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## Editorial

New Editors: Fabio Presaghi<sup>a</sup>, Carlo Lai<sup>b</sup>

Past-Editors: Francesco Gazzillo<sup>b</sup>, Stefano Livi<sup>a</sup>

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Scientific Editors of Psychology Hub have changed. New Editors are Fabio Presaghi and Carlo Lai, that greet past Editors Francesco Gazzillo and Stefano Livi, for their work and for having migrated the Psychology Hub into the international rankings of Psychology Journals with H-index and Impact Factors.

The first four contributions of the present issue of Psychology Hub were Edited by the past Editors, while the new Editors edited the last contribution.

In the first contribution, titled “Do text messages impact adolescents’ sleep? A Narrative Review”, Mesce, Cerniglia, and Cimino review the literature on the impact of adolescents’ text messaging habits and their sleep health. Based on their narrative review, the Authors confirmed the positive association of the role of texting habits during bedtime with several sleep disturbances.

The second contribution by Baldner, Viola, and Pierro, titled “The indirect Need for Cognitive Closure effect on preference for men in authority”, investigates and replicates the hypothesis that individuals with a chronic or acute NCC can seize and freeze upon stereotypes, as they represent stable and indisputable knowledge. Results confirmed that individuals (independently of gender) who endorse these stereotypes into their belief systems are going to prefer men over women in authority.

Loscalzo and Giannini, the third contribution, titled “Covid-19 Outbreak and Italian College Students’ Well-being: Evidence for both Negative and Positive Consequences”, gives us a glimpse into the College student’s psychological and physical impairment due to Covid-19 restrictions. Based on an ample sample of 6075 Italian college students, results showed that many Italian college students experienced high levels of sleep quality impairment and had high stress, depression, and anxiety symptoms during the lockdown.

The fourth contribution is a critical review, titled “The Definition and Similar Constructs of Gratitude: A Critical Review”, by Subramanian, Thakur, and Chalil, on similarities and differences between the 22 definitions of gratitude and other similar constructs to find a single definition. The authors conclude their contribution with a proposal that gratitude should be defined by just three aspects: the emotional aspect, the unexpected benefit, and the situational aspect.

Finally, a research note from Prislei, Di Cicco, d’Urso, and Sensales, titled “Representations of immigration on Facebook: A lexicographic analysis of the communication of Italian populist and non-populist leaders (2019-2021)”, based on social representation theoretical framework, proposes a psycho-social reading of Facebook posts by five Italian political leaders (Giorgia Meloni and Matteo Salvini, two leaders of the right and center-right populist parties; Luigi Di Maio the leader of the populist catch-all party 5-Star Movement;

and Nicola Zingaretti and Laura Boldrini, two left-wing non-populist leaders) during the Conte II government (5 September 2019 to 13 February 2021) and concerning communication on immigration. Results showed that populist leaders from the right parties produced far more populist posts on immigration than left-center leaders, confirming a solid interrelation between social media communication and populism.