Rationalisation of Banking Services at an International Level

(A letter from a Banker)

Dear Sir. — Voices are frequently raised in many countries — often by persons of authority — urging the need for devoting new efforts to improving the internal organisation of the banks, so as to rationalize their services, increase their working efficiency, and reduce their costs of operation. Indeed, notable efforts are now being made by the banks in many countries to secure rationalisation.

But daily banking practice shows that those responsible for the organisation of the individual banks in the various countries, while they organise their own services very well, help at the same time to complicate — I might almost say to disorganise — the work of the other banks.

This assertion may seem paradoxical; but it is confirmed by practical experience. A few examples will suffice to justify it.

In the first place the task with which the banks begin their day's work, the opening of the vast quantity of incoming mail, is the source of much loss of time. The correspondence has to be sorted, and distributed to the several offices, but as different banks use for the same operation forms of different size, colour and wording the distribution is far from being automatic. This great variety derives from the fact that each bank wishes to have its own forms, differing from those used by its competitors; each wishes to have a style and colour of its own, and as forms are used for most of the correspondence of the big banks, this lack of uniformity makes the task of sorting slow and difficult... Meantime, the offices are waiting to attend to the correspondence, and this delay means that when they are finally able to get work they have to do it in feverish haste, a fact which certainly contributes towards increasing the number of errors.

Errors are all the more easily made in so far as the variety of the forms also complicates the task of the executive offices. To illustrate this point I will mention only two of the most commonplace cases.

I have before me the forms used by two big foreign banks, whose head offices are in the same town, for debiting and crediting accounts. Now, one of these banks uses forms printed in red for the debit entries and forms printed in blue for the credit entries; the other does precisely the reverse.

For many of those among us who have been in the service for a number of years, it used to be a strict rule that the amounts entered on the left hand side of a form were debits, while those entered to the right were credits. The new generations have organised things so well that our book-keepers must now look to see whether the amount in question is to be debited or credited, because that simple mechanical rule is no longer universally followed, nor has it been universally replaced by the opposite practice.

The checking of the signatures to incoming letters deserves a chapter to itself. Apart from the fact that the great majority of bank officials, especially in certain European countries, take pride in quite illegible signatures, the different lists of signatures are of different size and are compiled by different methods. It is no exaggeration to say that half of the time devoted by the clerks to this very important but tiresome work, is wasted. And why do not the banks when forwarding to one another the innumerable orders for payments to third parties attach a copy to be transmitted to the payee, a copy which would relieve the bank receiving the order of the necessity of preparing a separate statement indicating by whose order and on whose behalf and for what reason, the remittance is made?

And then there are the forms drawn up in three or four languages, in very small type, one on top of the other! What an effort of eyesight and attention is required to decipher and register them!

The responsibility for this confusion cannot of course be ascribed to the individualism of the banks alone. An involuntary contribution is also made by Governments, administrative bodies, and industrial and commercial companies, which issue great parcels of securities, each of a different size, with coupons attached or else detached. And perhaps still more to blame are the insurance and shipping companies. Thousands of insurance policies and bills of lading, all of different shapes, colours and texts, pass through the hands of the harrassed bank clerks who, in order to check a simple, but usually basic condition

prescribed for opening a credit, have to look for it now to the right, now to the left, sometimes on top, sometimes at the bottom, either on the front or on the back of the form.

Nor do the commercial customers facilitate matters. We have only to think of the bills or drafts sent in for collection; each uses a different formula entailing loss of time in finding the date of maturity, the place of payment, etc. And why are not telegrams delivered in duplicate by the telegraph offices so as to save us the trouble of copying the telegram we have to mail to the sender as confirmation?

But perhaps in asking these questions we may seem to be looking for the mote in the eye of others, seeing that the banks themselves are guilty of tormenting their customers with forms that are real puzzles with their arrows and cabalistic signs.

Why do not we bankers, in the various countries, set an example by standardising and simplifying our forms and procedures? It should not be difficult gradually to reach an agreement, and if other business groups — above all the insurance companies and the shipping companies — were to join us, valuable results might be achieved which would increase efficiency and reduce costs.

Many other savings might be made, if our work in all fields were coordinated; savings trifling in themselves but which when added together amount to large sums. Here again we should remember the old rule of banking which says that it depends on earning small margins on thousands of operations. Let me quote two instances from every day experience.

Going over the letters received from a foreign correspondent, we note that during one month 102 debit entries have been made for expenses under various headings, all for amounts of less than 2 dollars each. The 102 entries could be reduced to a single entry for the month, if the expenses were noted on the relevant forms on a detachable counterfoil with the indication that the expense in question will be in-

cluded in the total amount debited at the end of the month.

Banks receive every day innumerable telegrams containing orders for payment, notification of the opening of credits, etc., which have to be marked with ciphers for checking purposes. Each order of this kind bears a signature which could be omitted, thus saving expense. The method to be adopted for this purpose might be as follows: an agreement could be reached by all the banks in a given locality that each of them will adopt a code mark consisting of two letters: the telegraphic code should be devised in such a way that the total sum of the code numbers does not exceed 999 (which would not be difficult to do), and it should then be converted into three letters which should always be preceded by the two letters representing the regular code signature referred to above. This would do away with the need for signing the telegram.

I could give many more such examples, which, however, would be superfluous for the purposes of these simple remarks. The general aim, I may emphasize once again, should be to encourage the banks of the various countries to study seriously the possibility of unifying and simplifying their methods of operation and instruments of work. With this end in view it might be desirable to:

- (a) Call an international meeting of banking experts to make a preliminary study of the question, and lay the foundations for effective action leading to coordination. Meetings of this kind devoted to the study of problems of «productivity» in our branch of work should be held with the participation of representatives of the insurance companies and shipping companies, and of the leading manufacturers of office machines.
- (b) Set up a permanent International Centre for the study of problems relating to the improvement of our working methods. Yours faithfully.

FEDERICO POLLAK

Table D

ITALIAN BUDGET SUMMARY

(milliards of lire)

STATISTICAL APPENDIX

Table A

	R	evenu	е	Ехр	endit	urc		Def	icit	
Piscal year	Assc	Assessed			gated	Paid out	O b	bligat	e d	
beginning 1st July	Current	Movement of capital	Collected (a)	Current	Movement of capital	(a)	Current	Movem en t of capital	Total	Cash
1938-39 1946-47 1947-48 1948-49 1949-50 1950-51 1951-52 1952-53 (b) 1953-54(c)	28 352 828 1,015 1,449 1,676 1,720 1,362 1,787	3 335 200 45 344 247 337 264 26	668 822 1,020 1,603 1,617 1,943 1,592	40 932 1,547 1,519 1,771 1,853 2,206 1,695 2,153	2.8 303 262 98 213 341 274 100 78	874 1,327 1,440 1,687 1,776 2,276 1,525	- 12 - 580 - 719 - 504 - 322 - 177 - 486 - 333 - 366	+ 0.2 + 31 - 66 - 53 + 131 - 94 - 63 - 164 - 52	- 11.8 - 549 - 785 - 557 - 191 - 271 - 423 - 497 - 418	- 206 - 205 - 402 - 84 - 159 - 333 + 67

(a) Current revenue and movement of capital; on year account and arrears.
(b) Period 1st july - 31 March.

(c) Estimates.

Source: Conto riassuntivo del Tesoro.

CURRENT REVENUE BY MAIN CATEGORIES (a)

Table B

And the state of t	1952-53	:	19	5 3 -	5 4
Sources	Millions of lire	%	Millions of lire	%	Increase (in millions of lire)
1 Revenue from Taxation;			•		
— Direct Taxes	337,300.0	19.79	340,290.0	19.09	^ -
— Indirect taxes on transactions (b)	518,594.0	30.43	599,035.0	33.50	
— Custom duties and consumption taxes	334,321.0	19.63	D	21.50	
- Consumption taxes on State monopolised products	254,740.0	14.96		15.70	
— Lotteries	25,700.0	1.51	30,260.0	1.69	
- Other Taxes	94,955.5	5.57	83,060.2	4.65	<u> — 11,895.</u>
	1,565,610.5	91.89	1,718,003.7	96.13	+ 152,393.
2 Other Revenue (c)	18,220.6	1.07	19,102.0	1.07	+ 881.
	1,583,831.1	92.96	1,737,105.7	97.20	+ 153,274.
3 Revenue from M.S.A. Funds	120,000.0	7.04	50,000.0	2.80	<u> </u>
Total	1,703,831.1	100.00	1,787,105.7	100.00	+ 83,274.

(a) Estimates at the beginning of the financial year.(b) Turnover tax (which accounts for about 60% of the group), taxation of succession, stamp duty, etc.(c) Net income from the national estate and from autonomous public corporations (railways, postal service, etc.).

ITALIAN DOMESTIC PUBLIC DEBT (milliards of lire - Index Numbers, 1938=100)

Table C

	Consolidated		ble			g debt			Total of domestic	
End	and others	debt	Trea-	Interest bearing	Ad- vances	То	tal	Trea-	public	clebt
of period	A- mount I. N.	A- mount I.	.N. sury	current ac- counts	by the Bank of Italy	Amount	I. N.	notes	Amount	I.N.
1938 - June	53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100 53 100	392 8 586 1,1 691 1,6 829 1,6 829 1,6 824 1,6 824 1,6	100 9 800 744 196 719 410 817 926 681 926 681 936 681 938 681 938 681 938 681 909 091 896	20 479 628 770 792 822 830 886 919 917 922	470 490 471 471 471 471 456 455 454 453	30 1,693 1,837 2,058 2,189 2,213 2,237 2,282 2,296 2,271	7,606 7,653 7,606 7,606 7,606 7,653 7,600 7,570	1.5 8.4 9.0 9.0 10.6 15.0 21.0 29.7 31.4 32.9 34.4	133.5 2.146.4 2.486.0 2.811.0 3.081.6 3.110.0 3.140.0 3.188.7 3.204.4 3.189.9 3.383.4	100 1,608 1,862 2,106 2,224 2,329 2,352 2,388 2,400 2,389 2,534

Source: Conto riassuntivo del Tesoro.

DEPOSITS AND CURRENT ACCOUNTS IN ITALIAN BANKING SYSTEM AND POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS (index numbers, 1938=1)

	Bank	ing Sys	t e m (a)	Post	al Savin	gs Bank	5
End of period	Deposits	Current Accounts (b)	Total	Deposit s	Current Accounts	Total	Percent ratio to deposits
Lint of period	Mil- Index liards num- of lire bers		Mil- Index liards num- of lire bers			l l l	and c/a of bank- ing system
1948	805 21 1,016 27 1,172 31 1,180 31 1,188 31 1,257 33	715 41 933 55 1,063 62 1,091 64 1,090 64 1,179 69	1,520 27 1,949 35 2,235 41 2,271 41 2,278 41 2,436 44	342 12 522 18 689 24 715 25 731 25 755 26	51 46 135 122 128 116 137 124 152 138 143 130	393 13 657 22 816 27 852 28 883 29 898 30	25.8 33.7 36.5 37.5 38.8 36.9
December	1,364 36 1,420 37 1,455 38 1,567 41 1,688 44 1,703 45 1,714 45 1,730 45	1,324 78 1,355 80 1,435 84 1,510 88 1,647 96 1,626 95 1,613 94 1,657 97	2,688 49 2,775 50 2,890 52 3,077 56 3,335 60 3,329 60 3,327 60 3,388 61	796 27 834 29 855 29 890 31 963 33 990 34 1,003 34 1,008 35	160 145 149 135 172 156 190 173 197 179 193 175 192 174 189 171	956 32 983 33 1,027 34 1,080 36 1,160 38 1,183 39 1,195 39 1,197 39	35.5 35.4 35.5 35.1 34.7 35.5 35.9 35.3

(a) The data refer to 365 banks (commercial and saving banks) which hold about 99% of the total deposits collected by all Italian banks.

(b) Inter-bank current accounts are excluded.

Source: Bollettino of the Bank of Italy.

DEPOSITS, CURRENT ACCOUNTS AND ASSETS OF ITALIAN BANKS (a)

(millions of lire)												
I tems	31.12.48	31.12.50	31.12.51	31.3.52	30,6.52	30.9.52	31.12.52					
	A	mount outst	anding				-					
Deposits and current accounts	1.520.278	2,234,906	2,686,037	2,776,883	2,893,738	3,077,309	3,335,350					
Cash and sums available at sight Fixed deposits with the Treasury and	169,048				219,283	234,793	345,027					
other Institutions	177,748	280,417	342,529	392,791		475,774	423,403					
Government Securities (b)	397,479	516,469				701,212	674,720					
Credits to clients (c)	1,145,931	1,801,656	2,135,381	2,165,849	2,230,372	2,370,410	2,649,294					
	Index 1	Numbers: 31	(-12-1948== I	P o								
Deposits and current accounts	100	147.0	176.8	182.6	191.6	202.4	219.3					
Cash and sums available at sight	100	131.0	174.5	133.0	129.7	138.8	204.1					
Fixed deposits with the Treasury and		-										
other Institutions	100	157.7	192.7	221.0	224.6	267.6	238.2					
Government Securities (b)	100	129.9	153.6	171.7	174.6	176.4 206.8	169.7					
Credits to clients (c)	[100	157.2	186.3	189.0	194.6	200.8	231.1					
•	% of	deposits and	l current a	cs								
Cash and sums available at sight	11.1	9.9	10.9	8.0	7.6	7.6	10.3					
Fixed deposits with the Treasury and							12.6					
other Institutions	11.7	12.5	12.7	14.1	13.8	15.4	20.2					
Government Securities (b)	26.1	23.1	22.7	24.5	23.9 77.0	22.7 77.0	79.4					
Credits to clients (c)	75.3	80.6	79.4	77.9	/7.0	//.	79.4					

(a) The data refer to 365 banks (commercial and savings banks) which hold about 99% of the total deposits collected by all

(b) Treasury bills and other Government securities. Nominal value.

(c) Includes: bills on hand, rediscount at the Bank of Italy, contangoes, advances, current accounts, credits abroad, loans recoverable on salaries, credits on note of hand, mortgage loans, current accounts with sections for special credits, non-Government securities, participations.

Source: Bollettino of the Bank of Italy.

Table I

NOTE CIRCULATION, PRICES, WAGES AND SHARE QUOTATIONS IN ITALY (Index Numbers, 1938=100)

Table F

	Note Circula	ition (a)	Wholesale	e prices (c)	Cost of	Wage rates	Share	Fine	gold
Year or month	Amount (b) (milliards of lire)	Index	All com- modities	Foodstuffs	Living (c)	in industry		Fine Price of one gram (lire) (d) 957 919 885 859 795 794 782 775 770 789 778 765	Index
1949 December	1,058.2 1,176.1 1,304.2 1,216.3 1,224.5 1,307.3 1,302.7 1,298.0	4,7°3 5,228 5,796 5,4°8 5,4°2 5,8°19 5,789 5,768	4,747 5,406 5,454 5,323 5,133 5,265 5,272 5,292	4,954 5,567 5,355 5,149 5,491 5,511 5,579 5,581	4,753 5,009 5,416 5,475 5,559 5,615 5,626 5,631	5,791 5,962 6,685 6,732 7,055 7,380 7,426	1,511.3 1,589.1 1,714.9 1,930.4 1,872.3 2,036.9 2,152.9 2,278.0 2,316.6	919 885 859 795 794 782 775	3,680 3,535 3,403 3,304 3,058 3,054 3,007 2,980 2,961
December	1,411.1 1,329.4 1,307.1 1,313.5	6,271 5,909 5,809 5,838	5,288 5,264 5,243 5,260	5,624 5,614 5,579 5,648	5,612 5,603 5,614 5,613	7,426 7,426 7,525 7,525	2,492.1 2,452.5 2,344,8	789 778	3,035 2,992 2,942

(a) End of year or month. Includes: Bank of Italy notes and Treasury notes; (b) Bollettino of the Bank of Italy; (c) Bollettino Mensile di Statistica issued by the Central Institute of Statistics; (d) Business Statistics Centre of Florence.

PRICES AND YIELDS OF ITALIAN SECURITIES BY MAIN CATEGORIES (annual or monthly averages)

Table G

			(an	nual or m	onthly avera	iges)					
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	***************************************	(Governmen	t Securities						
		Box	nds		Treas	ury	Aver	9.00	Share Securities		
Nr .1	Consol	idated	Redeen	nable	Bot	ds					
Year or month	Price (index number '38=100)	Yield (per cent per an- num)	Price (index number '38=100)	Yield (per cent per an- num)	number '38 = 100)	Yield (per cent per an- num)	Price (index number '38=100)	Yield (per cent per an- num)	Price (index number '38=100)	Yield (per cen per an- num)	
1949 - a. av.	105.9	5.10	96.1	5.89	94.6	5.59	96.0	5.68	1,567.7 1,528.2	3.97	
1950 - »	105.4	5.13	93.4	6.06	93.6	5.68	93.6	5.83		5.44 6.56	
1951 - » »	101.9	5.30	88.2	6.42	97.3	6.06	89.1	6.12	1,676.2		
1952 - » »	101.5	5.32	87.3	6.48	87.1	6.07	88.6	6.15	1,618.3	7.12	
1951 - June	100.9	5.35	87.3	6.48	85.2	6.21	87.5	6.23	1,714.9	6.59	
December	1.00.1	5.34	90.6	6.25	89.2	5.93	91.3	5.97	1,988.5	6.19	
1952 - March	99.6	5.42	87.3	6.48	86.4	6.12	88.2	6.18	1,930.4	6.13	
June	100.9	5.35	90.6	6.25	92.0	5.75	93.3	5.84	1,872.3	6.57	
September	102.3	5.28	94.5	5-99	93.1	5.68	95.1	5.73	2,036.9	6.18	
December	102.5	5.27	91.0	6.22	87.9	6.02	90.4	6.03	2,316.6	5.54	
1953 - January	101.5	5.32	90.6	6.25	86.4	6.12	89.3	6.10	2,492.1	5.25	
February	100.7	5.36	90.1	6.28	85.7	6.17	88.6	6.15	2,452.5	5.46	
March	100.4	5.38	88.9	6.37	86.3	6.13 <u> </u>	88.8	6.14	2,344.8	5.3×	

Source: Bollettino of the Bank of Italy.

WHOLESALE PRICES BY GROUPS OF COMMODITIES (Index Numbers, 1938=100)

Table H

	All	Food	lstuffs		Hides, Skins	Raw mate- rials, metal	Fuels	Chemical raw	Lum-	Paper	Bricks, Lime	
Year or month	Com- mo- dities	Vege- table	Animal	Textiles	and Foot- wear	and engi- neering products	and lubri- ficants	materials and products	ber	goods	and Cement	Glass
1949 - a. av. 1950 - » » 1951 - » » 1952 - » » 1951 - June Dec. 1952 - March June Sept. Dec.	5,169 4,905 5,581 5,270 5,595 5,454 5,323 5,133 5,265 5,288	4,830 4,746 4,821 4,869 4,842 4,634 4,709 4,668 4,987 5,141	6,481 6,401 7,289 6,696 6,970 7,724 6,969 6,295 6,675	5,939 6,015 7,621 6,343 7,830 7,053 6,604 6,241 6,194 6,014	4,609 4,191 5,213 4,245 4,619 4,669 4,406 3,945 4,292 4,230	5,402 5,228 6,689 6,767 6,708 6,804 7,060 6,777 6,686 6,396	3,945 3,784 4,666 4,440 4,745 4,645 4,597 4,386 4,343	5,603 5,302 6,008 5,717 6,132 5,875 5,866 5,718 5,588 5,530	5,663 5,677 7,250 8,344 7,272 8,311 8,599 8,419 8,133 8,372	4,726 4,778 8,318 6,246 8,610 7,843 7,340 6,168 5,362 5,362	6,108 6,106 6,603 7,216 6,680 6,993 7,150 7,220 7,357 7,240	4,903 4,928 4,878 4,707 4,886 4,707 4,707 4,707 4,707 4,707
1953 - Jan. Febr. March	5,264 5,243 5,260	5,180 5,212 5,272	6,620 6,415 6,503	6,009 6,016 6,024	4,311 4,270 4,255	6,200 6,079 5,959	4,277 4,218 4,155	5,491 5,425 5,412	8,404 8,404 8,404	5,281 5,286 5,302	7,238 7,246 7,233	4,707 4,644 4,644

Source: Bollettino Mensile di Statistica.

NATIONAL INDEX OF LIVING COST

(1938=100)

Year or month	All Items	Foodstuffs	Clothing	Heating and lighting	Housing	Miscellaneous
1949 - a. av	4,915	6,069	5,956	3,255	543	4,469
1950 - » »	4,849	5,877	5,742	3,480	730	4,610
1951 - » »	5,320	6,279	6,975	3,746	1,232	5,248
1952 - » »	5,546	6,541	6,415	4,031	1,565	5,501
1951 - June	5,394	6,412	7,108	3,687	1,260	5,108
December	5,416	6,353	6,854	3,956	1,279	5,522
1952 - March	5,475	6,419	6,596	3,997	1,539	5,532
June	5,559	6,566	6,410	3,991	1,576	5,436
September	5,615	6,651	6,261	4,077	1,618	5,491
December	5,612	6,633	5,218	4,100	1,656	5,516
1953 - January	5,603	6,617	6,212	4,118	1,656	5,523
February	5,614	6,621	6,621	4,122	1,705	5,540
March	5,613	6,619	6,619	4,105	1,705	5,546

Source: Bollettino Mensile di Statistica.

WAGES AND SALARIES IN ITALY (gross retributions - inclusive of family allowances) (Index Numbers, 1938=100)

Table L

Cataloguian	1951	1952	19	5 2	r 9 5 3		
Categories	a. av.	a. av.	September	December	January	February	March
Industry:	<u> </u>	Ì					_
Specialized workers	5,616	6,199	6,428	6,469	6,469	6,542	6,542
Skilled workers	6,182	6,846	7,119	7,165	7,165	7,237	7,237
Ordinary workers and semi-skilled labourers	6,544	7,268	7,570	7,617	7,617	7,718	7,718
Labourers	7,013	7,836	8,179	8,224	8,224	8,371	8,371
General index of Industry	6,386	7,090	7,380	7,426	7,426	7,525	7,525
Agriculture	7,101	7,464	7,439	7,999	7,999	7,999	7,999
Government Civil Employees:	-			ŀ			
Group A (a)	3,373	3,766	3,962	3,962	3,962	3,962	3,962
Group B (b)	3,424	3,759	3,927	3,927	3,927	3,927	3,927
Group C (c)	4,223	4,536	4,693	4,693	4,693	4,693	4,693
Subordinate staff	4,928	5,174	5,297	5,297	5,297	5,297	5,297
General Index of Government Civil Employees	3,936	4,262	4,425	4,425	4,425	4,425	4,425

(a) Administrative grade; (b) Executive grade; (c) Clerical grade. Source: Bollettino Mensile di Statistica.

ITALIAN INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES (a)

(unadjusted, 1938=100)

Table M

· · ·	Gene-			Manufactures									
Year or month	ral Index	Mi- ning	Total	Food	Tex- tiles	Lum- ber	Paper	Metal- lurgy	Engi- neer- ing	Non metallic ores	Che- micals	Rubber	tric Power
1949 - a. av	105 121 137 143 138 139 150 149 149	90 101 119 145 132 155 157 180 166 181	101 116 131 136 132 131 144 142 141 133 148	111 134 139 146 144 139 147 169 151	99 104 109 105 104 96 117 112 110 109 117	58 59 62 62 68 62 61 55 53 56	91 106 114 113 111 106 115 120 126 121	85 105 135 150 143 149 162 141 138 125 136	115 122 130 142 134 142 160 143 151 147	96 119 128 136 133 136 139 141 137	105 127 171 172 169 166 173 183 184 167	115 132 152 142 134 131 155 150 146 161	136 160 186 183 200 195 200 205 185

⁽a) On the problem of index numbers on Italian industrial production, see this Review, No. 16, January-March 1951:

A Note on the Index Numbers of Italian Industrial Production, by E. D'ELIA, pag. 34.

Source: Bollettino Mensile di Statistica.

SOME BUSINESS INDICATORS

Index Numbers, 1948 (annual average)=100

Table N

	Number	Goods loaded and	Number of tele-	Sales in-	Iron an Indi		Tourist	Railways
Months	of rooms planned	unloaded in Italian Ports	grams di- spatched	department Stores	Orders	Stoks.	Movement	traffic
1952 - January	384.6	160.6	135.8	199.0	156.5	122.2	145.7	123.5
February	317.7	167.3	136.1	170.0	253.7	119.8	140.0	119.0
March	356.8	181.6	129.3	186.5	194.3	126.3	182.7	120.1
April	330.1	168.1	145.0	260.8	153.9	128.9	356.0	115.9
May	375.6	167.1	147.2	243.2	219.7	127.3	330.2	117.3
June	483.4	171.0	145.4	278.5	191.1	135.8	443.9	115.3
July	468.0	169.9	149.9	245.0	209.0	134.9	640.2	119.9
August	282.1	169.1	136.6	195.7	187.3	155.6	931.2	112.6
September	288.0	175.6	156.0	271.5	224.0	158.3	боз.8	130.2
October	422.4	168.5	157.6	351.3	210.2	¥ 55·5	366.5	130.2
November	385.9	168.0	144.7	324.8	266.8	154.4	212.5	119.7
December	322.3	164.7	155.2	583.8	124.6	156.3	209.0	118.0
1953 - January	331.6	181.1	141.4	293.9	137.2	159.3	158.9	115.4
February	423.5	194.3	146.5	227.0	135.7	156.9	161.1	120.8
March	372.8	177.3	151.2	280.7	202.7	153.6	239.9	112.3

Source: Previsioni a breve termine, by prof. L. Livi.

AUTOVEHICLES, TELEPHONES AND WIRELESS SETS IN ITALY

Table 0

Y ears		Autoveh	icles		Teleph	ones	Wireless sets		
	Cars	Lorries	Total	Ratio population autòvehi- cles	Numbers	Ratio population telephones	Numbers	Ratio population wireless sets	
1938	289,174	80,589	369,763	118			978,392	44	
1939	290,225	96,231	386,456	114			1,149,026	38	
1940	270,356	82,958	353,314	126			1,352,566	33	
1941	97,616	83,358	180,974	248			1,613,126	27	
1942	73,790	72,068	145,858	309		1	1,801,151	25	
1943							1,756,763	25	
1944							1,581,982	28	
1945					734,957	62	1,638,435	27	
1946	149,649	135,933	285,582	161	834,854	55	1,819,717	25	
1947	184,060	184,922	368,982	123	932,177	48	1,976,118	23	
1948	218,539	191,680	410,219	III	1,014,321	45	2,204,580	20	
1949	266,928	208,821	475,749	96	1,118,685	41	2,566,258	17	
1950	342,021	222,766	564,787	82	1,219,913	38	3,135,195	15	
1951	425,572	242,953	668,525	69	1,382,438	33	3,682,588	12	
1952		'					4,227,609	II	

PERSONAL EXPENDITURE ON ENTERTAINMENTS AND GAMBLING (a)

Table P

	Gross National	Personal Expanditure on Entertainments and Gambling (a)							
Years	Product	т о	t a l	Movie Pictures					
	Milliards of lire	Millions of lire	% of National Product	Millions of lire	% of National Produc				
193 8 1947	149 6,195	58,224	0.94	0,567 28,472	0.38				
1948 1949 1950	7,243 7,503 8,028	82,057 102,760 122,800	1.13	41,977 53,393 62,452	0.57 0.71 0.77				
1951 1952	9,613	138,900	1.44	72,040	o.74 · ·				

(a) Mainly sport gambling (foot-ball games).

Source: Società Italiana Autodi Editori - S.I.A.E. (Italian Authors and Publishers Association).

Table Q MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM QUOTATIONS OF SOME ITALIAN COMPANIES QUOTED ON STOCK EXCHANGE (Lire)

	I 9 5 2								195	3
Companies	I Qua	rter	II Qu	arter	III Qu	arter	IV Quarter		I Qua	rter
	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum	Maxi- mum	Mini- mum
Financial ad Insurance						Ì	İ			
Strade Ferrate Meridionali (Bastogi) . S.T.E.T Soc. Torinese Eserc. Telefonici . La Centrale	1,610 2,935	1,425 2,415	1,489 2,950	1,344 2,563	1,572 3,050	1,359 2,850	1,920 3,760	1,578 2,940	3,270	1,785 2,710 9,850
Pirelli & C	6,745 8,960 3,720	6,195 6,850 1,950	7,010 8,300 4,000	6,180 7,450 2,540	8,230 9,525 5,600	6,990 8,2 <u>9</u> 5 4,000	13,020	9,080	11,910 14,950 6,950	9,850 12,000 5,250
Textiles										
Snia Viscosa Chatillon - Soc. Ital. Fibre Tessili Art. Linificio e Canapificio Nazionale Cotonificio Vittorio Olcese Cucirini Cantoni Coats Cotonificio Cantoni Lanificio Rossi	2,640 3,088 1,115 3,680 8,640 18,525 12,650	2,465 2,710 1,277 3,930 7,250 16,000 10,650	2,492 2,890 976 2,650 8,460 19,500 13,850		1,035 2,750 7,350 25,800	1,169 3,080		3,670 7,000 11,600	2,620 1,244	1,400 2,250 925 2,405 8,125 11,500 14,250
Minerals, Metals and Engineering							_			_
Monte Amiata Finsider A e B	2,638 862 385 3,760 350 521	577 242	2,620 743 314 3,564 265 510	639 265 3,080 234	770 364 2,845 264 529	583 287 2,225 230 461	286 618	259 522	290	3,60 51 28 2,15 24 60 14
Public Utilities										
Società Edison	2,136 1,920 1,044 1,242 1.023 3,574 2,780	2,380 913 1,150 916 3,020	1,075 1,223 1,039 3,538	2,340 990 1,120 957 3,345	2,280 1,084 1,273 1,090 3,950	2,565 1,017 1,159 1,027 3,485	2,465 1,191 1,445 1,258 4,425 	2,970 1,040 1,272 1,057 3,815	3,040 1,385 1,623 1,408 4,775 4,710 4,710 4,255	3,98
Foodstuffs						i				
Eridania - Zuccherifici Nazionali Soc. Italiana Industria Zuccheri	3,300		16,900 6,490	13,940 8,200	20,025 8,500	9,525	22,870 9,400	19,450	25,700	21,45
Chemicals										
Montecatini	997 202 26	181	182	15	3 170	157	7 180	155	166	
Sundry Soc. Gen. Immobiliare	376 5,300 1,068 7,289 6,850	4,435 8 982 5 6,470	5,57° 98' 7,54'	4,60 7 91 5 6,72	7,45 0 1,22 0 9,77	5,439 5 929 6 7,46	8,800 5 1,395 0 10,900	6,986 5 1,209 6 8,970	10,030	7,8 1,3

Source: Bollettino Mensile di Statistica.

ITALY'S NATIONAL PRODUCT AND WHOLESALE PRICES: 1901-1951

CAPITALISATION	INDEXES		COMPANIES	ON	STOCK	EXCHANGE (*)	Table	R
···		 		 	h			

		Lire								
Companies	De- cember 1951	March 1952	June 1952	August- Septem. 1952	October 1952	No- vember 1952	De- cember 1952	Jan- uary 1953	Fe- bruary 1953	March 1953
Financial and Insurance										
Strade Ferrate Meridionali (Bastogi) S.T.E.T. Soc. Torinese Escreizi Telefonici . La Centrale	21.49 13.07 18.85 22.73 21.78 12.78	23.44 15.55 20.63 23.95 28.43 25.15	20.59 15.94 21.06 26.40 27.00 25.83	16.44 24.47 31.77	16.44 27.88 33.49	27.50 19.55 31.44 37.88 43.22 42.76	27.05 19.44 33.45 38.37 39.90 36.03	29.00 31.40 36.60 46.44 47.78 40.65	30.66 20.16 39.89 43.02 46.55 41.46	27.65 19.33 36.08 35.68 42.56 38.07
Textiles										
Snia Viscosa Chatillon Soc. It, Fibre Tessili Art. Linificio e Canapificio Nazionale Cotonificio Vittorio Olcese Cucirini Cantoni Coats Cotonificio Cantoni Lanificio Rossi Manifattura Lane di Borgosesia	31.38 46.21 31.40 54.24 40.26 79.78 38.72 46.52	32.01 44.13 28.89 52.83 46.46 89.68 38.72 45.62	24.07 43.98 26.27 41.53 53.09 93.40 44.37 41.47	33.91 27.63 39.55 68.69 108.02 42.60	43.24	49.44 79.44 128.33 50.98	18.90 38.25 28.99 42.38 84.62 119.91 46.14 53.53	19.91 37.94 26.37 46.76 92.58 127.84 48.40 59.94	43.22 99.55 127.84 48.40	18.02 35.61 23.51 35.31 96.40 115.95 49.05
Minerals, Metals and Engineering										
Monte Amiata Stabilimento Minerario del Siele Ilva Alti Forni e Acciaierie d'Italia Dalmine Terni F.I.A.T. Ausaldo Bianchi Edoardo	17.66 21.94 3.59 109.07 5.46 17.74 0.08	24.92 28.49 5.95 150.59 8.17 18.77 0.14	23.35 26.64 4.77 144.07 5.95 16.71 0.11	34.19 5.68 172.84 6.10 18.11 0.10	34.90 6.18 182.40 6.84 20.98	177.62 6.94 21.71 0.11	167.37		45.58 5.41 168.06 6.35 22.82 0.10	42.73 4.81
Public Utilities										
Soc. Edison	22.44 15.43 10.43 12.02 10.08 12.35 18.28 15.31 45.61	24.05 17.70 12.24 13.18 11.57 14.53 21.54 17.09 51.01	24.13 18.60 12.36 12.63 11.37 14.44 21.54 16.52 45.61	20.54 12.24 13.36 12.09 15.77 23.14 18.18	19.98 12.36 14.05 12.14 15.77 53,26 18,11	21.52 13.18 14.87 12.98 16.68 24.67 20.41	15.02 13.75 17.18 25.23 21.43	32.47 23.96 14.69 17.29 14.18 18.68 27.38 25.26	22.49 14.47 16.32 14.75 18.26 27.07	30.07 21.24 14.71 14.91 13.90 15.98 24.61 23.22
Foodstuffs										
Eridania - Zuccherifici Naz Soc. Italiana Industria Zuccheri	37.65 37.22		47.86 53.46		7 71			72.37 75.77	1 0	
Chemicals								ļ		
Montecatini	13.44 5.77 10.11	5.77	13.99 4.95 10.55	5.27	5.39	5.58	5.14	5.01	4.44	4.7
Sundry										
Soc. Gen. Immobiliare	16.72 20.57 22.51 58.64 60.98	23.56 23.95 64.46	22.51 66.95	33.65 27.50 85.64	33 37 29 12 84 72	37.45 30.74 96.69	37.68 30.27 92.64	42.42 33.42 110.51	42.42 33.51 110.51	40.76 31.86 102.46

^(*) The index of capitalisation represents the capital value, at the end of a given period, of one lira invested in January, 1938, and it is obtained by the following formula: It=Pt Nt/Po No, in which Pt=the price, at the time t, of the security in question; Nt=the number of shares held at the time t by a shareholder owning No shares at « O» time, purchased at the price Po, who has on each occasion reinvested the value (at the price on the first day of option) of his bonus or cash shares in the same security, as well as any repayments of capital and other proceeds accrueing to him from the ownership of the said shares, dividends excluded.

Source: Bollettino of the Central Institute of Statistics,

		Net nation	al product]				
	То	tal	Pro-c	apite	Net nation	al product	7771		
Y c ar		of lire)		ire)	at fact	•	at mark	•	Wholesale prices
1 car				1					1913=1
	At factor cost	At market prices	At factor cost	At market prices	Total	Pro-capite	Total	Pro-capite	
	'		0	.6-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				. 0.
1901 02	13,913 12,155	15,011 13,278	428 372	461 406	67 58	72 63	66 59	72 63	0.84 0.81
03	14,111	15,243	430	464	68	72	67	72	0.81
04	13,307	14,451	403	438	64	68	64	68	0.77
05	13,611	14,831	410	447	65	69	66	70	0.80
1906	13,553	14,855	407	446	65	69	66	69 88	0.83
07 08	17,719 15,642	19,010 16,971	529 463	567 502	8 ₅ 75	89 78	8 ₄ 75	78	0.90
09	18,096	19,533	5 31	573	87	89	86	89	0.88
10	16,943	18,474	493	537	81	83	82	84	0.88
1911	19,259	20,865	555	6or	92	93	92	94	0.95
12	19,601	21,279	560	608	94	94	94	95	1.03
13	20,896	22,614	594	643 603	100	100	100	100	0.96
14 15	19,934 20,198	21,549 21,962	558 555	603	95 97	94 93	95 97	94 94	1.27
_	28,307	30,624	772	836	136	130	135	130	1.85
1916	39,423	30,024 42,42I	1,080	1,162	189	182	188	181	2.74
18	54,717	58,489	1,516	1,620	262	255	259	252	4-13
19	57,514	62,342	1,605	1,740	275	270	276	271	4-50
20	82,148	88,845	2,284	2,470	393	385	39 3	384	5.91
1921	83,024	91,945	2,241	2,482	397	377	407	386	5.41
22	90,443	100,935	2,368	2,642	433	399	446	411	5.45
23	104,895	116,329	2,724 2,886	3,021 3,206	502 536	459 486	514 550	47º 499	5.50 5.47
24 25	132,869	146,787	3,397	3,753	636	57 2	649	584	6.13
1926	144,451	159,403	3,661	4,039	691	616	705	628	6.25
27	120,328	134,931	3,022	3,389	576	509	597	527	5.26
28	119,678	133,833	2,977	3,329	573	50 1	592	518	5.08
29	122,866	136,756	3,030	3,373	588 501	510	605 52 6	525 453	4.85 4.34
30	104,704	118,873	2,561	2,907	201	43 T)20	452	7.24
1931	88,357	102,778	2,142	2,492	423	361	455	388	3.79
32	90,193	103,934	2,169	2,499 2,278	432	365 3 2 8	460 422	389	3.54 3.22
33 34	81,714	95,526 94,303	1,949	2,231	391 385	320	417	354 347	3.15
35	90,148	104,248	2,115	2,445	431	356	46î	380	3.46
1936	91,890	106,896	2,139	2,488	440	360	473	387	3.88
37	111,204	127,740	2,570	2,952	532	43 3	565	459	4.53
38	117,230	135,630	2,689	3,111	561	453	600	484	4.84
39 40	128,150 145,8 6 0	149,348 169,326	2,911 3,280	3,393 3,808	613 698	490 552	660 749	52 8 592	5.05 5.89
		_			_		_		
1941	159,150	185,159	3,550 3,879	4,130 4,547	762 837	59 8 6 5 3	819 907	642 70 7	6.57 7.39
43	1 7 4,957 245,770	276,144	5,425	6,096	1,176	913	1,221	948	11.08
44	858,413	892,286	18,885	19,631	4,108	3,179	3,946	3,053	41.54
45	1,553,666	1,633,439	34,064	35,813	7,435	5,735	7,223	5,570	99.71
1946	2,502,000	2,719,000	54,493	59,219	11,974	9,174	12,024	9,210	139.61
47	4,954,000	5,420,000	108,088	118,255	23,708	18,197	23,968	18,391	249.75
49	5,645,000	6,387,000	123,507	139,741	27,015 28,403	20,792 21,723	28,244 30,304	21,733 23,171	263.50 250.23
50	6,370,000	7,427,000	137,640	160,480	30,484	23,172	32,843	24,958	237.06
1951	7,423,000	8,646,000	157,474	183,419	3 5 ,524	26,51 1	38,233	28,525	270.18
I	17,1-3,000	0,540,000	-5/,4/4	**3!4*3	דייניננ		3-7-33	==-/,=-)	'

Source: Annuario statistico italiano, 1952.