipalotricha*)

Described as *Lioglutosipalia* from Trabzon, Soumela, Meriimana, 1000-1600 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and Macka.

Cited from 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 (Assing 2006a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba excepta Assing, 2005d (incertae sedis)

Described from Osmaniye, 12.5 km NE Andirin-Geben, 1500 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba extorta Assing, 2005h (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Adana, N Osmaniye, Karatepe Nat. Park, 200 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba fabaeformis Assing, 2001c (*Sibiota*)

Described from Artvin, 1500 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba giaurica Assing, 2004b (*Sibiota*)

Described from Kahramanmaras, 35 km SW Doluca, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA) and cited from 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1250 m (Assing 2005d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba gibbera Assing, 2005d (incertae sedis)

Described from 30 km SSW Kahramanmaras, Uzungögüt, 660 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba granulipennis Assing, 2001c (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Mersin, 30 km NE Erdemli, N Yagda, 1345 m (type ♂ in cA), and from S Yagda, 1310 m.

Cited from Mersin, road Güzelolul, S Aydinlar, 1380 m; Kirobasi-Güzelolul, 1430-1500 m; Güzelolul-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1350 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba hamata Assing, 2003a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Antakya, Iskenderun, Sogukoluk, 800 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Antakya, 8-9 km SE Iskenderun, 4-6 km NE Belen, 1130-1480 m; N Belen 1010 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba helvetiorum Pace, 1983 (*Sibiota*)

Described as *Ditroposipalia* from Antakya, 7 km E Yesilkent, 350-400 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Antakya, Nur Dagi, WSW Yesilkent, 990 m; Osmaniye, 1000 m; E Osmaniye, 1200-1800 m (Assing 2001c); Adana, road Osmaniye-Zorkun, 1300 m; Antakya, Iskenderun, Sogukoluk, 800 m (Assing 2003a); Antakya, 10 km S Iskenderun, W Sogukoluk, 760 m; Iskenderun, 5-6 km NE Belen, 1240-1480 m; Adana, 13 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 900-930 m; Yarpuz, 920 m; Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi Gec., 1520 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaraş, Pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1360-1550 m (Assing 2004b); Osmaniye, Kaypak-Yarpuz, 880-1370 m; 7 km E Erzin, 600-650 m; Erzin-Zorkun, 550-1240 m (Assing 2007g).

Synonyms. (Assing, 2001c): ssp. *humicola* Pace, 1983, described from Antakya, Zorhum-Yaylasi, 1600 m (type ♂ in MHNG); ssp. *obscura* Pace, 1983, described from Antakya, Urubat (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba iconiensis Pace, 1983 (*Tropogastrosiplia*)

Described as *Geostiba* s. str. from Konya, Sertuval Gecidi, 1500-1600 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited as *Tropogastrosipalia* from Mersin, road Mut-Karaman, Sertuval Gecidi, 1570 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba itschiliensis Assing, 2001c (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Anamur-Ermenek, Taseli Yaylasi (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba janbellini Assing, 2007g (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 35 km NNE Alanya, NE Gündogmus, 1480 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba kartalana Assing, 2004b (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Gaziantep, 23 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 1070 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Kartal Dagı, 1200 m; Kartal Dagı, W Yamacoba, 1200 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba kastamonuensis Pace, 1983 (s. str.)

Described from Kastamonu, Ilgazdagı, 1700-1800 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and cited from 15 km N Tosya, Kastamonu, 1600-1700 m (Assing 2000).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba lucens (Benick, 1970) (*Sipalotricha*)

Cited from Isparta, Beysehir; 7 km S Gedikli, 1000 m (Assing 2001c, **comb. nov.**); Mugla, Bayir, 400 m (Assing 2001d); Mugla, SE Fethiye, Baba Dagı, above Ovacik, 1705 m; Boncuk Dagı, 30 km NE Fethiye, 1750 m; Gölgeci Dagları, 20 km NE Köycegiz, above Agla, 1690 m; Antalya, NE Belpinar pass, 870 m; N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; Mersin, N Pozanti, Tekir, 1400 m; Antakya, E Yesilkent, 390 m (Assing 2003a); Mersin, road to Güzeloluk, S Aydinlar, 1380 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m (Assing 2004b); Mersin, N Silifke, Suruncaburç, 1100 m; 33 km N Silifke, 1270 m; Mersin, Mut-Ermnek, 20 km W Mut, 230 m; N Anamur, Ermenek-Karaman, 1580 m; Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m; Adana, Imamoglu-Karsanti, 1110 m (Assing 2005d); 20 km E Izmir, Nif Dagı, 920 m; N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 940 m; 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamkoy, Murtat Dagı, 1330 m; Aydin, Dilek Dagı, S Kanyon, 670 m; 12 km NNE Mugla, 1620 m; Denizli, 35 km SE Kale, Alpa, 1340 m; SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1300 m (Assing 2006a); Antalya, 45 km NE Manavgat, NE Akseki, Imrasan gecidi, 1400 m; Kahramanmaraş, Andirin-Geben, 1500 m (Assing 2007g).

DISTRIBUTION. Rhodos, Turkey, Ukraine.

Geostiba lunata Assing, 2001 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Namrun (type ♂ in NMW), and from Osmaniye, 1000 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba macronorum Pace, 2002 (*Sipalotricha*)

Described as *Lioglutosipalia* from Trabzon, Pontus, 18 km SW Macka gegenüber Güzelce, 1400-1500 m (type ♂ in cP).

Cited from the type locality by Assing (2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba marasica Assing, 2004b (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Osmaniye, NE Kadirli, 11 km NE Andirin-Geben, 1280 m; 12.5 km NE Andirin, 1500 m; 50-51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonys Yaylasi, 1250-1450 m (Assing 2005d); Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1550 m; Andirin-Geben, 11 km Geben, 1320 m (Assing 2007g).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba medea Pace, 1996 (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from "Sehellusdag", Adana (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba mysia Pace, 1983 (*Sphenosipalia*)

Described from Bursa, Uludagh, 1200-1300 m (type ♂ in MHNG), and from S Bursa, 800-1300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba nemrutica Assing, 2005d (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1330 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba nifica Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 20 km E Izmir, Nif Dagi, 1370 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Izmir, Kemalpasa, Nif Dagi, 970-1080 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba occaecata Assing, 2004B (incertae sedis)

Described from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, 1520 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 32 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi Gecidi, 1310 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba oertzeni (Eppelsheim, 1888) (*Sibiota*)

Cited from S Zunguldak, 500 m (Assing 1999b); Antalya, Saklikent, 1000 m (Assing 2000); Istanbul, Yalova; Manisa, S Salhli, 500 m; Ordu, Akkus; Zonguldak, Yenikarabük; Gümüşhane, Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m; Kars, 26 km SW Göle, 1600 m; Kars-Cumacay, 1600 m; Mugla, Marmaris (Mugla) (Assing 2001c); Mugla, Cakmak, 800-980 m; Mugla Bayir, 400 m; Antalya, Termessos, 700 m (Assing 2001d); 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 40 m; W Kemer, S Hisar, 1120 m; Akseki, 1300-1500 m; Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970-1000 m; 15 km ENE Ortaca, 470 m; SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, above Ovacik, 1385-1450 m; Gölgeci Daglari, 20 km NE Köycegiz, below Agla, 600 m (Assing 2003a); 50 km NW Kahramanmaraş, Pass N Tekir, S Güksun, 1400-1550 m (Assing 2004b); Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimbeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m; 70 km WNW Kahramanmaraş, NE Cokak, 1540 m (Assing 2005d); Izmir, Boz Daglar, 1480 m; Nif Dagı, 970-1080 m; 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagı, 1230 m; 15 km NE Aydin, Immambaba Tepesi, 1600 m; 20 km NE Kuyucak Bayrak Tepe, 850-900 m; 10 km WSW Karakasu, Karincali Dagı, 1230 m; Dilek Dagı, Kanyon, 70-370 m; Dilek Dagı, S Güzelcamli, 410-440 m; 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersundagi gecidi, 2070 m (Assing 2006b); Adana, SW Hasandede gecidi, SW Kayadibi, 1150 m; Kahramanmaraş, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1550 m; Andirin-Geben, 12.5 km Andirin, 1500 m (Assing 2007g).

Synonyms. (Assing 1999b): *solitaria* Fagel, 1968, described from Abant Dag, 1400-1500 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from S Zonguldak, 500 m (Pace 1983a); *solitaria* ssp. *ancyrensis* Pace, 1983, described from Ankara, Soguksu Nat. Park, (type ♂ in MHNG); *solitaria* ssp. *tmola* Pace, 1983, described from Manisa, S Salihli, 500 m (type ♀ in MHNG); *solitaria* ssp. *ulensis* Pace, 1983, described from Mugla, Gökova (type ♂ in MHNG) and probably also *solitaria* ssp. *aksekiensis* Pace, 1996, described from Akseki, 1300-1500 m (type ♂ in NMW); (Assing 2003a): *oertzeni* ssp. *cnidia* Pace, 2002, described from Marmaris, Mugla (type ♂ in MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Bulgaria, Greece, Macedonia, Turkey.

Geostiba orduica Assing, 2006a (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from 15 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba pontica Pace, 1996 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Rize, Küstengebirge (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba priva Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersundagi gecidi, 2070 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba renneri Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from 12 km NNE Mugla, 1620 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba rhodiensis Pace, 1983 (*Sipalotricha*)

Cited from Antalya, Manavgat, 700 m; Antakya, Saklikent, 1000 m; Anntalya, Permessos; 26 km W Alanya, Incecum; Antalya, NW Anamur, Gazipasa; Mersin, N Anamur, 800 m; Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 475 m (Assing 2001c, sub *besuchetiana* Pace); Mugla, Fethiye, Kayaköy, 280 m; 22 km W Alanya, Avsallar, Icecum; S Kemer, 60 m; W Finike, Kemerköy, 950 m; N Hisar, 820 m; 20 km N Kumluca, 330 m; Termessos, 700-850 m; SE Termessos, 300 m (Assing 2001d, sub *besuchetiana*); Antalya, E Kumluca, 385 m; SSW Antalya, Cirali, 220 m; W Kemer, road to Ovacik, 325 m; Akseki, S Dikmen, 800 m; 4 km NW Akseki, 1250 m; N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagı, 1230 m; Mugla, SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, above Ovacik, 680-1170 m; Mersin, Ciftahan-Camliyayla, 711 m (Assing 2003a); Adana, Imamoglu-Karsanti, 910-1110 m; Kokan-Mansurlu, 7 km Seyhan, 510 m; Osmaniye, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; NE Kadirli, 11 km NE Andirin-Geben, 1280 m; 70 km WNW Kkahramanmaras, NE Cokak, 1540 m (Assing 2005d); Antalya, 25 km ESE Alanya, 900 m; 40 km E Alanya, 1530-1600 m; Adana, SW Hasandede gecidi, NE Kayadibi, 1230 m; SW Kayadibi, 1170 m; Kahramanmaras, Andirin-Geben, 1500 m; Osmaniye, N Bahce, Bekdemir, 1200 m (Assing 2007g).

Synonyms. *besuchetiana* Pace, 1983, described from Antalya, Kemer (type ♂ in MHNG), and cited from Antalya, Yenice, 700 m; (Assing 2001c): *G. (Lioglutosipalia) taurica* Pace, 1996, described from Alanya, Hotel Alara (type ♂ in NMW); *lyciorum* Pace, 2002, described from Lykischer Taurus, Korkuteli-Elmalı (type ♀ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Rhodos, Turkey.

Geostiba rizensis Pace, 1983 (*Sibiota*)

Described as *Ditroposipalia* from Rize, Yol Üstü, 600 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Rize, İkizdere, 1600 m; Rize, Ilica-Pazar (Assing 2001c); Trabzon, 20 km S İkizdere (Assing 2001d); 50 km SSE Rize, S Camlik, 1380 m; Camlik, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m (Assing 2006a).

Synonyms. *trapezusensis* Pace, 2002, described from Trabzon, 20 km S İkizdere (type ♂ in MSNV) (Assing, 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba seleucica Pace, 1983 (incertae sedis)

Described from Antakya, Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from 19 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 880-940 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba simulans Pace, 1983 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described as *Geostiba* s. str. from Antalya, Kislak-Senköy, 800-850 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

Cited from Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 900-930 m (Assing 2003a) and, as *Tropogastrosipalia*, from 22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 940 m; Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 760 m (Assing 2004b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba sinuosa Assing, 2004b (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, 1520 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi Gec., 1310 m.

Cited from Antakya, Iskenderun (Assing 2005d); Osmaniye, Kaypak-Yarpuz, 880 m (Assing 2007g).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba smyrnensis Pace, 1983 (*Sibiota*)

Described from Izmir, Bozdagh, 1200 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba soganlica Assing, 2006a (*Sipalotricha*)

Described from Trabzon, 40 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 2050 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba solodovnikovi Assing, 2006a (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Erzurum, 35-40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2600 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba sororcula Assing, 2001c (s. str.)

Described from Gümüşhane, Erzincan-Kelkit, 2100 m (type ♂ in MHNG).
Cited doubtfully from Adahan, Cildir Göl (Assing 2003a).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba spinosula Assing, 2007g (incertae sedis)

Described from Osmaniye, N Bahce, Bekdemir, 1200 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba taseliensis Assing, 2000 (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m (Taseli Yaylasi) (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba tuberosa Assing, 2004c (*Sibiota*)

Described from Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1180 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m (Assing 2005d); Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1550 m (Assing 2007g).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba turcica (Bernhauer, 1901) (*Tropogastrosipalia*)

Described from forest of Belgrad, Istanbul (type § in FMNH), and from Alem dagh, Goeck dagh, Adampol (Istanbul).

Cited from Alem Dagh and Bos Dah (Bodemeyer 1906); Istanbul, forest of Belgrade (Pace 1983a); Istanbul, Alem Dagh (Assing 2005d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Geostiba uhligi Pace, 1983 (*Sibiota*)

Described as *Sphenosipalia* from Bos Dagh (type ♂ in NMB), and from Alem Dagh and Goeck Dagh.

Cited from Bursa, Goeck Dagh (Assing 2001c); Goeck Dagh (Assing 2005d).

Synonyms. (Assing 2001c): *mysia* Pace, 1983, described from Uludag (type ♂ in MHNG), and from Bursa, Uludagh, 1100-1500 m; *lycaonica* Pace, 2002, described as *Ditroposipalia* from Ala Dag, 40 km WNW Konya (type ♂ in NMW), **syn n.**

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Taxicera Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Taxicera deplanata (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1540 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Liogluta Thomson, 1858

Liogluta akiana Assing, 2004

Described from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki above Temel, 2230 m (Akdaglar) (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from 70 km WNW Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, NE Cokak, 1540 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Liogluta alpestris (Heer, 1839)

Cited from Gümüşhane, 80 km SW Trabzon, Zigana gecidi, 2050 m; 60 km SSE Rize, Ovitdagi gecidi, 2520 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palaerctic species.

Liogluta granigera (Kiesenwetter, 1850)

Additional records. Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecici, 1800-2300 m (MSNV, cB). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Korea.

Liogluta longiuscula Gravenhorst, 1802

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota umbonata* Erichson, 1839); Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos (Coiffait 1970, sub *Atheta*); Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and from Asia Minor: Sabandja, Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Liogluta vicina* Stephens); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958b).

Additional records. Gurgentepe, Ordu; Draganaz gecidi; Baybat gölü, Amas; Akkuz, Niksar; Soumela, Trabzon (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Cyprus, Afghanistan, Iran, Egypt, North Africa.

Liogluta microptera Thomson, 1867

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1000-1300 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Bahral river, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, China.

Liogluta nitidula (Kraatz, 1856)

Additional records. Akkuz, Niksar (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Algeria.

Liogluta pagana (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?

Liogluta wankai Bernhauer, 1908

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina, Italy, Turkey.

Atheta Thomson, 1858

Atheta aegra (Heer, 1841) (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Syria, Israel.

Atheta aeneicollis (Sharp, 1869) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; Akamas forest; Limassol; N Limassol, Alassa; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus, Israel, Syria, North Africa, Canary Is.

Atheta aeneipennis (Thomson, 1856)) (*Dimetrota*)

Cited from Trabzon, 50 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 1870-2050 m; Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 1300-1900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic and Oriental regions.

Atheta akiensis Assing, 2006 (*Parameotica*)

Described from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, Temel, (Ak Daglar), 2225 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta amicula Mulsant & Rey, 1832 (*Microdota*)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic and Neotropical regions.

Atheta aquatica (Thomson, 1852) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Kirghizstan, Cyprus.

Atheta attaleensis Pace, 2004 (*Acrotona*)

Described from Antalya, Göynük (Kemer), 6 km W Saracinar, 500 m (type ♀ in NME).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta atramentaria Gyllenhal, 1810 (*Dimetrota*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*); Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaerctic.

Atheta atricolor (Sharp, 1869) (*Micodota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Algeria.

Atheta balcanicola Scheerpltz, 1968 (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a, sub *elongatula* ssp. *balcanica* Brundin).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey.

Atheta benickiella Brundin, 1948 (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta bifoveata Benick, 1981 (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Greece, Turkey.

Atheta britanniae Bernhauer & Scheerpeltz, 1926 (s. str.)

Cited from 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersubdagi gecidi, 2070 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1650 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta brunnicolor Benick, 1981 (*Microdota*)

Described from Gölbaşı, Adiyaman (type ♀ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta castanoptera (Mannerheim, 1830) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958b, sub *perthyi* Heer, 1839); 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m; 30 km S Giresun, 1350 m; Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m; 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1300 m; 50 km SSW Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; 30 km ESE Rize, S Kaptanpasa, 640 m; 40 km SE Artvin, Barhal river, 1800 m (Assing 2007d).

Additional records. Draganaz gecidi, Sinop (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Atheta celata (Erichson, 1837) (*Datomicra*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Uzbekistan, North Korea.

Atheta chefssurica (Eppelsheim, 1880) (s. str.)

Cited from Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey, Azerbaijan.

Atheta cinammoptera (Thomson, 1856) (*Dimetrota*)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 1300-1900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 1800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Atheta circassica Bernhauer, 1900 (s. str.)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Russia, Turkey.

Atheta clientula (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Atheta crassicornis (Fabricius, 1793) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Algeria, Tunisia.

Atheta dadopora Thomson, 1867 (*Datomicra*)

Cited from 30 km S Giresun, 1350 m; Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m; Rize, 20 km S Hopa, Caglayan valley, 1300-1900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Atheta debilis (Erichson, 1837) (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Cyprus ?

Atheta dissimulans Assing, 2007d (*Datomicra*)

Described from 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersundagi gecidi, 2070 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta epirotica Benick, 1981 (*Parameotica*)

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Atheta episcopalis Bernhauer, 1910 (*Dimetrotia*)

Cited from Erzurum, 30-40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 800-2100 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta fimorum (Brisout, 1860) (*Mycetota*)

Cited from 25 km SW Kahramanmaras, Yasilyöre, 600 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey, Egypt.

Atheta flagellicornis Benick, 1967 (*Traumoecia*)

Cited from 28 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, 1100 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Turkmenistan, Syria.

Atheta foveicollis (Kraatz, 1856) (*Microdota*)

Cited from Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 12.5 km NE Andirin, 1500 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Switzerland, Austria, Germany, Czech Rep., Slovakia, Turkey.

Atheta fungicola (Thomson, 1852) (s. str.)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta fuscicolor Benick, 1943 (*Dimetrota*)

Described from “Salbakos” (= Baba Dag, Fethiye, Mugla) (type ♂ in MHNG).
Cited from 50 km NE Adiyaman, N Sincik, 1470 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Atheta gagatina (Baudi, 1848) (s. str.)

Cited from Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Atheta glaberrima Benick, 1981 (*Microdota*)

Described from Rhodos but cited also from Asia Minor: Denizli, Honaz, 700 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Rhodos, Turkey.

Atheta gregaria Erichson, 1839 (*Glossola*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*) and Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1961a).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Atheta harwoodi Williams, 1930 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Paphos forest; Akamas forest (Assing & Wunderle, 2001) and Asia Minor: 13 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 930 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus.

Atheta hypnorum (Kiesenwetter, 1850) (s. str.)

Cited from 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Mongolia.

Atheta incisicollis Benick, 1981 (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Spain, Turkey, Algeria.

Atheta judith (Saulcy, 1865) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan, Jordan, Egypt, Israel.

Atheta knabli Benick, 1938 (*Dimetrota*)

Cited from Gümüşhane, 80 km SW Trabzon, Zigana pass, 2050 m; 50 km S Of, S Uzungöl, 1870-2050 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTIONS. Alps, Bulgaria, Turkey.

Atheta laevana (Mulsant & Rey, 1852) (*Dimetrota*)

Cited from Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1650 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Algeria.

Atheta laevigata (Hochhuth, 1849) (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Mugla, SE Dalaman, 10 m; Mugla, Bayr, 400 m; Erzurum, 35 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2600 m; Gümüşhane, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Caucasus, Turkey.

Atheta laterotundata Benick, 1943 (*Microdota*)

Described from Kysylscha, Hammam (type ♀ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta laticeps Thomson, 1856 (*Parameotica*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1870, sub *Homalota difficilis* Brisout, 1859), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?

Atheta lindbergiana Scheerpeltz, 1958 (*Bessobia*)

Described from Asia Minor: Kharpout, Bouzlouk cave (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta longicornis Gravenhorst, 1802 (*Chaetida*)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas: Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956; 1958b).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Atheta luctuosa (Mulsant & Rey, 1853) (*Microdota*)

Cited from 9 km ENE Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 1850 m; Antakya, Nur Dagları; 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Israel, Algeria.

Atheta luridipennis Mannerheim, 1830 (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 500 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Madeira.

Atheta lyciana Assing, 2003b (*Philhygra*)

Described from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, Temel, 2225 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta mucronata (Kraatz, 1859) (s. str.)

Cited from Antalya, Manvgat, Kiselot, 0-50 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean region.

Atheta nigrifula (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Tetropla*)

Cited from 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1430 m; 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1560 m; Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Dagları, 2100 m (Assing 2007d).
Additional records. Bolu, Abant gölü, 1400-1600 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, China (Heilongjiang), North Africa.

Atheta oblita (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus ?, Iran, Tunisia, Algeria.

Atheta occulta (Erichson, 1839) (*Bessobia*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus.

Atheta oraria (Kraatz, 1856) (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. South Europe, Turkey, Iran, Lebanon, Israel, Tunisia, Algeria.

Atheta ornata Benick, 1943 (incertae sedis)

Described from “Syr Darja” (type ♀ in DEI).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Uzbekistan.

Atheta pannicula Benick 1981 (*Microdota*)

Described from Adana, Tekir, 11200 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta pitioni Scheerpeltz, 1950 (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Israel.

Atheta putrida (Kraatz, 1856) (*Dimetrota*)

Additional records. Akkuz, Niksar; Draganaz gecidi (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta schneideri (Eppelsheim, 1889) (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Bos Dagħ, Drama (Benick 1943); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Greece, Turkey.

Atheta scobricollis (Kraatz, 1859) (*Microdota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Atheta sequanica Brisout, 1860 (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. South Europe, Turkey.

Atheta singularis Bernhauer, 1912 (*Alaobia*)

Cited from Asia Minor: Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Kock 1936).

DISTRIBUTION. Romania, Turkey, Egypt.

Atheta sodalis (Erichson, 1837) (s. str.)

Cited from 30 km S Giresun, 1250 m; 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersundagi gecidi, 2070 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1650 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Caucasus, Turkey.

Atheta sordida Marsham, 1802 (*Coprothassa*)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor: Biledjik (Bodmeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Van, Ufer (Lake Van) (Scheerpeltz 1958).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, Caucasus, Turkey, North America.

Atheta sordidula (Erichson, 1837) (*Datomicra*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Atheta speculum (Kraatz, 1856) (*Microdota*)

Cited from N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 940 m; Nif Dagı, 1010 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Greece, Turkey.

Atheta subtilis (Scriba, 1866) (*Microdota*)

Cited from 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1650 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2950 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Mongolia.

Atheta surda Likovsky, 1984 (s. str.)

New name for *sulcaticeps* Scheerpeltz, 1958, n. preoc., described from Sultan Seit cave, Ahlat (Lake Van) (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Atheta testaceipes (Heer, 1839) (*Ceritaxa*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*) and Asia Minor: S Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (Assing 2006); Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus.

Atheta tibialis (Heer, 1839) (*Oreostiba*)

Additional records. Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Atheta tmolosensis Bernhauer, 1940 (*Philhygra*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Denmark, Sweden, Germany, Austria, Czech Rep., Turkey.

***Atheta triangulum* Kraatz, 1858 (s. str.)**

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*); Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Ahlat, Ufer (Lake Van), Sultan Seit cave (Scheerpeltz 1958).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palearctic.

***Atheta trinotata* Kraatz, 1858 (*Alaobia*)**

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos; Paphos forest (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Additional records. Isparta, Barla, Barla cave, 1260 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Iran, Turkey, Cyprus, North Africa, Tenerife.

***Atheta turcica* Benick, 1981 (*Parametoca*)**

Described from Istanbul, Halkali, 40 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Atheta volans* (Scriba, 1859) (*Philhygra*)**

Cited from Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km N Kirobasi, 1390 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

***Atheta zosteræ* Thomson, 1856 (*Datomicra*)**

Cited from Cyprus: St. Hilarion (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

***Hydrosmecta* Thomson, 1858**

***Hydrosmecta fragilis* (Kraatz, 1854)**

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Canary Is., Morocco.

Acrotona Thomson, 1859

Acrotona clientula (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota pulchra* Kraatz, 1856); Cyprus: Pedhoulas; Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Lapithos (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, Cyprus, Canary Is., Madeira, North America.

Acrotona concamerata Assing, 2004

Described from Mugla, Gölgeli Daglari, 20 km NE Köycegiz, above Agla, 1710 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Acrotona exigua (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Adiyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1320 m; 60 km N Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Acrotona fungi (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Cyprus: Kyrenia (Scheerpeltz 1956); Drakos (Coiffait 1970).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean, North America (introduced).

Acrotona muscorum (Brisout, 1860)

Cited from 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m (Assing 2006); Izmir, Boz Daglari, Bozdag, 1500 m; Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, North India, Nepal.

Acrotona nigerrima (Aubé, 1850)

Cited from Izmir, Nif Dagi, 970 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palaearctic species.

Acrotona obfuscata (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Acrotona orbata (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?, Egypt.

Acrotona parvula (Mannerheim, 1830)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos; St. Hilarion; Kyrenia; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Asia Minor: Konia (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Atheta parva* Sahlberg, 1834).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Acrotona piceorufa (Mulsant & Rey, 1873)

Cited from E Osmaniye, Yarpuz, 920 m (Assing 2006); Isparta, Egridir, Kovada Gölü, 1000 m; W Antalya, Saklikent, 1000 m; Mersin, Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, France, Italy, Greece, Turkey.

Acrotona pygmaea (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor: Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *Atheta*); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Aloconota Thomson, 1858

Aloconota cambrica (Wollaston, 1855) (s. str.)

Synonyms. *bodemeyeri* Bernhauer, 1900, described from Sabandja (= Istanbul) (type ♂ in FMNH).

Cited from Sabandja and Gök Daglı (Bodemeyer 1900); Sabandja and Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927), sub *bodemeyeri*; Adana, Hasanbeyli-Nuraghi Gecidi, 800-1100 m (Pace 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, East Siberia, Turkey, Iran, Afghanistan, Egypt, North Africa.

Aloconota debilicornis (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m; 50 km SW Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altindere Milli Park, 1540 m; Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 500-1300 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 1800 m; Erzurum, 35 km Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 1700-2000 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Aloconota gregaria (Erichson, 1839) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Akamas forest Cyprus; Limassol; N Limassol, Alas-sa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, E Zigana gecidi, 2500 m; Mugla, SE Köycegiz, 10 m; Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m; Mersin, NE Silifke, 20 km W Mut, 230 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SE Andirin, 1240 m; Gaziantep, S Biricek, 340 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Afghanistan, Uzbekistan, Syria, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira.

Aloconota hydrocephalica Eppelsheim, 1878 (s. str.)

Cited from Trabzon (Fagel 1963), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Georgia, Turkey ?

Aloconota longicollis (Mulsant & Rey, 1852) (*Disopora*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?

Aloconota mediterranea Benick, 1941 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a); Antalya, Manavgat, 900 m; 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1260 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Croatia, Greece, Ukraine, Turkey.

Aloconota subgrandis (Brundin, 1954) (s. str.)

Cited from 50 km SW Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Aloconota sulcifrons (Stephens, 1832) (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *pavens* Erichson, 1839), and from Asia Minor: Kembos cave, Antalya; Bidcakei cave, Derebucak, Beysehir (Konya) (Coiffait 1974); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan valley, 500-1900 m; Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 800-2100 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Alevonota Thomson, 1858

Alevonota gracilenta (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Mersin Mut-Karaman, Sertuval Gecidi, 1570 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Alevonota rufotestacea (Kraatz, 1856)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *Homalota*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Chaetosogonocephalus Pace, 1987

Chaetosogonocephalus adventicius Assing, 2004

Described from Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m (type ♀ in cA), and from 50 km N Fethiye, S Cameli, Denizli, 1245 m; Mersin, Ciftehan-Camliyayla, 433 m; Antalya, 15 km NE Stadt Manavgat, Karpuzcay.

Cited from Mersin, 5 km SE Aladag, Arslanköy, 700 m (Assing 2004e); Mersin, Camliyayla-Gözne, 550 m; Bitlis, Mutki (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, probably introduced from the Oriental region.

Drusilla Leach, 1819 (= *Astilbus* Dillwyn, 1829)

Drusilla anceps Assing, 2005c

Described from Mersin, Sertuval Gecidi, 1600 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Drusilla canaliculata* (Fabricius, 1787)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a, sub *Astilbus*); Istanbul, Kumköy; Bursa, Uludag, Baraklı; Sinop, S Ayancık; Bolu, E Gerede; Bolu, Omerler; Kastamonu, 32 km N Tosya, 1600-1700 m; 30 km N Kastamonu; 30 km NW Gümüşhane, Zigana gecidi, 2000 m; Kars, Sarikamis; Cildir Gölü, 1800 m; 16 km SE Gölle, 1600 m; Bitlis, S Tatvan; Erzurum, Tortum-Narman, 2400 m; Konya, Beyşehir Gölü, Hacı Akif is.; Kayseri, Pazarören-Bünyan, 1490 m; Adana, Osmaniye, 1000 m (Assing 2005c); Kahramanmaraş, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

Additional records. Canakkale, Gelibolu, 10 m (MSNT, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Asiatic-Europaen, Nearctic.

***Drusilla cernens* Assing, 2005c**

Described from Akbez, Antakya (type ♀ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Drusilla denigrata* Assing, 2005c**

Described from 19 km S Antakya, SE Senköy, 920 m (type ♀ in cA), and from 22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 940 m; Antakya, Ziyaret Dag, N Yyayladagi, 440 m; Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 383 m (also the male is known).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Drusilla limata* Assing, 2005c**

Described from 40 km W Antalya, Saklikent, 1900-2100 m (type ♀ in cA), and from Mt Beydaglari, Antalya, 1650-1900 m; Antalya-Saklikent, 1300 m; 22 km W Antalya, Avsallar-Incekum (also the male is known).

Cited from Antalya, Korkutali, Yazir (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

***Drusilla lydica* Assing, 2007d**

Described from 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1420 m (type ♀ in cA), and from Imambaba Tepesi, 1600 m; Aydin, Pasayaylasi, 1115.1460 m; Izmir, 5 km S Tire, 990 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Drusilla pallidicornis Assing, 2005c

Described from 50 km E Hatay, 2 km N Reyhaulti, 100 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Drusilla recta Assing, 2005c

Described from Mersin, Güzeloluk-Aydinlar, 1380 m (type ♀ in cA), and from Anamur, 350 m; Anamur, Kösekbasi, 150 m; Anamur, Gazipasa; Silifke; Mersin, Arsanli, 15 km NW Erdemli; Icel, NW Erdemli, 1000 m; Konya, Sertuval Gecidi, 1500-1600 m (also the male is known).

Cited from N Silifke, N/S Uzuncaburc, 1100-1120 m; 23 km N Silifke, 970 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Drusilla sinuosa Assing, 2005c

Described from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m (type ♀ in cA), and from N Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1300 m; Adana, Osmaniye, Karatepe Nat. Park, 200 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m; Kahramanmaras, 35 km SW Doluca, 1280 m (also the male is known).

Cited from 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1240 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Zyras Stephens, 1835

Zyras ruficollis (Grimm, 1845) (*Pellochromonia*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Italy, Austria, Hungary, Croatia, Romania, Slovakia, Bulgaria, Macedonia, Greece, Turkey.

Zyras bodemeyeri (Bernhauer, 1936) (*Peltodonia*)

Described from Alhem Dag (type ♂ in FMNH).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pella Stephens, 1835

Pella cinctipennis (Eppelsheim, 1884)

Cited from 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki pass, Mugla, 1820 m (Maruyama 2006a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Azerbaijan, Tadjikistan, Uzbekistan.

Pella cognata (Märkel, 1842)

Cited from Asia Minor (Newton in litt.).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Pella erratica Hagens, 1863

Cited from Asia Minor (Newton in litt.).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Belgium, Germany, France. Sicilia, Czech Rep., Bosnia Herzegovina, Turkey.

Pella gibbera Assing, 2007d

Described from Izmir, 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagi, 1230 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pella hampei (Kraatz, 1862)

Cited from Izmir, 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagi, 1230 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Pella humeralis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Mengen, Bolu (Maruyama 2006a).

Additional records. Bolu, Konuralp-Akcakoca, 300 m; Rize, Ilica, Ayder, 1000 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey.

Pella laeviceps (Eppelsheim, 1880)

Cited from 12 km NE Gümüşhane, 1300 m; Trabzon, 50 km S Ardesen, Cat, 1240 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Pella laticollis (Märkel, 1845)

Cited from Sinop, Cangal Dagi (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Pella lugens (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Izmir, 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagi, 1230 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Pella ruficollis (Grimm, 1845)

Cited from Izmir, 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagi, 1230 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Pella similis (Märkel, 1845)

Cited from Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m (Assing 2004e); Kahramanmaras, Yaylasi, 35 km W Baskonus, 1500 m (Maruyama, 2006a); Sinop, Lala; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250-1450 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Turcizyras Maruyama, 2006

Turcizyras assingi Maruyama, 2006

Described from 50 km NE Adiyaman, SW Sincik, 1280 m (type ♂♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Myrmoecia Mulsant & Rey, 1874

Myrmoecia libanensis (Pic, 1901)

Cited from Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon.

Myrmoecia plicata (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Mugla, SE Ferthiye, Baba Dag, 1385 m (Assing 2006); 10 km S Manisa, Karadag, 1270 m; Kastamonu, Ilgazdagi gecidi, 1700 m (Assing 2007d).

Additional records. Bolu, Abant gölü, 1400-1600 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Uzbekistan.

Myrmoecia rigida (Erichson, 1839)

Cited from Mardin, Midyat (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Italy, Turkey, Syria, North Africa.

Dinarda Leach, 1819

Dinarda dentata (Gravenhorst, 1806)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1967), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Phloeopora Erichson, 1837

Phloeopora corticalis (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Panagia (Assing & Wunderle 2001) and Asia Minor (Dubois 1891; Bernhauer 1902: 190); Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *latens* Er.); Ayancik (Schimitschek 1944).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Algeria, Morocco, Canary Is., Madeira.

Phloeopora teres (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Tunisia, Algeria, Madeira, Hebey.

Ilyobates Kraatz, 1856

Ilyobates bennetti Donisthorpe, 1914

Cited from Kirklareli, Demirköy (Assing 1999c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Oriental region.

Ilyobates merkli (Eppelsheim, 1883)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902: 189; Horion 1967), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey ?

Parocyusa Bernhauer, 1902

Parocyusa longitarsis (Erichson, 1839) (*Tetralaucopora*)

Cited from Cyprus (Peyron 1858, sub *Chilopora*); Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956; Horion 1967, sub *Chilopora* Kraatz, 1856); Troodos; 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi; N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Gök Dag (Bodemeyer 1900), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Amarochara Thomson, 1858

Amarochara bonnairei (Fauvel, 1865) (*Lasiochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902; Horion 1967); 20 km NE Istanbul, Alem Dag; Sinop, 23 km N Bayabat, S Bektas (Assing 2002c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Amarochara forticornis (Lacordaire, 1835) (*Mniobates*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Amarochara siculifera Assing, 2002c

Described from Namrun (type ♂ in NMW), and from Mersin, S Yeniköy, 1000-1200 m.

Cited from Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 914 m (Assing 2003b).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Lebanon.

Amarochara wunderlei Assing, 2003b

Described from E Kamluca, Antalya, 385 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocalea Erichson, 1837

Ocalea alutacea Eppelsheim, 1878

Cited from 30 km S Giresun, 1250-1350 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; 50 km S Ardesen, Cat, 1240 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Ocalea badia Erichson, 1837

Cited from Cyprus and Asia Minor (Horion 1967); Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956: 1116, sub *badia* ssp. *parvula* Baudi) and Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958a).

Synonyms. *parvula* Baudi, 1870, described from Cyprus (type § in MZT).

DISTRIBUTION. Europeo-Mediterranean.

Ocalea brachyptera Fagel, 1971

Described from Bursa, Uludagh, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocalea devei Coiffait, 1978

Described from Drannaz dag, Gurgentepe pass (type ♀ in MHNP).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocalea glabricollis Bernhauer, 1905

Additional records. Bursa, Nazifpasa, 1000 m (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Ocalea globulicollis Bernhauer, 1936

Described from Gök Dagħ (type ♂ in FMNH).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocalea picata (Stephens, 1832)

Additional records. Draganaz gecidi (SNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Morocco.

Ocalea pontica Coiffait, 1978

Described from Gurgentepe pass, Drannaz Dagħ (type ♀ in MHNP).

Additional records. Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi, 1800-2300 m; Bolu, Abant gölü, 1500 m; Borcka, Artvin; Bayabau gölü, Amas; Gurgentepe gecidi, Ordu (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ocalea puncticollis Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Cited from Cyprus: Troodos; Paphos forest; 35 km sw Platres, Kidasi; N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Croatia, Italy, Bosnia Herzegovina, Cyprus.

Ocalea rivularis Miller, 1852

Cited from Asia Minor: Belgrader Wald, Istanbul (Horion 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Caucasus, Algeria, Morocco.

Ocalea ruficollis Eppelsheim, 1888

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

Additional records. Amasya, Bayabat gölü (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia, Greece, Turkey, Algeria.

Euryalea Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Euryalea jordanica (Coiffait, 1981)

Cited from Antalya, Manavgat, Alara Han, 300 m; Siirt, Esirnak (Assing 2000a, **comb. nov.**).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Jordan, Lebanon, Syria, Israel.

Euryalea picipennis (Baudi, 1857)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in MZT, sub *Ocalea*).

Cited from the same island (Baudi 1870), and from N Limassol, Limnatis river near Alassa, 300 m; Kidasi, Diarizo river (Assing & Wunderle 1997); 35 km SW Platres, Kidasi; N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

Synonyms. *murina* var. *demaisioni*, Roubal, 1910, described from Cyprus, Larnaca (type ♂ in SNM).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic to Cyprus.

Meotica Mulsant & Rey, 1873

Meotica decolor Assing, 2004e

Described from Antakya, Ziyaret Dagi, Leylekli, 510 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Kahramanmaras, 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; Adana, 22 km N Kozan, S Eskiye, 640 m.

Cited from Adana, Immamoglu-Karsanti, W Hassandede Gecidi, 1110 m; Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, Toplar, Andirin, 1110 m; NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; 60 km Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1070 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Meotica subnigra Assing, 2006

Described from 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Meotica truncata Assing, 2004e

Described from Antalya, Saklikent, 1900 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km N Kirobasi, 1390 m; Kahramanmaras, NE Kadirli, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pyroglossa Bernhauer, 1901

Pyroglossa pontica Assing, 2007d

Described from 50 km SSE Rize, Ovitdagi gecidi, 1520 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Cousya Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Cousya bicolor (Bernhauer, 1900)

Described from Bos dagh (type § in DEI), and cited from Bos Dag (Bernahuer 1902).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Kazakhstan, Turkmenistan.

Cousya crocea Assing, 2004

Described from Mugla, SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, above Ovacik, 1170 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, road Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m.

Cited from Mersin, S Aydinlar, Gözeloluk, 1380 m; Mut-Karaman, Sertuval Gecidi, 1570 m; Adana, 15 km E Osmaniye, NW Yarpuz, 920 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaras,, 1380 m; 30 km W Baskosnus Yaylasi, 1270 m; Gaziantep, Kartal Dagu, W Isikli, 1120 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Cousya defecta (Mulsant & Rey, 1875)

Cited from Cyprus: Pedhoulas (Scheerpeltz 1956).

DISTRIBUTION. Great Britain, France, Italy, Croatia, Greece, Cyprus, Algeria, Morocco.

Cousya nigrata (Fairmaire & Laboulbène, 1856)

Cited from Aydin, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 900 m; 20 km SW Mugla, N

Meke, 590 m; Mersin, 33 km N Silifke, 1270 m; Antakya, 10 km S Iskenderun, 760 m; 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SE Andirin, 1110 m; 25 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 1070 m; 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecici, 1520 m; 50 km NE Adiyaman, 8 km NE Narince, 870 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria.

Cousya schuelkei Assing, 2007d

Described from 50 km SSE Rize, Ovitdagi gecidi, 2510 (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Tectusa Bernhauer, 1899

Tectusa taurica Assing, 2004e

Described from Karhamanmaras, Pass N Tekir, S Gösan, 1400-1550 m (type ♂ in cA), and from S Gösan, 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, 1380 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Zoosetha Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Zoosetha furcillata Assing, 2004e

Described from Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 38 km WNW Gaziantep, 1110 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Zoosetha mersina Assing, 2004e

Described from Mersin, Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 14 km W Güz, 1430 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Calodera Mannerheim, 1830

Calodera ligula Assing, 1996

Cited from Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km W Kirobasi, 1390 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Southeastern Europe, Turkey.

Calodera meybohmi Assing, 2004e

Described from Mersin, S Silifke, Delta Gösu (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Calodera rubens Erichson, 1837

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Cyprus ?

Derocala Mulsant & Rey, 1875

brachati Assing, 2004

Described from Antalya, Termessos, 700-850 m (type ♀ in cA) and cited from Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecici, 1520 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda Mennerheim, 1831

Oxypoda abdominalis (Mannerheim, 1830) (*Sphenoma*)

Cited from Izmir, Boz Daglari, Boz dag koy, 1200 m; Nidge, 60 km N Tarsus, 10 km N Pozanti (Assing 2006); Izmir, Boz Daglar, Bozdag, 1200 m; Mugla, Toparlar (Assing 2006c); Amasya, Boraboy; Aydin, Dilek Dagi, Kanyon, 50 m; N Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 250 m; SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi; Konya, Aksehir, Sultan Dag; Mersin, Erdemli; Bitlis, S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; Bitlis, Mutki, 1700 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, North Africa.

Oxypoda acuminata (Stephens, 1832) (s. str.)

Cited from Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagi; Ordu, Akkus (Assing 2007c); 25 km S Ordu, Skabaduz, 990 m; 50 km SSE Rize, W Sivrikaya, 2050 m; 50 km S Ardesen, Cat, 1240 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey.

Oxypoda acutissima Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanah Dagi, 1230 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from N Aydın, Imambaba Tepesi, 115 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1800 (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda ahirica Assing, 2006c (s. str.)

Described from 9 km ENE Kahramanmaraş, Ahir Dagı, 1850 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda alternans (Gravenhorst, 1802) (*Mycetodrepa*)

Cited from Artvin, 800 m (Zerche 1999); Sinop, Cangal Dagı; 40 km SSW Giresun, 1140 m; Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, NE Kürtün, 1750 m; 50 km S Trabzon, 20 km S Macka, Altındere Milli Park, 1560 m; 50 km SSE Rioze, W Sivrikaya, 1050 m; 50 km S Ardesen, 1240 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Oxypoda antennata Bernhauer, 1902 (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Europaen Turkey (type § in ?).

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1957; Fagel 1971); Abant (Fagel 1968a); Antalya, S Elmah, Camkuyusu, 1300 m; Saklikent, 1650-1900 m; Mersin, N Anamur, 31 km N Ermenek, 1770 m; Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Güzeloluk-Aydinlar, 1380 m; Güzeloluk-Erdemli, 1150 m; 20 km WNW Mut, 1250 m; Adana, 25 km N Kazan, Feke, 775 m; Kahramanmaraş, 10 km N Andirin, 1150 m (Assing 2006c); Bursa; 45 km N Kastamonu; Izmir, 25 km NE Aydın, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagı, 1230 m; Aydın, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 1480 m; 10 km WSW Karakas, Karincali Dagı, 1500; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1800 m; Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Dagları, 1800 m (Assing 2007c).

Synonyms. (Assing, 2006c): *lyndbergi* Scheerpeltz, 1958 (s. str.), described from Chamonis, Erde (type ♂ in ZML); *mysica* Fagel, 1971, described as *G. (Sphenoma)* from Bursa, Uludagh, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB), and cited from Abant dagh, 1400-1500 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Oxypoda attenuata Mulsant & Rey, 1853 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, France, Italy, Croatia, Greece, Turkey ?, Algeria.

Oxypoda aydinica Assing, 2007a (*Bessopora*)

Described from Aydın, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 1480 (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda biformis Assing, 2006 (*Bessopora*)

Described from 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SE Andirin, 1240 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 60 km W Kahramanmaras, N Andirin, 1120 m; 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m; 35 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1030 m; Kahramanmaras, N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1500 m; Osmaniye, 10 km N Andirin-Cokak, 1150 m; Mersin, N Silifke, Kirobasi-Mut, 1060 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda bimaculata Baudi, 1870 (*Podoxya*)

Described from Cyprus (type § in MZT).

Cited from Cyprus (Bernhauer 1902; Kock, 1936); Troodos; Neochorion (Assing & Wunderle, 2001); Neo Chorion; Olympos, 1900 m (Assing 2006g); 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, Pass N Tekir, S Gösan, 1400-1550 m (Assing 2004e); Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1070 m; NE Kadirli, 11 km NE Andirin-Begen, 1280 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel.

Oxypoda brachati Assing, 2004e (*Deropoda*)

Described from Güzeloluk-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1350 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Mersin, 38 km N Silifke, 1365 m; NW Tarsus, Camliyayla, 1140 m (Assing 2006); Mersin, Camliyayla, 1800 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda brevicornis (Stephens, 1832) (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Istanbul; Amasya, Boraboy; Sinop, Cangal Dagi; Aertvin, Borcka, 1800 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Trans-Palearctic species.

Oxypoda carbonaria Heer, 1841 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Cyprus: Platres-Troodos (Scheerpeltz 1956, sub *sericea* Herr, 1839) and Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902: 77; Horion 1967, sub *sericea* Heer, 1839); Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (Assing 2006c); Izmir, 5 km S Tire, 990 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira.

***Oxypoda collaris* Saulcy, 1865 (s. str.)**

Cited from Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 914 m; Adana, Nur Daglari, 9 km W Hasanbeyli (Assing 2003b); Gaziantep, 32-33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m; Karla Dagı, W Isikli, 1120 m; 9 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 920 m; 9 km SE Iskenderun, 5 km NE Belen, 1240 m (Assing 2004e); 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SSE Andirin, Toplar, 1120 m; 32-33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1310-1520 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Israel.

***Oxypoda cristata* Assing, 2006c (s. str.)**

Described from Mersin, Silifk-Gölnar, 1015 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mugla, SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, Ovacik, 1170 m; Mugla, Bayir, 400 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; Manavgat, 150-1200 m; Akseki, Imrasan, 1500 m; Kovada Nat. Park, Isparta; Anamur, Abanoz, 1240 m; Anamur-Ermenek, 9 km Abanoz, 1240 m; Mersin, 16 km N Ermenek, 1420 m; 33 km N Silifke, N Uzuncaburç, 1310 m; Mersin, Güzeloluk-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1350 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m; N Pozanti, Tekir, 1400 m; Adana, N Kozan; Pinarbasi-Eyüplü, 1560 m; Osmaniye, 11 km NE Andirin-Geben, 1280 m; 50 km W Kahramanmaras, 8 km SE Andirin, 1180 m; 70 km WNW Kahramanmaras, NE Cokak, 1120 m; 30 km W Baskonus Yaylasi, 1270 m; S Göksun, 1380 m; Pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1500 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaras, 1360 m; Ahir Dagı, 1400 m; SE Kastamonu, Waldrand.

Cited from Amasya, Boraboy; Gümüşhane, 80 km SW Trabzon, 2050 m; Izmir, WSW Hamamköy, Murtat Dagı, 1230 m; 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1480-1600 m; 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 1480 m; Mugla, 16 km N Milas, Labranda, 670 m; Antalya, 30-40 km E Alanya, 1280 m; 35 km NNE Alanya, NE Gündigmus, Osman Dagı, 1480 m; 27 km N Alanya, Sogut Dagı, 1670 m; 45 km NE Manavgat, NE Akseki, Imarsan Gecidi, 1400 m; Mersin, Camliyayla (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

***Oxypoda disiuncta* Assing, 2006c (s. str.)**

Described from Antakya, 9 km SE Iskenderun, 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 25 km S Senköy, 900 m; Nur Dagı, 5 km NE Belen, 1240 m; 20 km WNW Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, W Isikli, 1120 m; Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 1580 m; 11 km NE Kahramanmaras.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Israel.

***Oxypoda doderoi* Bernhauer, 1902 (*Podoxya*)**

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpletz 1958b; Horion 1967).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Oxypoda exoleta Erichson, 1839 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, East Siberia, Egypt, North Africa, Canary Is., Cyprus.

Oxypoda ferruginea Erichson, 1839 (*Bessopora*)

Cited from SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palearctic species.

Oxypoda filiformis Redtenbacher, 1849 (*Bessopora*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Oxypoda fissa Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Mugla, 30 km NE Fethiye, Boncuk Dagi, Koru, 1750 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 1430 m.

Cited from 25 km SW Gümüşhane, Tersundagi gecidi, 2070 m; Konya, Aksehir, Sultan Dag (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda flavicornis Kraatz, 1856 (*Bessopora*)

Cited from Cyprus: Drakos (Coiffait 1970, sub *amoena* Fairm.); Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Cyprus ?, Algeria, Morocco.

Oxypoda flavocaudata Assing, 2006c (*Deropoda*)

Described from Antalya, 20 km N Kas, S Karaovabeli pass, 830 m (type ♂ in cA), and from E Kumluca, 383 m; Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m; SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, Ovacik, 1170 m; Mersin-Arslanköy, 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m.

Cited from Mugla, 16 km M Milas, Labranda, 550-670 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda fusina Mulsant & Rey, 1875 (*Baeoglana*)

Cited from Turkey (Smetana, 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Spain, Corsica, Italy, Croatia, Bosnia Herzegovina, Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda gladiatoria Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m (type ♂ in cA), and from E Kumluca, 3385 m; Gündoğmus, 850-900 m; Cyprus: Troodos env.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus.

Oxypoda graciliformis Zerche, 1999 (*Mycetodrepa*)

Described from Mersin, Mersin-Yeniköy (Icel), 650 m (type ♂ in MHNG).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda haemorrhoea (Mannerheim, 1830) (*Bessopora*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870), and from Asia Minor: Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagı; N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 940 m; Antalya, Manavgat, Kizelot, 0-50 m; Mersin, Silifke-Gölnar, 475 m; Camliyayla, 35 km SW Kahramanmaraş, SW Doluca, 1070 m; 14 km SE Türkoglu; Urfa, Biricek, 360 m; 19 km S Antakya, SE Senköy, 880 m; Ziyaret Dagı, W Sungur, 660 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Palearctic.

Oxypoda hatayana Assing, 2004e (*Bessopora*)

Described from 22 km S Antakya, SW Senköy, 940 m (type ♂ in cA).
Cited from 25 km SW Kahramanmaraş, Yesilyöre, 600 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda ignorata Zerche, 1996 (s. str.)

Cited from Konya, Seydisehir, 1400 m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; SW Senköy, 920 m (Assing, 2006c); Konya, Akşehir; SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1300 (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Switzerland, Bulgaria, Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda inermis Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Ahir Dag, 10 km WNW Kahramanmaras, 815 m; Gaziantep, Kartal Dag, 1070-1120 m; E Yamacoba, 1070 m; Antakya, Ziyaret Daglari, W Senköy, 750 m; SW Senköy, 880 m.

Cited from Mersin, 1800 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda judaea Saulcy, 1865 (*Bessopora*)

Cited from Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, E Isikli, 1100 m (Assing 2006c).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Azerbaijan, Israel.

Oxypoda kartabensis Fagel, 1965 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Cyprus: N-NW Troodos, 600-1600 m; Olympos, 1900 m; S Platres, Mo-niatis, 700 m; Caledonian Falls, 1300 m; Paphos forest, Kikkos-Pera Vas, 800-1250 m; Asia Minor: Gaziantep, Kartal Dagi, 1070-1110 m; E Isikli, 1100 m; W Yamacoba, 1200 m, 10 km WNW Kahramanmaras, 815 m (Assing 2006c).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Cyprus, Lebanon.

Oxypoda lesbia Assing, 2005 (*Bessopora*)

Cited from Izmir, 5 km S Tire, 990 m; Aydin, 110 km S Izmir, WSW Söke, Dilek Dagi, 950 m; Denizli, 35 km SE Kale, Alpa, 1340 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda libanotica Fagel, 1965 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Izmir, Boz Daglar, SE Turgutlu, 800 m; Mugla, 30 km NNE Fethiye, Boncuk Dagi, Koru, 1140 m; Camkak, 800 m; Antalya, Termessos, 700-850 m; Antalya-Saklikent, 1000 m; Akseki, Imrasan pass, 1500 m; Isparta, Egridir, Kovada Gölü, 1000 m; Mersin, N Anamur, 2 km S Kozanci, 1580 m; Güzeloluk-Erdemli, Aydinlar, 1350 m; Kahramanmaras, N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1550 m; Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250-1500 m; Doluca, 1200 m; Antakya, SW Senköy, 880 m (Assing 2006c); Antalya, 30 km E Alanya, 1280 m; Mersin, Camliyayla (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon.

Oxypoda longipes Mulsant & Rey, 1861 (s. str.)

Cited from 11 km NE Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagi, 1580 m (Assing 2004e); Konya,

Seydisehir, 1400 m; Mersin, Mut-Karaman, Sertuval gecidi, 1570 m; Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 1580 m; Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 914 m Konya, Seydisehir, 1400 m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; SW Senköy, 920 m (Assing 2006c).

DISTRIBUTION. Eastern Palaearctic species.

Oxypoda lurida Wollaston, 1857 (*Atlantoxypoda*)

Cited from Cyprus: Kommanderia, 25 km SW Platres; Akamas forest; Korfi, Limnatis river, 350 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902: 92); Izmir, Nif Dagı, 1010 m; Aydin, WSW Söke, Dilek Dagı, 10-370 m; S Güzelcamli, 440 m; Labranda, 550-660 m; N Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 260 m; 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 900 m; Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m; SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, Ovacik, 1170 m; Mugla, Camkak, 980 m; N Meke, 590 m; Bafa lake, 170-230 m; 60 km SSW Antalya, Cirali, 40-220 m; E Kumluca, 385 m; W Kemer, 325 m; S Hisar, 1120 m; Antalya, Termessos; Manavgat, Kizelot, 0-50 m; 25 km ESE Alanya, 900 m; Ankara, Kizilcahamam; Nidge, 60 km N Tarsus, 10 km N Pozanti; Mersin, Silifke-Gölnar, 750-1000 m; NW Silifke, Mut-Ermenek, 1030 m; Aladag, 830 m; Camliyayla; Adana, N Kozan, S Eskiye Gecidi, 630 m; Nur Daglari, 9 km W Hasanbeyli; Kahramanmaras, Ahir Dagı, 815 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, 1070 m; Antakya, Nur Daglari, 8 km SE Iskenderun, 4 km NE Belen, 1130 m; Ziyaret Dagı, W Sungur, 750 m; Gaziantep, W Biricik, Belkis, 440 m; S Biricek, 340 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Cyprus, Libya, North Africa, Canary Is., Madeira.

Oxypoda micans Kraatz, 1855 (*Thliboptera*)

Cited from Aydin, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 850-900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda mutata Sharp, 1871 (*Deropoda*)

Cited from Mugla, 20 km NNE Fethiye, 970 m (Assing 2004); Adana, Kozan-Pinarbasi, Saimeyli-Eyüplü, 1560 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, SW Doluca, 1070 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaras, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1450 m (Assing 2006); Sinop, Cangal Dagı; 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba Tepesi, 1410 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Oxypoda nemrutica Assing, 2006 (*Deropoda* ?)

Described from 50 km NE Adiyaman, S Sincik, 1330 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda nova Bernhauer, 1902 (*Baeoglana*)

Described from Bosnia (type ♀ in ?) and also from Asia Minor. “Syntypes series probably composed of different species” (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Italy, Spain, Bosnia Herzegovina, Croatia, Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda obscuricollis Assing, 2007c (*Mycetodrepa*)

Described from Namrun (type ♂ in NMW).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda opaca Gravenhorst, 1802 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1902: 59; Scheerpletz 1958b; Horion 1967); Bursa, Uludag (Assing 2006c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, North Africa.

Oxypoda ormana Fagel, 1971 (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Bursa, Uludagh, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).
Cited from Bursa, Uludag, 1900-2000 m (Assing 2006c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda pontica Assing, 2007c (*Podoxya*)

Described from 50 km SSE Rize, Ovitdagi gecidi, 2510 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda recondita Kraatz, 1856 (*Baeoglana* ?)

Cited from Istanbul, Yalova (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria, Tunisia.

Oxypoda recta Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanah Dagi, 1230 m (type ♂ in cA), and

from Mugla, N Fethiye, Calis, 10 m; Mersin, NW Tarsus, Camliyayla, 1190 m; Mersin, Findikpinari, 1090 m; Mersin, Arsanli, 15 km NW Erdemli.

Cited from Aydin, Yatağan-Bozdoğan, 825 m; Mugla, SE Altinyayala, 1300 m; Osmaniye, 1200 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda scheerpeltziana (Fagel, 1968) (*Thliboptera*)

Described as *Aleochara* from Lebanon, cited from Mersin, Camliyayla, 1200-1800 m (Assing 2007c, **comb. nov.**).

Synonyms. *micantoides* Assing, 2006c, described from 60 km SE Kahramanmaraş, Gani Dagı, 950 m (type ♂ in cA), and from S Göksun, 1380 m; pass N Tekir, S Göksun, 1400-1550 m; Ahir Dagı, 1400-1580 m; Uzunsöğüt, 660 m; 8 km S Andirin, 1100-1180 m; Mersin, 30 km NW Erdemli, S Yagda, 1310 m; N Yagda, 1345 m; Güzeloluk-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1110-1350 m; Kirobasi-Güzeloluk, 14 km W Güz, 1430 m; Silifke-Gülnar, 1015 m; Antakya, Kizildag, NW Teknepinar, 380 m; 15 km N Adiyaman, 1220 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Lebanon.

Oxypoda schminkei Assing, 2004 (*Deropoda*)

Described from Mugla, SE Fethiye, Baba Dag, above Ovacik, 1170 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda schuelkei Assing, 2004e (*Deropoda*)

Described from 9 km S Antakya, Ziyaret Dagı, SW Senköy, 913 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda subspectabilis Assing, 2007d (s. str.)

Described from 15 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda speculoclara Assing, 2004e (*Sphenoma*)

Described from Mersin, Silifke-Gülnar, 1000 m (type ♂ in cA).

Cited from Mersin, N Silifke, Kirobasi-Mut, 16 km S Mut, 1350 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda tenuilaminata Assing, 2006c (*Thliboptera*)

Described from Adana, NE Kozan, Pinarbasi-Eyüplü, 1560 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda turcica Zerche, 1999 (*Mycetodrepa*)

Described from Bayin 25 km NE Kemen (Mugla) (type ♀ in MHNG).

Cited from Aydin, Dilek Dagı, S Kanyon, 670 m; Labranda, 550-660 m; Yatagan-Bozdoğan, 825 m; Imambaba Tepesi, 1115 m; Mugla, Bafa lake, 230 m; Boncuk Dagı, 30 km NE Fethiye, 1750 m; Antalya, 20 km N Kas, Skaraovabeli pass, 830 m; 70 km N Fethiye, Gölübeli pass, 1650 m; N Kalkan, Dumanlı Dagı, 1230 m; Mersin, 22 km NNW Mut, 1320 m; 30 km NW Erdemli, Syagda, 1310 m; NW Tarsus, Camliyayla-Gözne, 570-610 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaraş, 1360 m; Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, 1070 m; 50 km NE Adıyaman, 5 km N Sincik, 1520 m; S Sincik, Yarpuzlu, 1280 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda uludaghensis Fagel, 1971 (*Derocala*)

Described from Bursa, Uludagh, 1800-1900 m (type ♂ in IRSNB).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Oxypoda vicina Kraatz, 1858 (*Podoxya*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958b); Mersin, N Silifke, 1 km W Kirobasi, 1390 m; Mut-Ermenek, 15 km Ermenek, 1030 m; N Anamur, Ermenek-Karaman, 1770 m; Silifke-Gölnar, 1000 m; Güzeloluk-Erdemli, S Aydinlar, 1350 m; Adana, 22 km N Kozan, S Eskiye Gecidi, 640 m; 9 km ENE Kaahramanmaraş, Ahir Dagı, 1850 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaraş, Doluca, 1070 m; Gaziantep, 33 km E Osmaniye, NE Nurdagi gecidi, 1520 m; Kartal Dagı, 30 km WNW Gaziantep, 1200 m (Assing, 2006); 45 km N Kastamonu; Ilgaz dagı; Erzurum, Palandöken Dagı, 2300 m; 10 km S Manisa, Karadag, 1200 m; Izmir, Nif Dagı, 1010 m; 5 km S Tire, 990 m; 25 km NE Aydin, WSW Hamamköy, Mortat Dagı., 1230 m; Aydin, 20 km NE Kuyucak, Bayrak Tepe, 900 m; 10 km WSW Karakasu, Karincali Dagı, 1230 m; Denizli, 60 km E Mugla, S Kale, 1280 m; Mugla, Bafa lake, 20 m; 20 km SW Mugla, N Meke, 590 m; Konya, Aksehir, Sultan Dagı; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1700-2000 (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palaearctic.

Oxypoda vittata Märkel, 1942 (s. str.)

Cited from SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; 51 km W Kahramanmaraş, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1450 m (Assing 2006, sub *O. (Oypoda)* (sic) *vittata*); Konya, Seydisehir, 1400

m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; SW Senköy, 1670 m (Assing 2006c); Ordu, Akkus (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Algeria.

Oxypoda wankai Bernhauer, 1936 (s. str.)

Cited from Gaziantep, Kartal Dagı, W Isikli, 1120 m; Antakya, Ziyarat Dagı, W Senköy, 750 m Konya, Seydisehir, 1400 m; SE Osmaniye, Zorkum, 1670 m; SW Senköy, 920 m (Assing 2006c); Urfa, 600 m (Assing 2007c).

DISTRIBUTION. Greece, Turkey.

Oxypoda ziyaretica Assing, 2006c (*Sphenoma*)

Described from Antakya, Ziyaret Dag, W Sungur, 760 m (type ♂ in cA), and from 25 km S Senköy, 914-930 m; SW Senköy, 913-920 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Dinusa Saulcy, 1865

Dinusa smyrnensis Assing, 2007d

Described from N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 940 m (type ♀ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Dinusa taurica Assing, 2001g

Described from Taurus, Ciftehan (type ♂ in NMW) and from Namrun (Mersin, Nigde); cited from Adana, Nur Dagları, 5 km N Kaypak, ENE Osmaniye (Assing 2003b).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Ischnoglossa Kraatz, 1856

Ischnoglossa minor (Aubé, 1863) (*Xenodota*)

Cited from Cyprus (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. France, Cyprus, North Africa, Syria, Canary Is.

Ischnoglossa obscura Wunderle, 1990 (s. str.)

Cited from Aydin, Dilek Dagi, S Kanyon, 670 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Sweden, France, Belgium, Germany, Austria, Turkey.

Ischnoglossa prolixa (Gravenhorst, 1802) (s. str.)

Cited from Taurus (Peyron 1858).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, East Siberia, Turkey, Morocco, Madeira, North Korea.

Ischnoglossa turcica Wunderle, 1992 (s. str.)

Described from Kale-Finike (type ♂ in cW), and from Beskonak.

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Panagia, 600 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Great Britain, Turkey, Cyprus.

Homoeusa Kraatz, 1856

Homoeusa acuminata (Märkel, 1842)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1967), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey ?

Thiasophila Kraatz, 1856

Thiasophila angulata (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Sinop, Cangal-Ayancik (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Russia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Thiasophila canaliculata Mulsant & Rey, 1875

Cited from Kastamonu, Ilgaz Dagi (Assing 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Poromniusa Ganglbauer, 1895

Poromniusa crassa (Eppelsheim, 1883)

Cited from 20 km E Izmir, Nif Dagi, 1370-1400 (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Poromniusa prociua (Erichson, 1837)

Cited from Mugla, Gölgeci Daglan, 20 km NE Köycegiz (Agla), 1710 m (Assing 2003f); 51 km W Kahramanmaraş, Baskonus Yaylasi, 1250 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Crataraea Thomson, 1858

Crataraea suturalis Mennerheim, 1830

Cited from Asia Minor: Dara (Scheerpeltz 1958).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, North Africa, Nearctic region.

Haploglossa Kraatz, 1856

Haploglossa nidicola (Fairmaire, 1853)

Cited from Eski-Chehir (Bodemeyer 1927, sub *Microglotta*), to be confirmed.

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey ?

Haploglossa villosula (Stephens, 1832)

Cited from Antalya, S Hisar, 1120 m; 50 km NW Kahramanmaraş, 1360 m (Assing 2006); SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagi, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Tinotus Sharp, 1883

Tinotus morion (Gravenhorst, 1802)

Cited from Cyprus: Limassol (Scheerpeltz 1956) and Asia Minor: Mersin, Camliya-yla (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. West Palearctic, North America.

Pseudocalea Luze, 1902

Pseudocalea angulata (Eppelsheim, 1880)

Cited from Istanbul (Bernhauer 1902, sub *Ocalea*); Asia Minor (Jeannel & Jarrige 1949, sub *Ocalea*); Mersin, 30 km NNW Tarsus, 580 m; 30 km NW Erdemly, Syagda, 1310 m; 25 km NE Erdemly, 1085 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Ponto-Mediterranean (Albania, Croatia, Greece, Turkey).

Pseudocalea korbi (Bernhauer, 1902)

Described from “Kleinasien“ (type ♂ in FMNH) (Assing 2002c, **comb. nov.**).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Pseudocalea messorphila Assing, 2007d

Described from N Izmir, Yamanlar Dagı, 680 m (type ♂ in cA).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara Gravenhorst, 1802

Aleochara alata Assing, 2007 (*Megalogastrina*)

Described from 20 km ESE Bitlis, Dogruyal, 1400 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Paladöken Dag, Erzurum, 2300 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara albopila (Mulsant & Rey, 1852) (*Emplenota*)

Cited from Cyprus: 10 km E Limassol (Assing & Wunderle 2001).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Croatia, France, Italy, Greece, Cyprus, Algeria, Tunisia, Azores, Canary Is.

Aleochara bellonata Krasa, 1922 (*Heterochara*)

Cited from S Kahramanmaras, 14 km SW Türkoglu, 850 m (Assing 2006).

DISTRIBUTION. Austria, Czech Rep., Germany, Hungary, Slovakia, Turkey.

Aleochara bilineata Gyllenhal, 1810 (*Coprochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Horion 1967); Gümüşhane, E Zigana gecidi, 2400 m; Artvin, Borcka, 1500 m (Assing 2007).

Additional records. Erzurum, Kombina (AUE).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Aleochara bipustulata (Linné, 1761) (*Coprochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *nitida* Gravenhorst, 1802); Cyprus: Pedhoulas; St. Hilaion; Kyrenia; Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); St. Hilarion (Maus 1998), and from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Chamounis, Erde (Scheerpeltz 1958); Alem Dag (Istanbul), Sapanca (Kocaeli), Gök Dag S Izmit, Izmir, Bulghar Dag, Sürgü (Malatya) (Maus, 1998); 25 km S Ordu, S Kabaduz, 990 m; Gümüşhane, 80 km SW Trabzon, Zigana gecidi, 2050 m; E Zigana gecidi, 2400 m; Rize, 30 km S Ardesen, 750 m; 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1300 m; Izmir, Boz Daglari, Bozdag, 1200-1500 m; Mugla, 30 km NE Fethiye, Boncok Dagi, Koru, 1750 m; Antalya, N Kalkan, Dumanli Dagi, 1230 m; Nidge, Aksehir, Sultan Daglari; Antakya, 25 km S Senköy, 910 m; 6 km NE Belen, 1480 m; Iskenderun (Assing 2007).

Additional records. Bursa, Uludag; Abant, Bolu (MSNV); Isparta, Beysehir lake, Belgeyix (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, ethiopic and nearctic regions.

Aleochara bituberculata Bernhauer, 1900 (*Ceranota*)

Described as var. of *erythroptera* Gravenhorst from Sultan dagh (type ♂ in FMNH).

Cited from Asia Minor: Sultan Dagh (Bodemeyer 1900); Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1901); Abant Dagh, Bolu (Fagel 1968a, doubtful); 30 km S Kayseri, Erciyes Dagi, 20 km N Develi, 2500 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Aleochara bodemeyeri Bernhauer, 1914 (*Ceranota*)

Described from Asia Minor: Goek Dag (type ♀ in FMNH).

Cited from Eski-Chehir (Bodmeyer 1927); Bolu, Abant Gölü (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara brevipennis Gravenhorst, 1806 (*Euryodma*)

Cited from Tarsus (Peyron 1858, sub *morosa* Heer, 1841).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey.

Aleochara caloderoides Assing, 2007 (subgen. not indicated)

Described from 30 km Ermenek, Anamur, 800 m (type ♂ in cA), and from Mersin, road to Arslanköy, 5 km SE Aladag, 700 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara caucasica Eppelsheim, 1889 (*Ceranota*)

Additional records. Artvin, Borcka (MSNV). New record for Turkey.

DISTRIBUTION. South European Territory of Russia, Turkey.

Aleochara cingulata Eppelsheim, 1889 (*Megalogastrina*)

Described from Izmir (type ♀ in NMW).

Cited from Istanbul, “Belgrader Wald”; Mugla, Bafa lake (Assing 2007d, lectotype designed).

Synonyms. *luteipennis* Eppelsheim, 1889, described from “Turcia“ (type ♀ in NMW) (Bernhauer 1901).

DISTRIBUTION. Bulgaria, Turkey.

Aleochara clavicornis Redtenbacher, 1849 (*Heterochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870) and Asia Minor: Biledjik (Bodemeyer 1900); Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1958b); Antakya, Isenderun; Kahramanmaras, Elbistan, Nurhak, 2000 m (Assing, 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Asia, Afrotropical and Oriental regions

Aleochara crassa Baudi, 1848 (*Baryodma*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870).

DISTRIBUTION. Mediterranean. Africa.

Aleochara cuniculorum Kraatz, 1858 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Konya, Seydisehir, 1400 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Mongolia, Uttar Pradesh, Libya, Algeria, Morocco.

Aleochara curtula Goeze, 1777 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor (Peyron 1858); Korcka, Obere cave (Scheerpeltz 1958); Ardahan, 1600 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, Nearctic and Neotropical regions.

Aleochara discipennis Mulsant & Rey, 1853 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Istanbul, Omerli-Sile; Mersin, Camliyayla, 1800 m (Assing 2007).
Additional records. Kastamonu, Daday, Balli dag, 1300 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Aleochara ebneri Scheerpeltz, 1929 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz, 1934; Koch 1936).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Israel, Egypt.

Aleochara egregia Apfelbeck, 1906 (s. str.)

Cited from Asia Minor: Istanbul ? (Smetana 2004; Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Albania, Bohemia, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Turkey.

Aleochara erythroptera Gravenhorst, 1806 (*Ceranota*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Ganglbauer 1895; Horion 1967); 70 km NE Fethiye, Seki, above Temel (Mugla), 2230 m; Kars, 16 km SW Göle, 1600 m; 15 km NNE Aydin, Imambaba, 1420 m (dubtful) (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Aleochara fumata Gravenhorst, 1802 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1901).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species in Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Aleochara funebris Wollaston, 1864 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Seydisehir, 1400 m; Beysehir Gölü, Haci Akil Magara (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Mongolia, Canary Is., Oriental region.

Aleochara haematoptera Kraatz, 1858 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1857); Asia Minor: Goek Dag (Bodemeyer 1906); Sa-bandja (=Istanbul) (Bodemeyer 1927), sub *crassicornis* Lacordaire, 1835; Asia Minor (Horion 1967); Istanbul, Omerli-Sile; Amasya, Tasova-Ladik; Baraboy, Amasya; Sinop, Caykasi river, Erfelek; Trabzon, 40 km S Of, Uzungöl, 2050 m; Nidge, Ulukisla, Maden köy, Bolkar Daglari, 1700-2000 m; Tunceli, Ovacik, 1400 m; Kahramanmaras, 10 km N Andirin, 1150 m; Elbistan, Nurhak, 2000 m; E Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m; Antalya, Yenio-ba; Siirt, E Sirnak; Yayladagi-Yeditepe; Bitlis, S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; Van, Güzeldere Gecidi (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Aleochara honesta Likovsky, 1973 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from 50 km SW Trabzon, E Zigana gecidi, 2500 m; Rize, 30-40 km SSW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1800-2900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Russia (Kavkaz); Turkey.

Aleochara ignipennis Fauvel, 1900 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Bitlis, Tetvan, 1900 m (Assing 2007); Adana, NW Pozanti, Ceykavak gecidi, 1600 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Turkey, Iran, Azerbaijan.

Aleochara incospicua Aubé, 1850 (*Dyschara*)

Cited from Mugla, 70 km NE Fethiye, S Seki, Temel, 2230 m; 34 km SW Kahramanmaras, Doluca, 1070 m (Assin, 2006); Antalya, 35 km NNE Alanya, NE Gündogmus, Osman Dagı, 1480 m; Osmaniye, 1200-1700 m; Mardin, 1300 m (Assing 2007); SE Ankara, N-Elma Dagı, 1300 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Iran.

Aleochara intricata Mannerheim, 1830 (*Baryodma*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *bipunctata* Erichson, 1839); Cyprus: Limassol; Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956), and from Asia Minor: Van, Ufer (Scheerpeltz 1958); Istanbul, Belgraded forest; Konya, Aksehir; Ankara, Beytepe; Mersin, Camliyayla, 1200 m; Osmaniye, 1200 m; Antakya, Yayladagi, 450 m; Urfa, Halfeti; Bitlis, S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; E Van lake, 1800-2200 m (Assing 2007); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1800-1900 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 2400-2800 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Aleochara kamila Likovski, 1984 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Isparta, Egridir, Zindan cave (Coiffait 1974, sub *diversa* Sahlberg, 1876).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Mongolia, North Africa, Madeira.

Aleochara laevigata Gyllenhal, 1810 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Tarsus (Peyron 1858, sub *laevigata* and *bisignata* Erichson, 1837); Gümüşhane, 50 km SE Trabzon, E Zigana gecidi, 2500 m; Urfa, Halfeti; Bitlis, S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; S Tatvan, 1700-2000 m; E Van lake, 1800, 2200 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Aleochara lanuginosa Gravenhorst, 1802 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Cyprus: Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Troodos (Assing & Wunderle 2001); Asia Minor: Bolu (Horion 1967); Osmaniye, 300 m (Assing 2007).

Additional records. Bursa, Nazifpasa, 1000 m (MSNV, cB).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic and Nearctic regions.

Aleochara lata Gravenhorst, 1802 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus: N Limassol, Alassa, 300 m (Assing & Wunderle 2001), and from Asia Minor: Taurus (Peyron 1858, sub *fuscipes*); Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1901; Horion 1967).

Additional records. Abant, Bolu, 1450 m (MSNV).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Aleochara laticornis Kraatz, 1856 (s. str.)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1901; Likovsky 1971); Beydaglari, Saklikent, 1650-1900 m; Konya, Beysehir: Aksehir, Sultan Daglari; Mersin, Erdemli; Antakya, Iskenderun (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Mediterranean, Caucasus, Turkey, Cyprus.

Aleochara leptocera Eppelsheim, 1889 (*Rheochara*)

Described from “Türkei” (type § in NMW), and cited from Asia Minor (Bernhauer 1901; Scheerpeltz 1969).

DISTRIBUTION. Turkey, Syria, Lebanon, Israel.

Aleochara lurida Motschulsky, 1860 (*Ceranota*)

Cited from Abant Dag, Bolu (Fagel 1968a).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Aleochara lygea Kraatz, 1862 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Artvin, Borcka, 1500 m; Tunceli, Ovacik, 1400 m; Bitlis, 1800 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic.

Aleochara maculata Brisout, 1863 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Gümüşhane, 50 km SW Trabzon, 9-10 km S Dikkaya, 2000 m; Erzurum, 30-40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2600 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Aleochara maculipennis Baudi, 1857 (*Xenochara*)

Described from Cyprus (type ♂ in NMB ?), and cited from the same island (Baudi 1870); Asia Minor: Elbistan, Nurhak, 2000 m; Urfa, Halfeti; Hakkari, Semdinli, 1500 m (Assing 2007); Konya, Beysehir, Camlik; Beysehir lake, Yesildag (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Armenia, Cyprus, Turkey, Syria.

Aleochara matzenaueri Rambousek, 1907 (*Ceranota*)

Additional records. Koya, Aci Akif island, Beysehir Lake (MZUR). New record for Turkey and second record after the description of the type ♀ from Bosnia Herzegovina.

DISTRIBUTION. Bosnia Herzegovina (Sarajevo), Turkey.

Aleochara membranosa Assing, 2007 (*Ceranota*)

Described from Antalya, 40 km E Alanya, 1530-1600 m (type ♂ in cA), and from SW Akyazi, NE Belpinar Pass, Antalya, 870 m; Antalya, Manavgat, 0-50 m.

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara milleri Kraatz, 1862 (*Baryodma*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Deyrolle 1873; Scheerpeltz 1958b).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Kyrgyzstan, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan, Mongolia.

Aleochara moerens Gyllenhal, 1827 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Smetana 2004).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey.

Aleochara moesta Gravenhorst, 1802 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870, sub *crassiuscula* Sahlberg, 1831; Asia Minor (Peyron 1858; Horion 1967; Scheerpeltz, 1934); Tunceli, Ovacik, 1400 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1900 m; E Van lake, 1800-2200 m (Assing 2007); 30-45 km NNE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2200-2500 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Palaearctic, Ethiopic, Oriental regions.

Aleochara ocaleoides Bernhauer, 1902 (*Ceranota*)

Described from “Sassisecte, Kleinasien“ (type ♀ in NMW) (Assing 2002c, **comb. nov.**).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara plicata Lokay, 1907 (*Ceranota*)

Described from Asia Minor: Adana (type ♂ probably in NMP but lost).

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

Aleochara puberula Klug, 1832 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi, 1870); Asia Minor: Osmaniye, 300 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan

Aleochara spadicea (Erichson, 1837) (*Rheochara*)

Cited from Asia Minor (Scheerpeltz 1969); Mugla, 60 km NE Fethiye, 920 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey, Syria.

Aleochara sparsa Heer, 1839 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Belgrader Wald, Istanbul (Assing 2007); Rize, 30 km SW Hopa, Caglayan river, 1800-1900 m (Assing 2007d).

DISTRIBUTION. Western Palearctic species.

Aleochara spissicornis Erichson, 1839 (*Heterochara*)

Cited from Sabandja (Bodemeyer 1900, sub *laeta* Rey); Erzurum, 40 km NW Tortum, Mescit Daglari, 2100 m; Konya, Aksehir, Sultan Daglari; Mersin, Camliyayla-Meselik, 920 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Siberia, Turkey, Kazakhstan, Uzbekistan.

Aleochara stichai Likovsky, 1965 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from 40 km S Giresun, N Kümbet, 1520 m (Assing 2007d); Giresun (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Europe, Turkey.

Aleochara subtumida Hochhuth, 1849 (*Ceranota*)

Cited from Kastamonu and Abant Dag (Fagel 1968a) and S Ayancik; Tatvan, 1900

m (Assing 2004); Zonguldak, Amaclar, 190 m (Assing 2006); Boz Daglari, Bozdag, 1500 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1800 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Caucasus, Turkey.

Aleochara tristis Gravenhorst, 1806 (*Xenochara*)

Cited from Cyprus (Baudi 1870); Cyprus: Paphos (Scheerpeltz 1956); Cyprus and Asia Minor (Horion 1967); Asia Minor (Deyrolle 1873); Gök Dagħ (Bodemeyer 1900); 30-45 km NE Erzurum, Dumludagi, 2200-2500 m; 40 km SW Artvin, Barhal river, 2400-2800 m; Konya, Behysehır, Camlik; Aksehir, Sultan Daglari; Mersin, Camliyayla; Osmaniye, 1000 m; Antakya, Iskenderun; Kahramanmaras, Elbistan; Elbistan Nurhak, 2000 m; Gaziantep, Nurdagai Gecidi, 20 km N Islahiye, 1200 m; Urfa, 600 m; Mardin, Midiyat; 90 km SE Malatya, Nohutlu, 1700 m; Bitlis, Tatvan, 1900 m (Assing 2007).

Additional records. Kastamonu, 900 m; Kastamonu, Ilgaz dag gecidi (SNV); Manisa, Akcakertik, 1425 m; Abant, Bolu, 1400 m (MZUR).

DISTRIBUTION. Cosmopolitan.

Aleochara verna Say, 1833 (*Coprochara*)

Cited from Tuz Gölü, Manzur Silsilesi (Maus 1998); Erzurum, 35-40 km NW Tartum, Mescit Daglari, 2600 m; Kahramanmaras, 10 km N Andirin-Cocak, 1150 m; Gaziantep, Nurdagi gecidi, 20 km N Islahiye, 1200 m (Assing 2007).

DISTRIBUTION. Widespread species.

Piochardia Heyden, 1870

Piochardia reitteri (Wasmann, 1894)

Cited from Smyrne (Bernhauer 1902); Izmir (Assing 1999d); Antakya, Ziyaret Dagi, W Sungur, 660 m (Assing 2004e).

DISTRIBUTION. Balkans, Turkey, Caucasus, Iraq.

Gen. **Plataraea** Thomson, 1858

Plataraea dux (Peyron, 1858)

Described from Tarsus (type § in AUB)

DISTRIBUTION. Endemic.

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SUMMARY

The catalogue includes all the species described and/or referred to Cyprus and Asia Minor until 2007 inclusive. The bibliography on the species description to that of 2001-2002 and the geonemical citations is generally available in Herman (2001) and Smetana (2002); that of the species described or mentioned in contributions appeared after 2002 can be found in the bibliography at the hend of this catalogue.

Described species of Cyprus and/or Asia minor are accompanied by the following informations: type locality or list of the localitys mentioned in the description, institutions or collections where is preserved the type, whether is male or female or if you do not know the sex; if it has been designed the lectotype and the author of the designation, the distribution.

Some synonymies are proposed which will be discussed elsewhere, and some general remarks on the genus *Geostiba* Thomson.

RIASSUNTO

Il catalogo include tutte le specie descritte e/o citate di Cipro e dell'Asia Minore fino al 2007 compreso. La bibliografia delle specie descritte fino al 2001-2002 e le citazioni geonemiche sono generalmente consultabili in Herman (2001) e Smetana (2004); quelle relative a specie descritte dopo il 2002 si trovano nella bibliografia posta al termine di questo catalogo.

Le specie descritte di Cipro e/o dell'Asia Minore sono seguite dalle seguenti indicazioni: località tipica o lista delle località citate nella descrizione, istituzioni o collezioni nelle quali è conservato il tipo, se si tratta di maschio o femmina o se non ne è noto il sesso, se è stato designato un lectotipo e autore dello stesso, distribuzione geografica.

Sono proposte alcune sinonimie che verranno discusse in altra sede ed alcune considerazioni generali sul genere *Geostiba* Thomson.

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GENERA (synonyms are in *italicus*)

Abemus Mulsant & Rey, 1876	184
Achenium Leach, 1819	107
Acidota Stephens, 1829	54
Acrolocha Thomson, 1858	44
Acrotona Thomson, 1859	283
Acylophorus Nordmann, 1837	214
Agaricochara Kraatz, 1856	238
Aleochara Gravenhorst, 1802	312
Alevonota Thomson, 1858	286
Allotlyphus Coiffait, 1955	80
Aloconota Thomson, 1858	284
Amarochara Thomson, 1858	292
Amischa Thomson, 1858	255
Anaulacaspis Ganglbauer, 1895	247
<i>Ancyrophorus</i> Kraatz, 1857	61
Anomognathus Solier, 1849	238
Anotylus Thomson, 1859	68
Anthobium Leach, 1819	52
Anthophagus Gravenhorst, 1802	58
Aploderus Stephens, 1833	74
Arrhenopeplus Koch, 1937	38
Astenus Stephens, 1833	138
<i>Astilbus</i> Dillwyn, 1829	286
Astrapaeus Gravenhorst, 1802	198
Atheta Thomson, 1858	271
Atrecus Jacquelin du Val, 1856	162
Autalia Leach, 1819	246
<i>Baptolinus</i> Kraatz, 1857	162
Bisnius Stephens, 1829	182
<i>Bledioschema</i> Smetana, 1967	74
Bledius Leach, 1819	75
Bolitobius Leach, 1819	223
Bolitochara Mannerheim, 1831	245
Boreaphilus Sahlberg, 1832	59
Brachygnatellus Zerche, 1991	45
<i>Bryocharis</i> Lacordaire, 1835	223
Bryophacis Reitter, 1909	221
Bryoporus Kraatz, 1857	221
Cafius Curtis, 1829	164
Callicerus Gravenhorst, 1802	254
Calodera Mannerheim, 1830	297
Caloderina Ganglbauer, 1895	245
Carpelimus Leach, 1819	61
Chaetosogonocephalus Pace, 1987	286
Cilea Jacquelin du Val, 1856	232
Coprophilus Latreille, 1829	60

Coproporus Kraatz, 1857	232
Cordalia Jacobs, 1925	247
Coryphiodes Bernhauer, 1898	59
Coryphium Stephens, 1834	59
Cousya Mulsant & Rey, 1875	296
Cratarea Thomson, 1858	311
Creophilus Ganglbauer, 1895	184
<i>Cryptobium</i> Mannerheim, 1830	144
Ctenomastax Kraatz, 1870	101
Cypha Leach, 1819	236
Deinopsis Matthews, 1838	232
Deleaster Erichson, 111839	60
Deliphrosoma Reitter, 1909	53
Derocala Mulsant & Rey, 1875	298
Dialycera Ganglbauer, 1895	45
Dianous Leach, 1819	100
Dinarda Leach, 119	291
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